H. 3066 SIDE-BY-SIDE

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
Part I	NO CHANGE	
Citation		
SECTION 1. This act may be cited as the "South Carolina		
Restructuring Act of 2011".		
Part II		
Budget and Control Board		
SECTION 2. Section 1-11-20 of the 1976 Code is amended to	B. Section 1-11-20 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:	
read:		
"Section 1-11-20. (A) The functions of the State Budget and	"Section 1-11-20. The functions of the State Budget and	
Control Board must be performed, exercised, and discharged	Control Board must be performed, exercised, and discharged	
under the supervision and direction of the board through three its	under the supervision and direction of the board through three	
divisions., the Finance Division (embracing the work of the	divisions, the Finance Division (embracing the work of the State	
State Auditor, the former State Budget Commission, the former	Auditor, the former State Budget Commission, the former State	
State Finance Committee and the former Board of Claims for the	Finance Committee and the former Board of Claims for the State	
State of South Carolina), the Purchasing and Property Division	of South Carolina), the Purchasing and Property Division	
(embracing the work of the former Commissioners of the	(embracing the work of the former Commissioners of the	
Sinking Fund, the former Board of Phosphate Commissioners,	Sinking Fund, the former Board of Phosphate Commissioners,	
the State Electrician and Engineer, the former Commission on	the State Electrician and Engineer, the former Commission on	
State House and State House Grounds, the central purchasing	State House and State House Grounds, the central purchasing	
functions, the former Surplus Procurement Division of the State	functions, the former Surplus Procurement Division of the State	
Research, Planning and Development Board and the Property	Research, Planning and Development Board and the Property	
Custodian) and the Division of Personnel Administration	Custodian) and the Division of Personnel Administration	
(embracing the work of the former retirement board known as	(embracing the work of the former retirement board known as	
the South Carolina Retirement System and the administration of	the South Carolina Retirement System and the administration of	
all laws relating to personnel), each Each division to consist	all laws relating to personnel), each division to consist of a	
consists of a director and clerical, stenographic and technical	director and clerical, stenographic and technical employees	
employees necessary, to be employed by the respective directors	necessary, to be employed by the respective directors with the	
with the approval of the board. The directors of the divisions	approval of the board. The directors of the divisions must be	
must be employed by the State Budget and Control Board for	employed by the State Budget and Control Board for that time	
that time and compensation as may be fixed by the board in its	and compensation as may be fixed by the board in its judgment.	
judgment.		
(B) Effective July 1, 2011, the following offices, divisions,	(A) Effective January 1, 2013, the offices, divisions, or	
or components of the State Budget and Control Board are	components of the State Budget and Control Board, Office of	
transferred to, and incorporated into, the Department of	the Governor, or other agencies named in this subsection are	
Administration:	transferred to, and incorporated into, the Department of	
	Administration, a department of the executive branch of state	
	government headed by a director appointed by the Governor	
	with the advice and consent of the Senate as provided in Section	

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(1) Division of General Services including Business Operations, Facilities Management, State Building and Property Services, and Agency Services including surplus property, intra state mail, parking, state fleet management, except that this division shall not be transferred to the Department of Administration until the director of the Department of Administration enters into a memorandum of understanding with appropriate officials of applicable legislative and judicial agencies or departments as provided in Section 1-30-125;	1-30-10(B)(1)(i). The director shall have the authority to act on behalf of and administer the department: (1) Division of General Services including Business Operations, Facilities Management, State Building and Property Services, and Agency Services including surplus property, intrastate mail, parking, state fleet management, except that this division shall not be transferred to the Department of Administration until the director of the Department of Administration enters into a memorandum of agreement with appropriate officials of applicable legislative and judicial agencies or departments meeting the requirements of this subsection.	
(2) <u>Division of State Information Technology including</u> the Data Center, Information Technology Services, and South Carolina Enterprise Information System, but not including, support of the Joint Strategic Technology Committee;	(2) <u>Division of State Information Technology including</u> the Data Center, Information Technology Services, and South Carolina Enterprise Information System;	
(3) Office of Human Resources;	(7) the Office of Human Resources;	
(4) the State Engineer's Office;	(5) the Procurement Services Division, including the State Engineer's Office;	
(5) the Insurance Reserve Fund; (6) that portion of the Office of Research and Statistics required to support the Governor's executive budget writing duties; and	(6) the Insurance Reserve Fund; (3) the Office of Research and Statistics, except for the employees required to provide fiscal impact statements and revenue impact statements on proposed legislation and to support the General Assembly's budget writing duties who are transferred to the Legislative Fiscal Office and except for the employees of the Precinct Demographics Section required to provide the services described in Section 2-3-250, who are transferred to the Office of Precinct Demographics;	
(7) Office of State Budget, except for the employees required to provide fiscal impact statements on proposed legislation and to support the General Assembly's budget writing duties who are transferred to the Legislative Fiscal Office.	(4) the Office of State Budget, except for the employees required to provide fiscal impact statements and revenue impact statements on proposed legislation and to support the General Assembly's budget writing duties who are transferred to the Legislative Fiscal Office;	
(8) Office of Executive Policy and Programs, except for the State Ombudsman, Children's Services programs, and the Guardian ad Litem program that are contained within this office;	(8) the Office of Executive Policy and Programs, except for the State Ombudsman and Children's Services Programs that are contained within this office; (9) the Guardian ad Litem program as established in Section 63-11-500;	

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(9) Office of Economic Opportunity;	(10) the Office of Economic Opportunity;	11000
(10) Developmental Disabilities Council;	(11) the Developmental Disabilities Council;	
(11) Continuum of Care as established by Section	(12) the Continuum of Care for Emotionally Disturbed	
20-7-5610;	Children Division as established by Section 63-11-1310;	
(12) Children's Foster Care as established by Section	(13) the Division for Review of the Foster Care of Children	
20-7-2379;	as established by Section 63-11-700;	
(13) Veterans Affairs as established by Section 25-11-10;	(14) the Division of Veterans Affairs as established by	
	Section 25-11-10;	
(14) Commission on Women as established by Section	(15) the Commission on Women as established by Section	
1-15-10;	<u>1-15-10;</u>	
(15) Victims Assistance as established by Article 13,	(16) the South Carolina Victim's Advisory Board, as	
Chapter 3, Title 16; and	established pursuant to Article 13, Chapter 13 of Title 16; and	
(16) Small and Minority Business as established by Section	(17) the Small and Minority Business Assistance Office, as	
11-35-5270.	established pursuant to Section 11-35-5270.	
(C) Effective July 1, 2011, the Board of Economic Advisors	(5) the Board of Economic Advisors; [NOTE:	
and the Procurement Division are transferred to, and	transferred to Department of Administration]	
incorporated into, the State Financial Affairs Authority.		
(D) Effective January 1, 2012, the Office of Research and	(7) the Office of Research and Statistics, except for the	
Statistics, except for the employees required to support the	employees required to provide fiscal impact statements and	
Governor's executive budget writing duties, is transferred to,	revenue impact statements on proposed legislation and to	
and incorporated into, the Legislative Fiscal Office.	support the General Assembly's budget writing duties who are	
und modification into, the Englishman Tisom officer	transferred to the Legislative Fiscal Office and except for the	
	employees of the Precinct Demographics Section required to	
	provide the services described in Section 2-3-250, who are	
	transferred to the Office of Precinct Demographics;	
(E) Effective July 1, 2012, the following offices, divisions,	(C) Effective January 1, 2013, the offices, divisions, or	
or components of the State Budget and Control Board are	components of the State Budget and Control Board named in	
transferred to, and incorporated into, the South Carolina Rural	this subsection are transferred to, and incorporated into, the	
<u>Infrastructure Authority as established in Section 11-50-30:</u>	Department of Commerce. All functions, powers, duties,	
(1) South Carolina Infrastructure Facilities Authority:	responsibilities, and authority vested the agencies and	
(2) Office of Local Government in support of the local	authorities, including their governing boards, if any, named in	
government loan program;	this subsection are devolved upon the Department of Commerce	
(3) State Revolving Fund in support of water quality	and the department shall constitute the agencies and authorities,	
projects.	including their governing boards, if any, named in this	
	subsection.	
	(1) the South Carolina Infrastructure Facilities Authority;	
	(2) the Local Government Division in support of the local	
	government loan program;	

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(F) Effective July 1, 2011, the State Energy Office is transferred from the State Budget and Control Board to the Office of Regulatory Staff.	(3) the South Carolina Water Quality Revolving Fund Authority in support of water quality projects and federal loan program; and (4) the State Energy Office.	
(G) Effective July 1, 2011, the State Auditor is transferred from the State Budget and Control Board to the Office of the State Treasurer.	(F) Effective January 1, 2013, the Office of State Auditor is abolished and all of the functions, duties, and responsibilities of the office are transferred to, and incorporated into, the Office of Inspector General. The employees, authorized appropriations, and assets and liabilities of the transferred office are also transferred to and become part of the Office of Inspector General. All classified or unclassified personnel employed by the office on the effective date of this section, either by contract or by employment at will, shall become employees of the Office of Inspector General to which the transfer was made, with the same compensation, classification, and grade level, as applicable."	
(H) Effective July 1, 2011, the Confederate Relic Room is transferred from the State Budget and Control Board to the Department of Archives and History.	(D) Effective January 1, 2013, the Confederate Relic Room is transferred from the State Budget and Control Board to the State Museum Commission.	
(I) Effective July 1, 2011, and until July 1, 2013, the State Budget and Control Board consists of the: (1) Employee Insurance Program; and (2) Retirement Division. Effective July 1, 2013, the State Budget and Control Board is abolished.	(E) Effective January 1, 2013, the Employee Insurance Program and the Retirement Division of the State Budget and Control Board are transferred to, and incorporated into a cabinet agency of state government to be known as the Public Employee Benefit Authority.	
(J)(1) Effective July 1, 2013, the following offices, divisions, or components of the State Budget and Control Board and the Department of Administration are transferred to, and incorporated into, an administrative agency of state government to be known as the Public Employee Benefit Agency: (a) the Employee Insurance Program; (b) the Retirement Division. Effective July 1, 2011, and until June 30, 2013, any additions or amendments to the State Employee Insurance Plan or the retirement system may not be adopted without the unanimous consent of the State Budget and Control Board. Effective July 1,		

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2013, the State Budget and Control Board is abolished.	, ,	
(2) The agency shall be comprised of the Employee Insurance Division, the Retirement Systems Division, the Insurance Reserve Fund Division, and the Administration Division. A board of trustees must be appointed to manage and make policy decisions for the Employee Insurance Division and the Retirement Systems Division. The daily office functions and other administrative tasks for all divisions shall be managed through the Administration Division by an executive director. (3)(a) On the effective date of this section, there is established a transition committee to provide the expertise necessary to facilitate the transfer of operations from the Budget and Control Board to the Public Employee Benefit Agency. (b) The transition committee is authorized to study and evaluate all actions necessary, both legislative and executive, for an orderly transition of the related trust funds and their operations to the trustee-based system to be administered by the Public Employee Benefit Agency. The transition committee must conduct a comprehensive survey of the structure, trustee governance, and operations of other similar	SECTION The State Budget and Control Board, as constituted in Chapter 11, Title 1 of the 1976 Code, is abolished (1) upon the completion of the Executive Director of the Budget and Control Board completing all necessary actions to accomplish the transfers of functions, powers, duties, responsibilities, and authority in accordance with this act, state laws, and regulations, (2) after the Memorandum of Agreement required by SECTION 4 of this act is executed, and (3) upon the transfer of the Employee Insurance Program and the Retirement Division to the Public Employee Benefit Agency. If the execution of the Memorandum of Agreement becomes the sole necessary action precluding the abolition of the Budget and Control Board, then the Division of General Services shall immediately be transferred to the Department of Administration. The employees, authorized appropriations, and assets and liabilities of the transferred offices are also transferred to and become part of the agency, department, or institution to which the transfer was made. All classified or unclassified personnel employed by these offices on the effective date of this act, either by contract or by employment at will, shall become employees of the agency, department or institution to which the transfer was made, with the same compensation, classification, and grade level, as applicable.	

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systems throughout the United States and make		
recommendations to the General Assembly concerning the		
legislative actions that are needed to implement the most		
efficient, effective system.		
(c) The transition committee shall be comprised of		
eight voting members and the State Treasurer, ex officio, who		
shall serve as its chairman and may only vote when the		
committee is equally divided on any question. The eight voting		
members must be appointed by the State Budget and Control		
Board as follows:		
(i) one member representing municipal		
employees;		
(ii) one member representing county employees;		
(iii) three members representing state employees,		
one of whom must be retired and one of whom must be an active		
or retired law enforcement officer who is contributing to or		
receiving benefits from the Police Officers Retirement System.		
If this law enforcement member is retired, the other two		
members representing state employees do not have to be retired;		
(iv) two members representing public school		
teachers, one of whom must be retired;		
(v) one member representing the Retirement		
Investment Commission.		
The Budget and Control Board shall invite the appropriate		
associations, groups, and individuals to recommend persons to		
serve on the board. The Budget and Control Board must appoint		
members from among the recommendations. Members must be		
appointed within sixty days of the effective date of this section.		
Members of the General Assembly may not be appointed to		
the transition committee. Members of the transition committee must have substantial academic or professional experience or		
specialization in one or more areas of public finance,		
government budgeting and administration, insurance, retirement		
investment, economics, accounting, or related legal fields.		
(d) The members of the committee:		
(i) must meet as soon as practicable after		
appointment to organize itself by electing officers as the		
committee may consider necessary. Thereafter, the committee		
must meet as necessary to fulfill the duties required in this		
subsection at the call of the chairman or by a majority of the		
members. A quorum exists of seven members. The committee		
must engage or employ staff or consultants as may be necessary		
or prudent to assist the committee in the performance of its		
duties and responsibilities. Any staff or consultants must		

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possess an academic background or substantial career		
experience of such a nature as to assist the committee in		
fulfilling its duties, including, but not limited to, being		
credentialed in structure and board governance policy;		
(ii) shall serve without compensation but may		
receive the usual mileage, subsistence, and per diem allowed by		
law for members of state boards, committee, or commissions;		
and		
(iii) expenses incurred by the commission shall be		
paid by the Employee Insurance Program and the Retirement		
<u>Division.</u>		
(e) No later than January 1, 2013, the committee		
must prepare and deliver a report to the President Pro Tempore		
of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives		
containing the committee's recommendations concerning agency		
governance structure, statutory changes relative to the transition,		
and any other actions that must be taken to transition public		
employee insurance and retirement operations to the Public		
Employee Benefit Agency.		
(K) Notwithstanding another provision of law, if the State		
Budget and Control Board maintains primary responsibility		
related to a program the board must receive and expend revenues		
generated by the programs to support the board's responsibilities		
related to the programs. The funds may be retained and		
expended in subsequent fiscal years until the date upon which		
the board is abolished. The funds then must be transferred to the		
appropriate agency for support that agency's responsibilities		
related to the programs."		
	(B) All functions, powers, duties, responsibilities, and	
	authority vested in the agencies and authorities, including their	
	governing boards, if any, named in this subsection are devolved	
	upon the Department of Administration and the department shall	
	constitute the agencies and authorities, including their governing	
	boards, if any, named in the this subsection:	
	(1) State Educational Assistance Authority;	
	(2) Educational Facilities Authority for Private,	
	Non-Profit Institutions of Higher Learning;	
	(3) South Carolina Resources Authority; and	
	(4) Tobacco Settlement Revenue Management Authority	
	Board.	
	(D)(1) The Division of State Information Technology must	
	submit the Statewide Strategic Information Technology Plan to	

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	the director of the Department of Administration by September	
	1, 2013 and biennially thereafter. The director shall review the	
	Statewide Strategic Information Technology Plan and	
	recommend to the Governor priorities for state government	
	enterprise information technology projects and resource	
	requirements. The director shall also review information	
	technology spending by state agencies and evaluate whether	
	greater efficiencies, more effective services, and cost savings	
	can be achieved through streamlining, standardizing, and	
	consolidating agency information technology;	
	(2) All oversight concerning the South Carolina Enterprise	
	<u>Information System is devolved to the director of the</u>	
	Department of Administration.	
	(E) No later than December 31, 2013, the department's	
	director shall submit a report to the President Pro Tempore of	
	the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives that	
	contains an analysis of and recommendations regarding the most	
	appropriate organizational placement for each current	
	component of the Office of Executive Policy and Programs. The	
	department shall solicit input from and consider the	
	recommendation of affected constituencies while developing its	
	report.	
	(F) No later than December 31, 2013, the Office of Human	
	Resources, in coordination with the Department of Archives and	
	<u>History</u> , shall develop policies and procedures related to	
	providing agency public records officers with annual training	
	concerning records retention laws, regulations, and guidelines.	
	(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the	
	Department of Administration may organize its staff as it	
	considers most appropriate to carry out the various duties,	
	responsibilities, and authorities assigned to it and to its various	
	divisions and management and organizational entities.	
	(H)(1) Where the provisions of Act of 2012, R., H.	
	3066 transfer offices, or portions of offices, of the Budget and	
	Control Board, Office of the Governor, or other agencies to the	
	Department of Administration or the Office of Inspector	
	General, the employees, authorized appropriations, and assets	
	and liabilities of the transferred offices are also transferred to	
	and become part of the Department of Administration. All	
	classified or unclassified personnel employed by these offices on	
	the effective date of this section, either by contract or by	
	employment at will, shall become employees of the Department	
	of Administration or the Office of Inspector General, as	
	appropriate, with the same compensation, classification, and	

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	grade level, as applicable. The Executive Director of the Budget	
	and Control Board and the Inspector General shall cause all	
	necessary actions to be taken to accomplish this transfer in	
	accordance with state laws and regulations.	
	(2) The Department of Administration and the Office of	
	Inspector General shall use the existing resources of each	
	division, insofar as it promotes efficiency and effectiveness,	
	transferred to the department including, but not limited to,	
	funding, personnel, equipment, and supplies from the board's	
	administrative support units, including, but not limited to, the	
	Office of the Executive Director, Office of General Counsel, and	
	the Office of Internal Operations. 'Funding' means state,	
	federal, and other funds. Vacant FTE's at the State Budget and	
	Control Board also may be used to fill needed positions at the	
	department. No new FTE's may be assigned to the department	
	without authorization from the General Assembly.	
	(I) Regulations promulgated by these transferred offices as	
	they formerly existed under the Budget and Control Board,	
	Office of the Governor, or other agencies are continued and are	
	considered to be promulgated by these offices under the	
	Department of Administration.	
	(J) The Department of Administration shall, during the	
	absence of the Governor from Columbia, be placed in charge of	
	the records and papers in the executive chamber kept pursuant to	
	Section 1-3-30.	
	(K) Any duties to approve statewide policies, procedures,	
	regulations, rates, and fees, or other specific actions must be	
	acted upon by the Department of Administration in a timely	
	manner. The Department of Administration must post its	
	decisions on its website within sixty days of the day approval	
	was sought."	
Part III	NO CHANGE	
Department of Administration		
•		
SECTION 3. Section 1-30-10(A) of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		
"(A) There are hereby created, within the executive branch of		
the state government, the following departments:		
1. Department of Administration		
2. Department of Agriculture		
2.3. Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse		
Services		

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3.4. Department of Commerce	,,,,	1.752
4. <u>5.</u> Department of Corrections		
5. <u>6.</u> Department of Disabilities and Special Needs		
6-7. Department of Education		
7.8. Department of Health and Environmental Control		
8.9. Department of Health and Human Services		
9-10. Department of Insurance		
10.11. Department of Juvenile Justice		
11.12. Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation		
12.13. Department of Mental Health		
14. Department of Motor Vehicles		
13.15. Department of Natural Resources		
14.16. Department of Parks, Recreation and Tourism		
15.17. Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon		
Services		
16.18. Department of Public Safety		
17.19. Department of Revenue		
18-20. Department of Social Services		
19.21. Department of Transportation 20.22. Department of Employment and Workforce."		
SECTION 4. Chapter 30, Title 1 of the 1976 Code is amended		
by adding:		
by adding.		
"Section 1-30-125. (A) Effective July 1, 2011, the following	"Section 1-11-10. The State Budget and Control Board shall	
offices, divisions, or components of the State Budget and	be comprised of the Governor, ex officio, who shall be	
Control Board, Office of the Governor, or other agencies are	chairman, the State Treasurer, ex officio, the Comptroller	
transferred to, and incorporated into, the Department of	General, ex officio, and the chairman of the Senate Finance	
Administration, a department of the executive branch of state	Committee, ex officio, and the chairman of the Ways and Means	
government headed by a director appointed by the Governor	Committee of the House of Representatives, ex officio. (A)	
with the advice and consent of the Senate as provided in Section	Effective January 1, 2013, the following offices, divisions, or	
1-30-10(B)(1)(i):	components of the State Budget and Control Board are	
	transferred to, and incorporated into, the Department of	
	Administration:	
(1) Division of General Services including Business	(1) <u>Division of General Services including Business</u>	
Operations, Facilities Management, State Building and Property	Operations, Facilities Management, State Building and Property	
Services, and Agency Services including surplus property,	Services, and Agency Services including surplus property, intra	
intrastate mail, parking, state fleet management, except that this	state mail, parking, state fleet management, except that this	
division shall not be transferred to the Department of	division shall not be transferred to the Department of	
Administration until the director of the Department of	Administration until the director of the Department of	
Administration enters into a memorandum of understanding with	Administration enters into a memorandum of agreement with	
appropriate officials of applicable legislative and judicial	appropriate officials of applicable legislative and judicial	
agencies or departments meeting the requirements of this	agencies or departments as provided in Section 1-30-125;	
subsection.		

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(a) The memorandum of understanding shall provide	(a) The memorandum of agreement shall provide for:	
for:	7.1/ ==== ===============================	
(i) continued use of existing office space;	(i) continued use of existing office space;	
(ii) a method for the allocation of new, additional, or	(ii) a method for the allocation of new, additional, or	
different office space;	different office space;	
(iii) adequate parking;	(iii) adequate parking;	
(iv) a method for the allocation of new, additional, or	(iv) a method for the allocation of new, additional, or	
different parking;	different parking;	
(v) the provision of appropriate levels of electrical,	(v) the provision of appropriate levels of electrical,	
mechanical, maintenance, energy management, fire protection,	mechanical, maintenance, energy management, fire protection,	
custodial, project management, safety and building renovation,	custodial, project management, safety and building renovation,	
and other services currently provided by the General Services	and other services currently provided by the General Services	
Division of the State Budget and Control Board;	Division of the State Budget and Control Board;	
(vi) the provision of water, electricity, steam and chill	(vi) the provision of water, electricity, steam and chill	
water to the offices, areas, and facilities occupied by the	water to the offices, areas, and facilities occupied by the	
applicable agencies at actual costs, not including administrative	applicable agencies at actual costs, not including administrative	
overhead or other surcharges;	overhead or other surcharges;	
(vii) the ability for each agency or department to	(vii) the ability for each agency or department to	
maintain building access control for its allocated office space;	maintain building access control for its allocated office space;	
and	<u>and</u>	
(ix) access control for the Senate and House chambers	(ix) access control for the Senate and House chambers	
and courtrooms as appropriate.	and courtrooms as appropriate;	
(b) The parties may modify the memorandum of	(b) The parties may modify the memorandum of	
understanding by mutual consent at any time;	understanding by mutual consent at any time;	
(2) Division of State Information Technology including	(2) <u>Division of State Information Technology including</u>	
the Data Center, Information Technology Services, and South	the Data Center, Telecommunications and Information	
Carolina Enterprise Information System, but not including,	Technology Services, and South Carolina Enterprise Information	
support of the Joint Strategic Technology Committee;	System;	
(a) The Division of State Information Technology must	(D)(1) The Division of State Information Technology must	
submit the Statewide Strategic Information Technology Plan to	submit the Statewide Strategic Information Technology Plan to	
the Joint Strategic Technology Commission by September first	the director of the Department of Administration by September	
of each year;	1, 2013 and biennially thereafter. The director shall review the	
(b) The Joint Strategic Technology Commission shall	Statewide Strategic Information Technology Plan and	
make recommendations to the division including, but not limited	recommend to the Governor priorities for state government	
to, priorities for state government enterprise information	enterprise information technology projects and resource	
technology projects, resource requirements, and efficiency. In	requirements. The director shall also review information	
addition, the division shall cooperate with and provide assistance	technology spending by state agencies and evaluate whether	
to the Joint Strategic Technology Commission in the furtherance	greater efficiencies, more effective services, and cost savings	
of the commission's mission;	can be achieved through streamlining, standardizing, and	
	consolidating agency information technology;	
	(2) All oversight concerning the South Carolina Enterprise	

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	<u>Information System is devolved to the director of the</u>	
	Department of Administration.	
(3) The portion of the Office of Research and Statistics	(7) the Office of Research and Statistics, except for the	
required to support the Governor's executive budget writing	employees required to provide fiscal impact statements and	
duties;	revenue impact statements on proposed legislation and to	
	support the General Assembly's budget writing duties who are	
	transferred to the Legislative Fiscal Office and except for the	
	employees of the Precinct Demographics Section required to	
	provide the services described in Section 2-3-250, who are	
	transferred to the Office of Precinct Demographics; and	
(7) Office of Human Resources, except that any additions	(3) the Office of Human Resources;	
or amendments to the State Human Resource Regulations must		
be submitted for approval to the State Financial Affairs		
Authority;		
(5) the State Findings? - OS.	(A) the December of Comics Division in the first the Control	
(5) the State Engineer's Office;	(4) the Procurement Services Division, including the State	
	Engineers Office:	
	(8) the Office of State Budget, except for the employees	
(4) Office of State Budget, except for the employees	required to provide fiscal impact statements and revenue impact	
required to provide fiscal impact statements on proposed	statements on proposed legislation and to support the General	
legislation and to support the General Assembly's budget	Assembly's budget writing duties who are transferred to the	
writing duties who are transferred to the Legislative Fiscal	Legislative Fiscal Office.	
Office;	Legislative i iseal office.	
Office,		
(6) the Insurance Reserve Fund;	(6) the Insurance Reserve Fund;	
(8) Office of Executive Policy and Programs, except for	(8) the Office of Executive Policy and Programs, except	
the State Ombudsman, Children's Services programs, and the	for the State Ombudsman and Children's Services Programs that	
Guardian ad Litem program that are contained within this office;	are contained within this office;	
program and arriver program and committee with and committee of	(9) the Guardian ad Litem program as established in	
	Section 63-11-500;	
(9) Office of Economic Opportunity;	(10) the Office of Economic Opportunity;	
(10) Developmental Disabilities Council;	(11) the Developmental Disabilities Council;	
(11) Continuum of Care as established by Section	(12) the Continuum of Care for Emotionally Disturbed	
20-7-5610;	Children Division as established by Section 63-11-1310;	
	(13) the Division for Review of the Foster Care of Children	
(12) Children's Foster Care as established by Section	as established by Section 63-11-700;	
20-7-2379;	(14) the Division of Veterans Affairs as established by	
(13) Veterans Affairs as established by Section 25-11-10;	Section 25-11-10;	
(14) Commission on Women as established by Section	(15) the Commission on Women as established by Section	
1-15-10;	<u>1-15-10;</u>	
(15) Victims Assistance as established by Article 13,	(16) the South Carolina Victim's Advisory Board, as	

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Chapter 3, Title 16; and	established pursuant to Article 13, Chapter 13 of Title 16; and	
(16) Small and Minority Business as established by Section	(17) the Small and Minority Business Assistance Office, as	
11-35-5270.	established pursuant to Section 11-35-5270.	
(B)(1) There is established, within the Department of Administration, the Executive Budget Office which shall support the Office of the Governor by conducting analysis, coordinating executive agency requests for funding, and evaluating program performance. (2) The Executive Budget Office shall use the existing resources of the organizations transferred to the Department of Administration including, but not limited to, funding, personnel, equipment, and supplies. Vacant FTE's at the State Budget and Control Board also may be used to fill needed positions for the office.	(C)(1) The Office of State Budget shall support the Governor's budget writing duties, as contained in Section 11-11-70, conduct analysis, coordinate executive agency requests for funding, evaluate program performance, forecast state revenue, and conduct fiscal impact statements and revenue impact statements on every bill related to state taxes that is reported out of a standing committee of the Senate or House of Representatives for consideration. (2) The office may develop and utilize dynamic revenue analyses for fiscal impact statements and revenue impact statements, taking into account the probable behavioral responses of taxpayers and businesses, and utilizing dynamic techniques when estimating the fiscal or revenue impact of legislation. (3) The office shall use the existing resources of the	
(C) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Department of Administration may organize its staff as it considers most appropriate to carry out the various duties, responsibilities, and authorities assigned to it and to its various divisions and management and organizational entities.	organizations transferred to the Department of Administration including, but not limited to, funding, personnel, equipment, and supplies. Vacant FTE's at the State Budget and Control Board also may be used to fill needed positions for the office. (G) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Department of Administration may organize its staff as it considers most appropriate to carry out the various duties, responsibilities, and authorities assigned to it and to its various divisions and management and organizational entities.	
(D) Each transferred office must be maintained as a distinct component of the Department of Administration. Any funds appropriated to a distinct component of the department must not be transferred to another component. Any funds appropriated to the department, and not to a distinct component of the department, may be used at the discretion of the director. (E)(1) Where the provisions of this act transfer offices, or portions of offices, of the Budget and Control Board, Office of the Governor, or other agencies to the Department of Administration, the employees, authorized appropriations, and assets and liabilities of the transferred offices are also transferred to and become part of the Department of Administration. All classified or unclassified personnel employed by these offices on the effective date of this act, either by contract or by employment at will, shall become employees of the Department		

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of Administration, with the same compensation, classification,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
and grade level, as applicable. The Executive Director of the		
Budget and Control Board shall cause all necessary actions to be		
taken to accomplish this transfer in accordance with state laws		
and regulations.		
(2) The Department of Administration shall use the		
existing resources of each division transferred to the department		
including, but not limited to, funding, personnel, equipment, and		
supplies to carry out each division's responsibilities. The		
department shall also receive an equitable allocation of funding,		
personnel, equipment, and supplies from the board's		
administrative support units including, but not limited to, the		
Office of the Executive Director, Office of General Counsel, and		
the Office of Internal Operations. 'Funding' means state,		
federal, and other funds. Vacant FTE's at the State Budget and		
Control Board also may be used to fill needed positions at the		
department. No new FTE's may be assigned to the department		
without authorization from the General Assembly.		
(F) Regulations promulgated by these transferred offices as		
they formerly existed under the Budget and Control Board,		
Office of the Governor, or other agencies are continued and are		
considered to be promulgated by these offices under the newly		
Department of Administration.		
(G) The Department of Administration shall, during the		
absence of the Governor from Columbia, be placed in charge of		
the records and papers in the executive chamber kept pursuant to		
Section 1-3-30.		
(H) Any duties to approve statewide policies, procedures,		
regulations, rates, and fees, or other specific actions must be		
acted upon by the Department of Administration in a timely		
manner. The Department of Administration must post its		
decisions on its website within sixty days of the day approval		
was sought and deliver this information monthly to the President		
Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of		
Representatives."	(B) All functions, powers, duties, responsibilities, and	
	authority versted in the agencies and authorities, including their	
	governing boards, if any, named in this subsection are devolved	
	upon the Department of Administration and the department shall	
	constitute the agencies and authorities, including their governing	
	boards, if any, named in the this subsection.	
	(1) State Educational Assistance Authority;	
	(2) Educational Facilities Authority for Private,	
	Non-Profit Institutions of Higher Learning;	
	(3) South Carolina Resources Authority; and	

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	(4) Tobacco Settlement Revenue Management Authority	
	Board.	
Part IV		
Legislative Fiscal Office		
SECTION 5. Chapter 3, Title 2 of the 1976 Code is amended	SECTION 5. A. Chapter 3, Title 2 of the 1976 Code is	
by adding:	amended by adding:	
"Section 2-3-240. (A) Effective July 1, 2011, the following	"Section 2-3-240. (A) Effective January 1, 2013, the	
personnel of the State Budget and Control Board are transferred to a Legislative Fiscal Office organized as recommended by the	following personnel of the State Budget and Control Board are transferred to the Legislative Fiscal Office, organized as	
Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of	recommended by the Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the	
Representatives and approved by the President Pro Tempore of	House of Representatives:	
the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives:	(1) the employees of the Office of State Budget required	
(1) the employees of the Office of State Budget required	to provide fiscal impact statements on proposed legislation and	
to provide fiscal impact statements on proposed legislation and	to support the General Assembly's budget writing duties; and	
to support the General Assembly's budget writing duties; and (2) the employees of the Office of Research and Statistics	(2) the employees of the Office of Research and Statistics required to provide revenue impact statements on proposed	
required to provide revenue impact statements on proposed	legislation and to support the General Assembly's budget	
legislation and to support the General Assembly's budget	writing duties.	
writing duties.		
(B) The Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of	(B) The Legislative Fiscal Office must support the work of	
Representatives must direct and assist the transfer of these	the General Assembly through the provision of data, fiscal	
personnel. The Legislative Fiscal Office must support the work	impact statements and revenue impact statements, as	
of the General Assembly through the provision of data without regard to political or other considerations beyond technical	appropriate, on proposed legislation and support the General Assembly's budget writing duties without regard to political or	
accuracy and professionalism required to perform the duties of	other considerations beyond technical accuracy and	
the office.	professionalism required to perform the duties of the office.	
(C) The executive director of the Budget and Control Board,	(C) The executive director of the Budget and Control Board,	
in consultation with the Senate Finance Committee and the	in consultation with the Chairman of the Senate Finance	
House Ways and Means Committee, shall determine the	Committee and the Chairman of the House Ways and Means	
employees, authorized appropriations, and assets and liabilities to be transferred from items (1) and (2) of subsection (A).	Committee, shall determine the employees, authorized appropriations, and assets and liabilities to be transferred	
to be transferred from terms (1) and (2) or subsection (11).	pursuant to items (1) and (2) of subsection (A).	
	SECTION 4. Chapter 3, Title 2 of the 1976 Code is amended	
	by adding:	
Section 2-3-250. There is created within the Legislative	"Section 2-3-250. The Office of Precinct Demographics is	
Fiscal Office a Division of Precinct Demographics to be staffed	established under the joint direction and management of the	
by personnel as determined appropriate as recommended by the	Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of	
Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of	Representatives. The office shall be staffed by personnel as	

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Representatives and approved by the President Pro Tempore of	determined appropriate by the Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk	
the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.	of the House of Representatives and approved by the President	
The division of Precinct Demographics shall:	Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of	
(1) review existing precinct boundaries and maps for	Representatives. The Office Precinct Demographics shall:	
accuracy and develop and rewrite descriptions of precincts for	(1) review existing precinct boundaries and maps for	
submission to the legislative process;	accuracy and develop and rewrite descriptions of precincts for	
(2) consult with members of the General Assembly or	submission to the legislative process;	
their designees on matters related to precinct construction or	(2) consult with members of the General Assembly or their	
discrepancies that may exist or occur in precinct boundary	designees on matters related to precinct construction or	
development in the counties they represent;	discrepancies that may exist or occur in precinct boundary	
	development in the counties they represent;	
(3) develop a system for originating and maintaining	(3) develop a system for originating and maintaining	
precinct maps and related data for the State;	precinct maps and related data for the State;	
(4) represent the Legislative Fiscal Office at public	(4) represent the General Assembly at public meetings,	
meetings, meetings with members of the General Assembly, and	meetings with members of the General Assembly, and meetings	
meetings with other state, county, or local governmental entities	with other state, county, or local governmental entities on	
on matters related to precincts;	matters related to precincts;	
(5) assist the appropriate county officials in the drawing of	(5) assist the appropriate county officials in the drawing of	
maps and writing of descriptions or precincts preliminary to	maps and writing of descriptions or precincts preliminary to	
these maps and descriptions being filed in this office for	these maps and descriptions being filed in this office for	
submission to the United States Department of Justice;	submission to the United States Department of Justice;	
(6) coordinate with the Census Bureau in the use of	(6) coordinate with the Census Bureau in the use of precinct	
precinct boundaries in constructing census boundaries and the	boundaries in constructing census boundaries and the	
identification of effective uses of precinct and census	identification of effective uses of precinct and census	
information for planning purposes;	information for planning purposes; and	
(7) serve as a focal point for verifying official precinct	(7) serve as a focal point for verifying official precinct	
information for the counties of South Carolina."	information for the counties of South Carolina."	
SECTION 6. Section 2-7-71 of the 1976 Code is amended to		
read:		
"C C 2771 WI 131 1 C		
"Section 2-7-71. When a bill relating to state taxes is		
reported out of a standing committee of the Senate or House of		
Representatives for consideration, there must be attached and		
printed as a part of the committee report a statement of the		
estimated revenue impact of the bill on the finances of the State		
certified by the Board of Economic Advisors prepared by the		
Legislative Fiscal Office. As used in this section, 'statement of		
estimated revenue impact' means the consensus of the persons		
executing the required statement as to the increase or decrease in		
the net tax revenue to the State if the bill concerned is enacted		
by the General Assembly. In preparing a statement, the Board		
of Economic Advisors Legislative Fiscal Office may request		
technical advice of the Department of Revenue."		

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SECTION 7. Section 2-7-72 of the 1976 Code is amended to	Series 2 avis, 2000) was 1/2 about 5 12 months	1,000
read:		
"Section 2-7-72. Whenever a bill or resolution is introduced in		
the General Assembly requiring the expenditure of funds, the		
principal author shall affix a statement of estimated fiscal impact		
and cost of the proposed legislation. Before reporting the bill		
out of committee, if the amount is substantially different from		
the original estimate, the committee shall attach a statement of		
estimated fiscal impact to the bill signed by the Director of the		
State Budget Division of the State Budget and Control Board		
<u>Legislative Fiscal Office</u> or his designee. As used in this		
section, 'statement of estimated fiscal impact' means the opinion		
of the person executing the statement as to the dollar cost to the		
State for the first year and the annual cost thereafter."		
SECTION 8. Section 2-7-73 of the 1976 Code is amended to		
read:		
"Section 2-7-73. (A) Any bill or resolution which would		
mandate a health coverage or offering of a health coverage by an		
insurance carrier, health care service contractor, or health		
maintenance organization as a component of individual or group		
policies, must have attached to it a statement of the financial		
impact of the coverage, according to the guidelines enumerated		
in subsection (B). This financial impact analysis must be		
conducted by the Division of Research and Statistical Services		
Legislative Fiscal Office and signed by an authorized agent of		
the Department of Insurance, or his designee. The statement		
required by this section must be delivered to the Senate or House		
committee to which any bill or resolution is referred, within		
thirty days of the written request of the chairman of such		
committee.		
(B) Guidelines for assessing the financial impact of proposed		
mandated or mandatorily offered health coverage to the extent		
that information is available, must include, but are not limited to,		
the following:		
(1) to what extent does the coverage increase or decrease		
the cost of treatment or services;		
(2) to what extent does the coverage increase or decrease		
the use of treatment or service;		
(3) to what extent does the mandated treatment or service		
substitute for more expensive treatment or service;		
(4) to what extent does the coverage increase or decrease		

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the administrative expenses of insurance companies and the		
premium and administrative expenses of policyholders; and		
(5) what is the impact of this coverage on the total cost		
of health care."		
SECTION 9. Section 2-7-74 of the 1976 Code is amended to		
read:		
"Section 2-7-74. (A) As used in this section, 'statement of		
estimated fiscal impact' means the opinion of the person		
executing the statement as to the dollar cost to the State for the		
first year and the annual cost thereafter.		
(B) The principal author of legislation that would establish a		
new criminal offense or that would amend the sentencing		
provisions of an existing criminal offense may affix a statement		
of estimated fiscal impact of the proposed legislation. Upon		
request from the principal author of the legislation, the Office of		
State Budget Legislative Fiscal Office shall assist in preparing		
the fiscal impact statement.		
(C) If a fiscal impact statement is not affixed to legislation at		
the time of introduction, the committee to which the legislation		
is referred shall request a fiscal impact statement from the Office		
of State Budget Legislative Fiscal Office. The Office of State		
Budget Legislative Fiscal Office shall have at least fifteen		
calendar days from the date of the request to deliver the fiscal		
impact statement to the Senate or House of Representatives		
committee to which the legislation is referred, unless the Office		
of State Budget Legislative Fiscal Office requests an extension		
of time. The Office of State Budget Legislative Fiscal Office		
shall not unreasonably delay the delivery of a fiscal impact		
statement.		
(D) The committee shall not take action on the legislation		
until the committee has received the fiscal impact statement.		
(E) If the legislation is reported out of the committee, the		
committee shall attach the fiscal impact statement to the		
legislation. If the legislation has been amended, the committee		
shall request a revised fiscal impact statement from the Office of		
State Budget Legislative Fiscal Office and shall attach the		
revised fiscal impact statement to the legislation.		
(F) State agencies and political subdivisions shall cooperate		
with the Office of State Budget Legislative Fiscal Office in		
preparing fiscal impact statements. Such agencies and political		
subdivisions shall submit requested information to the Office of		
State Budget Legislative Fiscal Office in a timely fashion.		

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(G) In preparing fiscal impact statements, the Office of State	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
Budget Legislative Fiscal Office shall consider and evaluate		
information as submitted by state agencies and political		
subdivisions. The Office of State Budget Legislative Fiscal		
Office shall provide to the requesting Senate or House of		
Representatives committee any estimates provided by a state		
agency or political subdivision, which are substantially different		
from the fiscal impact as issued by the Office of State Budget		
Legislative Fiscal Office.		
(H) The Office of State Budget Legislative Fiscal Office may		
request information from nongovernmental agencies and		
organizations to assist in preparing the fiscal impact statement."		
SECTION 10. Section 2-7-76 of the 1976 Code is amended to		
read:		
Tout.		
"Section 2-7-76. (A) The chairman of the legislative		
committee to which a bill or resolution was referred shall direct		
the Budget Division or the Economic Research Section of the		
Budget and Control Board, as appropriate, Legislative Fiscal		
Office to prepare and affix to it a statement of the estimated		
fiscal or and revenue impact and cost to the counties and		
municipalities of the proposed legislation before the legislation		
is reported out of that committee if a bill or resolution:		
(1) requires a county or municipality to expend funds		
allocated to the county or municipality pursuant to Chapter 27 of		
Title 6;		
(2) is introduced in the General Assembly to require the		
expenditure of funds by a county or municipality;		
(3) requires the use of county or municipal personnel,		
facilities, or equipment to implement a general law or		
regulations promulgated pursuant to a general law; or		
(4) relates to taxes imposed by political subdivisions.		
(B) A revised estimated fiscal or and revenue impact and cost		
statement must be prepared at the direction of the presiding		
officer of the House of Representatives or the Senate by the		
Budget Division or Economic Research Section of the Budget		
and Control Board Legislative Fiscal Office before third reading		
of the bill or resolution, if there is a significant amendment to		
the bill or resolution.		
(C) For purposes of this section, 'political subdivision'		
means a county, municipality, school district, special purpose		
district, public service district, or consolidated political		
subdivision."		

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Part V	Amend the bill further, as and if amended, beginning on	*
State Financial Affairs Authority	page 16, by striking PART V, relating to the State Financial	
	Affairs Authority, in its entirety.	
SECTION 11. Title 1 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding:		
"Chapter 12		
State Financial Affairs Authority		
Article 1		
General Provisions		
Section 1-12-10. The State Financial Affairs Authority shall		
be comprised of the Governor, ex officio, who shall be		
chairman, the State Treasurer, ex officio, the Comptroller		
General, ex officio, one Senator selected by a majority of the		
Senate who shall serve ex officio, and one member of the House		
of Representatives selected by a majority of the House of		
Representatives who shall serve ex officio.		
Section 1-12-20. The functions of the authority must be		
performed, exercised, and discharged under the supervision and		
direction of the authority through such divisions as the authority		
may from time to time establish. The authority may organize its		
staff as it deems most appropriate to carry out the various duties,		
responsibilities, and authorities assigned to it and to its various		
divisions, provided that each division shall consist of a director		
and clerical, stenographic, and technical employees necessary, to be employed by the respective directors with the approval of the		
authority. The directors of the divisions must be employed by		
the State Financial Affairs Authority for that time and		
compensation as may be fixed by the authority in its judgment.		
as and as may so mits of the authority in its judgment.		
Section 1-12-30. The authority may cooperate with and		
assist the authorities of the counties, municipalities, school		
districts, and other subdivisions of the State in the handling, in		
whatever manner may be deemed by it desirable in each case, of		
the financial obligations of such counties, municipalities, school		
districts, and other subdivisions. The authority may, upon		
request of any such authorities, negotiate with the holders of		
such obligations and the authorities of the obligor to the end that		
such extensions and adjustments as may be desirable may be		
effected and may negotiate with any lending agency and perform		
any other act or service pursuant to the purpose hereof to the end		
that the credit of the subdivisions of the State and the rights of		
the holders of their obligations may be mutually protected.	20	

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Section 1-12-40. (A) To offset the costs incurred by the		
State in the review and processing of proposals by the governing		
bodies of counties and municipalities for the issuance or		
refunding of industrial, hospital, or pollution control revenue		
bonds or notes, the State Financial Affairs Authority may charge		
a single fee to cover initial processing ,including any		
amendments in accord with the following schedule:		
Issue or Refunding Amount Fee		
\$1,000,000 or less \$2,000		
\$1,000,001 through \$25,000,000 3,000		
\$25,000,001 through \$50,000,000 4,000		
Over \$50,000,000 5,000		
(B) The revenue received from these fees must be deposited		
in the General Fund.		
Section 1-12-50. (A) The State Financial Affairs Authority		
is authorized to provide insurance for the State, its departments,		
agencies, institutions, commissions, boards, and the personnel		
employed by the State in its departments, agencies, institutions,		
commissions, and boards to protect the State against tort liability		
and to protect these personnel against tort liability arising in the		
course of their employment. The insurance also may be		
provided for physicians or dentists employed by the State, its		
departments, agencies, institutions, commissions, or boards		
against any tort liability arising out of the rendering of any		
professional services as a physician or dentist for which no fee is		
charged or professional services rendered of any type		
whatsoever so long as any fees received are directly payable to		
the employer of a covered physician or dentist, or to any practice		
plan authorized by the employer whether or not the practice plan is incorporated and registered with the Secretary of State;		
provided, any insurance coverage provided by the authority may		
be on the basis of claims made or upon occurrences. The		
insurance also may be provided for students of high schools,		
South Carolina Technical Schools, or state-supported colleges		
and universities while these students are engaged in work study,		
distributive education, or apprentice programs on the premises		
of private companies. Premiums for the insurance must be paid		
from appropriations to or funds collected by the various entities,		
except that in the case of the above-referenced students in which		
case the premiums must be paid from fees paid by students		
participating in these training programs. The authority has the		
exclusive control over the investigation, settlement, and defense		
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H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
of claims against the various entities and personnel for whom it		
provided insurance coverage and may promulgate regulations in		
connection therewith.		
(B) Any political subdivision of the State including, without		
limitations, municipalities, counties, and school districts, may		
procure the insurance for itself and for its employees in the same		
manner provided for the procurement of this insurance for the		
State, its entities, and its employees, or in a manner provided by		
Section 15-78-140.		
(C) The procurement of tort liability insurance in the manner		
provided is the exclusive means for the procurement of this		
insurance.		
(D) The authority also is authorized to offer insurance to		
governmental hospitals and any subsidiary of or other entity		
affiliated with the hospital currently existing or as may be		
established; and chartered, nonprofit, eleemosynary hospitals		
and any subsidiary of or other entity affiliated with the hospital		
currently existing or as may be established in this State to		
protect these hospitals against tort liability. Notwithstanding		
any other provision of this section, the procurement of tort		
liability insurance by a hospital and any subsidiary of or other entity affiliated with the hospital currently existing or as may be		
established supported wholly or partially by public funds		
contributed by the State or any of its political subdivisions in the		
manner herein provided is not the exclusive means by which the		
hospital may procure tort liability insurance.		
(E) The authority is authorized to provide insurance for duly		
appointed members of the boards and employees of health		
system agencies, and for members of the State Health		
Coordinating Council which are created pursuant to Public Law		
93-641.		
(F) The authority is further authorized to provide insurance		
as prescribed in Sections 10-7-10 through 10-7-40, 59-67-710,		
and 59-67-790.		
(G) Documentary or other material prepared by or for the		
authority in providing any insurance coverage authorized by this		
section or any other provision of law which is contained in any		
claim file is subject to disclosure to the extent required by the		
Freedom of Information Act only after the claim is settled or		
finally concluded by a court of competent jurisdiction.		
(H) The authority is further authorized to provide insurance		
for state constables, including volunteer state constables, to		
protect these personnel against tort liability arising in the course		
of their employment, whether or not for compensation, while		

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serving in a law enforcement capacity.	, ,	
serving in a law enforcement capacity. Section 1-12-60. (A) Agencies shall insure state-owned vehicles through the authority or shall absorb the cost of accident repairs within the agency budget. (B) State employees who, while driving state-owned vehicles on official business, are involved in accidents resulting in damages to the vehicles may not be held liable to the State for the cost of repairs, except in the following cases: (1) if the operator was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs at the time of the accident and the Accident Review Board determines that the operator's impaired condition substantially was the cause of the accident, the operator may be assessed up to the full cost of repairs; and (2) in all other cases, the employee operator may be assessed for an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars for each occurrence if he is found to be at fault in the accident after a review of records conducted by a duly appointed Accident Review Board. (C) Employees subjected to these assessments may appeal		
the assessment to the following bodies, in the following order: (1) Agency Accident Review Board; (2) Agency Executive Director or governing board or commission; (3) State Motor Vehicle Management Council; and (4) State Budget and Control Board.		
Section 1-12-70. The State Financial Affairs Authority may employ special agents to examine insurance risks carried by the authority and perform any other duties which may be required of them. The cost of necessary supplies, equipment, and travel expenses of the special agents shall be paid from the revenues of the Insurance Reserve Fund.		
Section 1-12-80. To underwrite automobile liability insurance provided pursuant to this chapter, the authority is authorized to either self-insure, purchase reinsurance, or use a combination of self-insurance and reinsurance. Should the authority elect to purchase automobile liability reinsurance, the reinsurance shall be procured through a bid process in accordance with the South Carolina Consolidated Procurement Code with a contract term not to exceed three years.		
Section 1-12-90. The authority is authorized to finance the	22	

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construction of correctional facilities by issuance of capital	and the state of t	210000
improvement bonds or other methods of financing approved by		
the authority.		
Section 1-12-100. (A) By the provisions of Title 4,		
Chapter 29, of Title 4 (the Industrial Revenue Bond Act),		
Chapter 3, of Title 48 (the Pollution Control Facilities Revenue		
Bond Act), Article 11 of Chapter 7 of Title 44 (the Hospital		
Revenue Bond Act), all of the 1976 Code, and certain other		
provisions of South Carolina law, various political subdivisions		
and agencies of the State of South Carolina are authorized or		
enabled to issue their debt for the benefit of certain private		
entities in order to encourage and promote certain undertakings		
and activities which promote the public health, welfare, and		
economy of the State. There is pending in the Congress of the		
United States legislation which, if enacted in its present form,		
would impose a maximum dollar limit on the amount of the		
debt, referred to as 'private activity bonds', which could be		
issued by a state in a given year. The legislation purports to be		
effective, retroactively, to all the indebtedness issued subsequent		
to December 31, 1983. The legislation also provides that the		
inclusion of the indebtedness issued in any state within the		
limitation imposed must be determined in a manner as provided		
by the legislature of the state. The pendency of the legislation		
absent a mechanism for determining the inclusion of debt within		
the proposed limit has created uncertainty and difficulty in the		
issuance of debt to which the limitation, if imposed, might		
apply. In order to remove this uncertainty the General Assembly		
proposes to delegate to the State Financial Affairs Authority and		
the Joint Bond Review Committee, if a maximum limit upon the		
debt is imposed, the authority to designate which indebtedness is included within any limits on 'private activity bonds', which		
may be imposed by federal law or regulations and to promulgate		
rules and regulations as the State Financial Affairs Authority		
with the approval of the committee may consider necessary for		
the purposes.		
(B) The authority and the Joint Bond Review Committee		
shall develop a plan pursuant to which the authority shall		
determine which issue of indebtedness, or portions of		
indebtedness, issued by the State of South Carolina or any		
agency or political subdivision of the State must be included		
within any limitation on 'private activity bonds' or any similar		
indebtedness, proposed or imposed by any federal legislation or		
regulations. The determination may be made without regard to		

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the date of any agreements between the issuers and beneficiaries		
of any indebtedness, and no priority need be given any issue,		
issuer, or beneficiary based on any date.		
(C) The authority, after review by the Joint Bond Review		
Committee, shall promulgate regulations as it considers		
necessary or useful in connection with the authority granted in		
this section.		
Section 1-12-120. Any state governmental body which		
provides health care or social services and which has a legal		
right to be reimbursed from any private or governmental source		
for these services may contract with any vendor on a contingent		
basis to recover or to assist in the recovery of funds for		
reimbursement of the provided services. The governmental		
body may pay the vendor from funds actually collected from		
governmental or private sources as a result of the services		
provided by the vendor. The vendor must be selected pursuant		
to Section 11-35-1530, 11-35-1560, or 11-35-1570 and the		
contract must be approved by the State Budget and Control		
Board.		
Section 1-12-130. No aircraft may be purchased, leased, or		
lease-purchased for more than a thirty-day period by any state		
agency without the prior authorization of the State Financial		
Affairs Authority.		
1 11111111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Section 1-12-140. The State must defend the members of the		
State Financial Affairs Authority against a claim or suit that		
arises out of or by virtue of their performance of official duties		
on behalf of the authority and must indemnify these members		
for a loss or judgment incurred by them as a result of the claim		
or suit, without regard to whether the claim or suit is brought		
against them in their individual or official capacities, or both.		
The State must defend officers and management employees of		
the authority and legislative employees performing duties for board members against a claim or suit that arises out of or by		
virtue of performance of official duties unless the officer,		
management employee, or legislative employee was acting in		
bad faith and must indemnify these officers, management		
employees, and legislative employees for a loss or judgment		
incurred by them as a result of such claim or suit, without regard		
to whether the claim or suit is brought against them in their		
individual or official capacities, or both. This commitment to		
defend and indemnify extends to members, officers,		

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management employees, and legislative employees after they		
have left their employment with the authority or General		
Assembly, as applicable, if the claim or suit arises out of or by		
virtue of their performance of official duties on behalf of the		
authority.		
Section 1-12-150. The State Financial Affairs Authority is		
authorized to pay judgments against individual governmental		
employees and officials, in excess of one million dollars, subject		
to a maximum of four million dollars in excess of one million		
dollars for one employee and a maximum of twenty million		
dollars in excess of five million dollars in one fiscal year. These payments are limited to judgments rendered under 42 U.S.C.		
Section 1983 against governmental employees or officials who		
are covered by a tort liability policy issued by the Insurance		
Reserve Fund. These payments are also limited to judgments		
against governmental employees and officials for acts		
committed within the scope of employment. If a judgment is		
paid, the payment must be recovered by assessments against all		
governmental entities purchasing tort liability insurance from the		
Insurance Reserve Fund.		
Section 1-12-160. (A) No funds appropriated by the General		
Assembly may be used by a constitutional officer to purchase		
space including, but not limited to, notices or advertisements, in		
a print medium or time from a radio or television medium		
without unanimous prior written approval of the State Financial		
Affairs Authority.		
(B) No funds appropriated by the General Assembly may be		
used by a constitutional officer to print on, or distribute with, official documents extraneous promotional material or to		
purchase plaques, awards, citations, or other recognitions		
without unanimous prior written approval of the State Financial		
Affairs Authority.		
(C) If nonpublic funds are used for the purposes enumerated		
in subsection (A), the constitutional officer expending the funds		
must submit the source of the funds showing all contributors to		
the State Financial Affairs Authority before the funds are		
expended.		
(D) The provisions of this section do not apply to the Governor or to the General Assembly.		
Governor of to the General Assembly.		
Section 1-12-170. (A) The State Financial Affairs Authority		
is directed to survey the progress of the collection of revenue		

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and the expenditure of funds by all agencies, departments, and	Zamiolo zwilly 22000) mile franche y 3 fameliument	110000
institutions. If the authority determines that a year-end		
aggregate deficit may occur by virtue of a projected shortfall in		
anticipated revenues, it shall utilize those funds as may be		
available and required to be used to avoid a year-end deficit and		
after that take action as necessary to restrict the rate of		
expenditure of all agencies, departments, and institutions		
consistent with the provisions of this section. No agencies,		
departments, institutions, activity, program, item, special		
appropriation, or allocation for which the General Assembly has		
provided funding in any part of this section may be		
discontinued, deleted, or deferred by the authority. A reduction		
of rate of expenditure by the financial affairs authority, pursuant		
to this section, must be applied as uniformly as may be		
practicable, except that no reduction must be applied to funds		
encumbered by a written contract with the agency, department,		
or institution not connected with state government. This		
reduction is subject to any bill or resolution enacted by the		
General Assembly.		
(B) As far as practicable, all agencies, departments, and		
institutions of the State are directed to budget and allocate		
appropriations as a quarterly allocation to provide for operation		
on uniform standards throughout the fiscal year and in order to		
avoid an operating deficit for the fiscal year. It is recognized		
that academic year calendars of state institutions affect the		
uniformity of the receipt and distribution of funds during the		
year. The Comptroller General shall make reports to the		
authority as they consider advisable on an agency, department,		
or institution that is expending authorized appropriations at a		
rate which predicts or projects a general fund deficit for the		
agency, department, or institution. The authority is directed to		
require the agency, department, or institution to file a quarterly		
allocations plan and is further authorized to restrict the rate of		
expenditures of the agency, department, or institution if the		
authority determines that a deficit may occur. It is the		
responsibility of the agency, department, or institution to		
develop a plan, in consultation with the authority, which		
eliminates or reduces a deficit. If the authority makes a finding		
that the cause of, or likelihood of, a deficit is unavoidable due to		
factors which are outside the control of the agency, department,		
or institution, then the authority may determine that the		
recognition of the agency, department, or institution is		
appropriate and shall notify the General Assembly of this action		
or the presiding officer of the House and Senate if the General		

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Assembly is not in session. The authority only may recognize a	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
deficit by a vote of at least four members.		
(C) Upon receipt of the notification from the authority, the		
General Assembly may authorize supplemental appropriations		
from any surplus revenues that existed at the close of the		
previous fiscal year. If the General Assembly fails to take		
action, then the finding of the authority shall stand, and the		
actual deficit at the close of the fiscal year must be reduced as		
necessary from surplus revenues or surplus funds available at the		
close of the fiscal year in which the deficit occurs and from		
funds available in the Capital Reserve Fund and General		
Reserve Fund, as required by the Constitution of this State. If		
the authority finds that the cause of or likelihood of a deficit is		
the result of the agency, department, or institution management,		
then the state officials responsible for management of the		
agency, department, or institution involved must be held liable		
for it and the financial affairs authority shall notify the Agency		
Head Salary Commission of this finding. In the case of a		
finding that a projected deficit is the result of the management of		
the agency, department, or institution, the authority shall take		
steps immediately to curtail agency, department, or institution		
expenditures to bring expenditures in line with authorized		
appropriations and avoid a year-end operating deficit.		
Section 1-12-180. If the State Financial Affairs Authority or		
the General Assembly mandates an across-the-board reduction,		
state agencies are encouraged to reduce general operating		
expenses including, but not limited to, travel, training,		
procurement, hiring of temporary and contractual employees		
before reductions are made to programs, special line items, or		
local provider services critical to an agency's mission.		
Section 1-12-190. (A) In addition to the powers granted the		
State Financial Affairs Authority pursuant to this chapter or		
another provision of law, the authority may require submission		
and approval of plans and specifications for permanent		
improvements by a state department, agency, or institution		
before a contract is awarded for the permanent improvement.		
(B) The authority may promulgate regulations necessary to		
carry out its duties.		
(C) The respective divisions of the authority and the		
Department of Administration are authorized to provide to and		
receive from other governmental entities, including other		
divisions and state and local agencies and departments, goods		

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and services as will in its opinion promote efficient and economical operations. The divisions may charge and pay the entities for the goods and services, the revenue from which must be deposited in the state treasury in a special account and expended only for the costs of providing the goods and services, and those funds may be retained and expended for the same purposes.	Senators Davis, Rose, and Wassey's Amendment	Notes
Article 3 Allocation of State Ceiling on Issuance of Private Activity Bonds		
Section 1-12-300. The state ceiling on the issuance of private activity bonds as defined in Section 146 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the Code) established in the act must be certified annually by the State Financial Affairs Authority based upon the provisions of the act. The financial affairs authority shall make this certification as soon as practicable after the estimates of the population of the State of South Carolina to be used in the calculation are published by the United States Bureau of the Census but in no event later than February first of each calendar year.		
Section 1-12-310. (A) The private activity bond limit for all issuing authorities must be allocated by the financial affairs authority in response to authorized requests as described this article by the issuing authorities. (B) The aggregate private activity bond limit amount for all South Carolina issuing authorities is allocated initially to the State for further allocation within the limits prescribed herein. (C) Except as is provided in this article, all allocations must be made by the financial affairs authority on a first-come, first-served basis, to be determined by the date and time sequence in which complete authorized requests are received by the financial affairs authority.		
Section 1-12-320. (A) The private activity bond limit for all state government issuing authorities now or hereafter authorized to issue private activity bonds as defined in the act, to be known as the 'state government pool', is forty percent of the state ceiling less any amount shifted to the local pool as described in subsection (B) of this section or plus any amount shifted from that pool. (B) The private activity bond limit for all issuing authorities		

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other than state government agencies, to be known as the 'local	, ,	
pool', is sixty percent of the state ceiling plus any amount		
shifted from the state government pool or less any amount		
shifted to that pool.		
(C) The financial affairs authority, with review and comment		
by the Joint Bond Review Committee, may shift unallocated		
amounts from one pool to the other at any time.		
and the same poor to the other the thing time.		
Section 1-12-330. (A) For private activity bonds proposed		
for issue by other than state government issuing authorities, an		
authorized request is a request included in a petition to the		
financial affairs authority that a specific amount of the state		
ceiling be allocated to the bonds for which the petition is filed.		
The petition must be accompanied by a copy of the Inducement		
Contract, Inducement Resolution, or other comparable		
preliminary approval entered into or adopted by the issuing		
authority, if any, relating to the bonds. The financial affairs		
authority shall forward promptly to the committee a copy of		
each petition received.		
(B) For private activity bonds proposed for issue by any state		
government issuing authority, an authorized request is a request		
included in a petition to the financial affairs authority that a		
specific amount of the state ceiling be allocated to the bonds for		
which the petition is filed. The petition must be accompanied by		
a bond resolution or comparable action by the issuing authority		
authorizing the issuance of the bonds. The authority shall		
forward promptly to the committee a copy of each petition		
received.		
(C) Each authorized request must demonstrate that the		
allocation amount requested constitutes all of the private activity		
bond financing contemplated at the time for the project and any		
other facilities located at or used as a part of an integrated		
operation with the project.		
operation with the projects		
Section 1-12-340. (A) The financial affairs authority, with		
review and comment by the committee, may disapprove, reduce,		
or defer any authorized request. If it becomes necessary to		
exercise this power, the financial affairs authority and the		
committee shall take into account the public interest in		
promoting economic growth and job creation.		
(B) Authorized requests for state ceiling allocations of more		
than ten million dollars for a single project are deferred until		
after July first unless the financial affairs authority, after review		
and comment by the committee, determines in any particular		
and comment by the committee, determines in any particular		

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instance that the positive impact upon the State of approving an		
allocation of an amount greater than ten million dollars is of		
such significance that approval of the allocation is warranted.		
Tr		
Section 1-12-350. (A) An allocation of the state ceiling		
approved by the State Financial Affairs Authority is made		
formal initially by a certificate which allocates tentatively a		
specific amount of the state ceiling to the bonds for which the		
allocation is requested. This tentative allocation certificate must		
specify the state ceiling amount allocated, the issuing authority		
and the project involved, and the time period during which the		
tentative allocation is valid. This certificate must remind the		
issuing authority that the tentative allocation is made final after		
the issuing authority chairman or other duly authorized official		
or agent of the issuing authority, before the issue is made,		
certifies the issue amount and the projected date of issue, as is		
required by subsection (B) of this section. It also may include		
other information considered relevant by the financial affairs		
authority.		
(B) The chairman or other authorized official or agent of an		
issuing authority issuing any private activity bond for which a		
portion of the state ceiling has been allocated tentatively shall		
execute and deliver to the financial affairs authority an issue		
amount certificate setting forth the exact amount of bonds to be		
issued and the projected bond issue date which date must not be		
more than ten business days after the date of the issue amount		
certificate and it must be before the state ceiling allocation		
involved expires. The issue amount certificate may be an		
executed copy of the appropriate completed Internal Revenue Service form to be submitted to the Internal Revenue Service on		
the issue or it may be in the form of a letter which certifies the		
exact amount of bonds to be issued and the projected date of the		
issue.		
(C) In response to the issuing authority's issue amount		
certificate required by subsection (B) of this section, the		
financial affairs authority is authorized to issue and, as may be		
necessary, to revise a certificate making final the ceiling		
allocation approved previously by the financial affairs authority		
on a tentative basis, if the financial affairs authority determines		
that:		
(1) the issuing authority's issue amount certificate		
specifies an amount not in excess of the approved tentative		
ceiling allocation amount;		
(2) the issue amount certificate was received prior to the		

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calendar days to a total of not more than one hundred	, ,	
twenty-one consecutive calendar days.		
(D) In response to a written request by the chairman or other		
authorized official or agent of an issuing authority, the financial		
affairs authority may reinstate for a period of not more than		
thirty-one consecutive calendar days in any one calendar year		
part or all of an allocation approved but not extended previously		
in accordance with subsection (C) of this section in that same		
calendar year which has expired. The reinstatement request		
must certify that the authorized request submitted previously is		
still true and correct or a new authorized request must be		
submitted.		
(E) A tentative ceiling allocation is canceled automatically if		
the chairman or other authorized official or agent of the issuing		
authority involved fails to deliver the issue amount certificate		
required by this article to the financial affairs authority before		
the bonds for which the allocation is made are issued.		
(F) The chairman or other authorized official or agent of an		
issuing authority shall advise the financial affairs authority in		
writing as soon as is practicable after a decision is made not to		
issue bonds for which a portion of the state ceiling has been		
allocated. All notices of relinquishment of ceiling allocations		
must be entered promptly in the financial affairs authority's		
records.		
(G) Ceiling allocations which are eligible and approved for		
carry-forward election are not subject to the validity limits of		
this section. The financial affairs authority shall join with the		
issuing authorities involved in carry-forward election statements		
to meet the requirements of the Internal Revenue Service.		
Section 1-12-370. The financial affairs authority must		
adopt the policies and procedures it considers necessary for the		
equitable and effective administration of the provisions		
contained in this article."		
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Part VI		
Conforming and Miscellaneous Amendments for the		
Department of Administration		
GEOTION 12 A G .: C2 11 1210 C : 1 1277 C . 1		
SECTION 12. A. Section 63-11-1310 of the 1976 Code is		
amended to read:		
"Spation 62 11 1210 It is the marriage of this article to		
"Section 63-11-1310. It is the purpose of this article to		

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develop and enhance the delivery of services to severely emotionally disturbed children and youth and to ensure that the special needs of this population are met appropriately to the extent possible within this State. To achieve this objective, the Continuum of Care for Emotionally Disturbed Children Division is established in the office of the Governor Department of Administration. This article supplements and does not supplant existing services provided to this population."		
"Section 63-11-1510 of the 1976 Code is amended to read: "Section 63-11-1510. There is established the Interagency System for Caring for Emotionally Disturbed Children, an integrated system of care to be developed by the Continuum of Care for Emotionally Disturbed Children of the Governor's Office in the Department of Administration, the Department of Disabilities and Special Needs, the State Health and Human Services Finance Commission, the Department of Mental Health, and the Department of Social Services to be implemented by November 1, 1994. The goal of the system is to implement South Carolina's Families First Policy and to support children in a manner that enables them to function in a community setting. The system shall provide assessment and evaluation procedures to insure a proper service plan and placement for each child. This system must have as a key component the clear identification of the agency accountable for monitoring on a regular basis each child's care plan and procedures to evaluate and certify the programs offered by providers."		
C. Section 1-30-110 of the 1976 Code is repealed. SECTION 13. A. Section 1-11-22 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:	SECTION 13. A. Section 1-11-22 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:	
"Section 1-11-22. (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Budget and Control Board may organize its staff as it deems considers most appropriate to carry out the various duties, responsibilities and authorities assigned to it and to its various divisions and management and organizational entities. (B) To the extent that any provision of law divides or devolves any responsibilities of any division, office, or program of the Budget and Control Board between the board and one or more state agencies, including the State Financial Affairs	"Section 1-11-22. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the <u>Budget and Control Board Department of Administration</u> may organize its staff as it <u>deems most considers</u> appropriate to carry out the various duties, responsibilities and authorities assigned to it <u>and to its various divisions</u> ."	

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Authority, the receiving agency must, within forty-five days of	, ,	
the effective date of the relevant law, submit a realignment plan		
for the allocation of staff, assets, and resources to the board's		
executive director, who shall immediately distribute the plan to		
the members of the board. A realignment plan shall be		
considered adopted at the conclusion of the next Budget and		
Control Board meeting unless three members of the board at that		
meeting vote to reject it. Upon approval, the Office of the		
Executive Director must provide for the allocation as specified		
in the realignment plan as soon as practicable."		
B. Sections 1-11-55, 1-11-56, and 1-11-58 of the 1976 Code		
are amended to read:		
"Section 1-11-55. (1) 'Governmental body' means a state		
government department, commission, council, board, bureau,		
committee, institution, college, university, technical school,		
legislative body, agency, government corporation, or other		
establishment or official of the executive, judicial, or legislative		
branches branch of this State. Governmental body excludes the		
General Assembly, Legislative Council, the Office of		
Legislative Printing, Information and Technology Systems, the		
judicial department and all local political subdivisions such as		
counties, municipalities, school districts, or public service or		
special purpose districts.		
(2) The Budget and Control Board Division of General		
Services of the Department of Administration is hereby		
designated as the single central broker for the leasing of real		
property for governmental bodies. No governmental body shall		
enter into any lease agreement or renew any existing lease		
except in accordance with the provisions of this section.		
(3) When any governmental body needs to acquire real		
property for its operations or any part thereof and state-owned		
property is not available, it shall notify the Office Division of		
General Services of its requirement on rental request forms		
prepared by the office division. Such forms shall indicate the		
amount and location of space desired, the purpose for which it		
shall be used, the proposed date of occupancy and such other		
information as General Services may require. Upon receipt of		
any such request, General Services shall conduct an		
investigation of available rental space which would adequately		
meet the governmental body's requirements, including specific		
locations which may be suggested and preferred by the		
governmental body concerned. When suitable space has been		

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private space being leased by the agency;	, , ,	* * ***
(4) rejecting an agency's request for additional space or		
space at a specific location, or both;		
(5) directing agencies to be located in public space, when		
available, before private space can be leased;		
(6) requiring the agency to submit a multi-year financial plan		
for review by the board's budget office department with copies		
sent to Ways and Means Committee and Senate Finance		
Committee, before any new lease for space is entered into; and		
requiring prior review by the Joint Bond Review Committee and		
the requirement of Budget and Control Board approval before		
the adoption of any new lease that commits more than one		
million dollars in a five-year period; and		
(7) requiring prior review by the Joint Bond Review		
Committee and the requirement of Budget and Control Board		
approval before the adoption of any new lease that commits		
more than one million dollars in a five-year period.		
Section 1-11-58. (1) Every state agency, as defined by		
Section 1-19-40, shall annually perform an inventory and		
prepare a report of all residential and surplus real property		
owned by it. The report shall be submitted to the State Budget		
and Control Board Department of Administration, Office		
<u>Division</u> of General Services, on or before June thirtieth and		
shall indicate current use, current value, and projected use of the		
property. Property not currently being utilized for necessary		
agency operations shall be made available for sale and funds		
received from the sale of the property shall revert to the general		
fund.		
(2) The Office Division of General Services will shall		
review the annual reports addressing real property submitted to		
it and determine the real property which is surplus to the State.		
A central listing of such property will be maintained for		
reference in reviewing subsequent property acquisition needs of		
agencies.		
(3) Upon receipt of a request by an agency to acquire		
additional property, the Office Division of General Services		
shall review the surplus property list to determine if the agency's		
needs ean may be met from existing state-owned property. If		
such property is identified, the Office division of General		
Services shall act as broker in transferring the property to the		
requesting agency under terms and conditions that are mutually		
agreeable to the agencies involved.		
(4) The Budget and Control Board department may authorize		
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the Office Division of General Services to sell any unassigned	Schauls Davis, Ruse, and Massey's Amenument	TAUCS
surplus real property. The Office of General Services division shall have the discretion to determine the method of disposal to be used, which possible methods include: auction, sealed bids, listing the property with a private broker, or any other method determined by the Office of General Services division to be commercially reasonable considering the type and location of property involved. (5) Any proposed surplus property transaction under the jurisdiction of the Department of Administration, either directly or indirectly, that exceeds one million dollars must be presented to the State Financial Affairs Authority for approval."	SUBSECTION (5) WOULD BE DELETED	
1-11-100, and 1-11-110 of the 1976 Code are amended to read:		
"Section 1-11-65. (A) All transactions involving real property, made for or by any governmental bodies, excluding political subdivisions of the State, must be approved by and recorded with the State Budget and Control Board Department of Administration, except that a transaction of real property exceeding one million dollars in value shall instead be approved by the State Financial Affairs Authority. Upon approval of the transaction by the Budget and Control Board, there must be recorded simultaneously with the deed, a certificate of acceptance, which acknowledges the board's approving entity's approval of the transaction. The county recording authority cannot accept for recording any deed not accompanied by a certificate of acceptance. The board approving entity may exempt a governmental body from the provisions of this subsection. (B) All state agencies, departments, and institutions authorized by law to accept gifts of tangible personal property shall have executed by its governing body an acknowledgment of acceptance prior to transfer of the tangible personal property to the agency, department, or institution.	the State Budget and Control Board Department of Administration. Upon approval of the transaction by the Budget and Control Board, there must be recorded simultaneously with the deed, a certificate of acceptance, which acknowledges the board's department's approval of the transaction. The county recording authority cannot accept for recording any deed not accompanied by a certificate of acceptance. The board department may exempt a governmental body from the provisions of this subsection.	
Section 1-11-67. The State Budget and Control Board		
Department of Administration shall assess and collect a rental		
charge from all state departments and agencies that occupy State		
Budget and Control Board space in state-controlled office		
buildings <u>under its jurisdiction</u> . The amount charged each department or agency must be calculated on a square foot, or		
other equitable basis of measurement, and at rates that will yield		
the equipment of the action of the action of the will yield	l	<u>l</u>

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sufficient total annual revenue to cover the annual principal and	, ,	
interest due or anticipated on the Capital Improvement		
Obligations for projects administered or planned by the Office of		
General Services department, and maintenance and operation		
costs of State Budget and Control Board-controlled		
<u>department-controlled</u> office buildings under the supervision of		
the Office of General Services. The amount collected must be		
deposited in a special account and must be expended only for		
payment on Capital Improvement Obligations and maintenance		
and operations costs of the buildings under the supervision of		
the Office of General Services department.		
All departments and agencies against which rental charges are		
assessed and whose operations are financed in whole or in part		
by federal or other non-appropriated funds are both directed to		
apportion the payment of these charges equitably among all		
funds to ensure that each bears its proportionate share.		
Any rent charged to the legislative and judicial agencies must		
be in compliance with the memorandum of understanding		
required in Section 1-30-125.		
Section 1-11-70. All vacant lands and lands purchased by the		
former land commissioners of the State shall be are subject to		
the directions of the State Budget and Control Board Department		
of Administration.		
Section 1-11-80. The State Budget and Control Board		
<u>Department of Administration</u> is authorized to grant easements		
and rights of way to any person for construction and		
maintenance of power lines, pipe lines, water and sewer lines		
and railroad facilities over, on or under such vacant lands or		
marshland as are owned by the State, upon payment of the		
reasonable value thereof.		
Section 1-11-90. The State Budget and Control Board		
<u>Department of Administration</u> may grant to agencies or political		
subdivisions of the State, without compensation, rights of way		
through and over such marshlands as are owned by the State for		
the construction and maintenance of roads, streets and highways		
or power or pipe lines, if, in the judgment of the Budget and		
Control Board department, the interests of the State will not be		
adversely affected thereby. A grant exceeding one million	affected thereby. [NOTE: Next sentence would be deleted.]	
dollars in value shall instead require the approval of State		
Financial Affairs Authority.		

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Section 1-11-100. Deeds or other instruments conveying	Z	- 13465
such rights of way or easements over such marshlands or vacant		
lands as are owned by the State shall be executed by the		
Governor in the name of the State, when authorized by		
resolution of the Budget and Control Board, duly recorded in the		
minutes and records of such board authorized by the Department		
of Administration, and when duly approved by the office of the		
Attorney General; deeds or other instruments conveying such		
easements over property in the name of or under the control of		
State agencies, institutions, commissions or other bodies shall be		
executed by the majority of the governing body thereof, shall		
name both the State of South Carolina and the institution,		
agency, commission or governing body as grantors, and shall		
show the written approval of the majority of the members of the		
State Budget and Control Board director of the Department of		
Administration.		
Section 1-11-110. (1) The State Budget and Control		
Board Department of Administration is authorized to acquire		
real property, including any estate or interest therein, for, and in		
the name of, the State of South Carolina by gift, purchase,		
condemnation or otherwise. An acquisition exceeding one	DELETE THE ADDED SENTENCE CONCERNING	
million dollars in value shall instead require the approval of the	APPROVAL	
State Financial Affairs Authority.		
(2) The State Budget and Control Board shall make use of		
the provisions of the Eminent Domain Procedure Act (Chapter 2		
of Title 28) if it is necessary to acquire real property by		
condemnation. The actions must be maintained by and in the		
name of the board. The right of condemnation is limited to the		
right to acquire land necessary for the development of the		
Capitol Complex mall grounds in the City of Columbia."		
D. Section 1-11-180 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		
"Section 1-11-180. (A) In addition to the powers granted the		
Budget and Control Board Department of Administration under		
this chapter or any other provision of law, the board department		
may:		
(1) survey, appraise, examine, and inspect the condition of		
state property to determine what is necessary to protect state		
property against fire or deterioration and to conserve the use of		
the property for state purposes;		
(2) approve the destruction or disposal of state agency		
records;		

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(3) require submission and approval of plans and		
specifications for permanent improvements by a state		
department, agency, or institution before a contract is awarded		
for the permanent improvement;		
(4) approve blanket bonds for a state department, agency,		
or institution including bonds for state officials or personnel.		
However, the form and execution of blanket bonds must be		
approved by the Attorney General; and		
(5)(3) contract to develop an energy utilization		
management system for state facilities under its control and to		
assist other agencies and departments in establishing similar		
programs. However, this does not authorize capital		
expenditures.		
(B) The Budget and Control Board may South Carolina		
Department of Administration shall promulgate regulations		
necessary to carry out this section."		
E. Chapter 11, Title 1 of the 1976 Code is amended by		
adding:		
"Section 1-11-185. (A) In addition to the powers granted the		
Budget and Control Board pursuant to this chapter or another		
provision of law, the board may require submission and		
approval of plans and specifications for permanent		
improvements by a state department, agency, or institution		
before a contract is awarded for the permanent improvement.		
(B) The Budget and Control Board may promulgate		
regulations necessary to carry out its duties.		
(C) The respective divisions of the Budget and Control		
Board and the Department of Administration are authorized to		
provide to and receive from other governmental entities,		
including other divisions and state and local agencies and		
departments, goods and services as will in its opinion promote		
efficient and economical operations. The divisions may charge		
and pay the entities for the goods and services, the revenue from		
which must be deposited in the state treasury in a special		
account and expended only for the costs of providing the goods and services, and those funds may be retained and expended for		
the same purposes."		
F. (1) Section 1-11-220 of the 1976 Code, as last amended		
by Act 203 of 2008, is further amended to read:		
by 11ct 203 of 2000, is further afficient to feat.		
"Section 1-11-220. There is hereby established within the		
Section 1-11-220. There is never established within the		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
Budget and Control Board South Carolina Department of	50140018 2 W + 150, 210500) W114 11245500 J 6 121114114111	210000
Administration, the Division of Motor Vehicle Management		
General Services, Program of Fleet Management headed by a		
Director, hereafter referred to as the 'State Fleet Manager'		
appointed by and reporting directly to the Budget and Control		
Board department, hereafter referred to as the Board. The Board		
department shall develop a comprehensive state Fleet		
Management Program. The program shall address acquisition,		
assignment, identification, replacement, disposal, maintenance,		
and operation of motor vehicles.		
The Budget and Control Board department shall, through their		
its policies and regulations, seek to achieve the following		
objectives:		
(a) to achieve maximum cost-effectiveness management		
of state-owned motor vehicles in support of the established		
missions and objectives of the agencies, boards, and		
commissions-;		
(b) to eliminate unofficial and unauthorized use of state		
vehicles-;		
(c) to minimize individual assignment of state vehicles-:		
(d) to eliminate the reimbursable use of personal vehicles		
for accomplishment of official travel when this use is more		
costly than use of state vehicles.;		
(e) to acquire motor vehicles offering optimum energy		
efficiency for the tasks to be performed-:		
(f) to insure motor vehicles are operated in a safe manner		
in accordance with a statewide Fleet Safety Program; and		
(g) to improve environmental quality in this State by		
decreasing the discharge of pollutants."		
(2) Section 1-11-225 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		
"Section 1-11-225. The Division of Operations South		
Carolina Department of Administration shall establish a cost		
allocation plan to recover the cost of operating the		
comprehensive statewide Fleet Management Program. The		
division shall collect, retain, and carry forward funds to ensure		
continuous administration of the program."		
(3) Sections 1-11-250, 1-11-260, 1-11-270(A), 1-11-280,		
1-11-290; 1-11-300, 1-11-310, as last amended by Act 203 of		
2008, 1-11-315, 1-11-320; 1-11-335, and 1-11-340 of the 1976		
Code are amended to read:		

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"Section 1-11-250. For purposes of Sections 1-11-220 to		
1-11-330:		
(a) 'State agency' means all officers, departments, boards,		
commissions, institutions, universities, colleges, and all persons		
and administrative units of state government that operate motor		
vehicles purchased, leased, or otherwise held with the use of		
state funds, pursuant to an appropriation, grant or encumbrance		
of state funds, or operated pursuant to authority granted by the		
State.		
(b) 'Board Department' means State Budget and Control		
Board the South Carolina Department of Administration.		
Section 1-11-260. (A) The Fleet Manager shall report		
annually to the Budget and Control Board department and the		
General Assembly concerning the performance of each state		
agency in achieving the objectives enumerated in Sections		
1-11-220 through 1-11-330 and include in the report a summary		
of the division's program's efforts in aiding and assisting the		
various state agencies in developing and maintaining their		
management practices in accordance with the comprehensive		
statewide Motor Vehicle Fleet Management Program. This		
report also shall contain recommended changes in the law and		
regulations necessary to achieve these objectives.		
(B) The board department, after consultation with state		
agency heads, shall promulgate and enforce state policies,		
procedures, and regulations to achieve the goals of Sections		
1-11-220 through 1-11-330 and shall recommend administrative		
penalties to be used by the agencies for violation of prescribed		
procedures and regulations relating to the Fleet Management		
Program.		
Section 1-11-270. (A) The board department shall establish		
criteria for individual assignment of motor vehicles based on the		
functional requirements of the job, which shall reduce the		
assignment to situations clearly beneficial to the State. Only the		
Governor, statewide elected officials, and agency heads are		
provided a state-owned vehicle based on their position.		
Section 1-11-280. The Board department shall develop a		
system of agency-managed and interagency motor pools which		
are, to the maximum extent possible, cost beneficial to the State.		
All motor pools shall operate according to regulations		
promulgated by the Budget and Control Board department.		
Vehicles shall be placed in motor pools rather than being		

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individually assigned except as specifically authorized by the		
Board department in accordance with criteria established by the		
Board department. The motor pool operated by the Division of		
General Services shall be transferred to the Division of Motor		
Vehicle Management. Agencies utilizing motor pool vehicles		
shall utilize trip log forms approved by the Board department for		
each trip, specifying beginning and ending mileage and the job		
function performed.		
The provisions of this section shall not apply to school buses		
and service vehicles.		
Section 1-11-290. The Board department in consultation with		
the agencies operating maintenance facilities shall study the		
cost-effectiveness of such facilities versus commercial		
alternatives and shall develop a plan for maximally		
cost-effective vehicle maintenance. The Budget and Control		
Board department shall promulgate rules and regulations		
governing vehicle maintenance to effectuate the plan.		
The State Vehicle Maintenance program shall include:		
(a) central purchasing of supplies and parts;		
(b) an effective inventory control system;		
(c) a uniform work order and record-keeping system		
assigning actual maintenance cost to each vehicle; and		
(d) preventive maintenance programs for all types of		
vehicles.		
All motor fuels shall be purchased from state facilities except		
in cases where such purchase is impossible or not cost beneficial		
to the State.		
All fuels, lubricants, parts, and maintenance costs including		
those purchased from commercial vendors shall be charged to a		
state credit card bearing the license plate number of the vehicle serviced and the bill shall include the mileage on the odometer		
of the vehicle at the time of service.		
of the vehicle at the time of service.		
Section 1-11-300. In accordance with criteria established by		
the board department, each agency shall develop and implement		
a uniform cost accounting and reporting system to ascertain the		
cost per mile of each motor vehicle used by the State under their		
control. Agencies presently operating under existing systems		
may continue to do so provided that board departmental		
approval shall be is required and that the existing systems shall		
be are uniform with the criteria established by the board		
<u>department</u> . All expenditures on a vehicle for gasoline and oil		
shall be purchased in one of the following ways:		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
(1) from state-owned facilities and paid for by the use of	, ,	
Universal State Credit Cards except where agencies purchase		
these products in bulk;		
(2) from any fuel outlet where gasoline and oil are sold		
regardless of whether the outlet accepts a credit or charge card		
when the purchase is necessary or in the best interest of the		
State; and		
(3) from a fuel outlet where gasoline and oil are sold when		
that outlet agrees to accept the Universal State Credit Card.		
These provisions regarding purchase of gasoline and oil and		
usability of the state credit card also apply to alternative		
transportation fuels where available. The Budget and Control		
Board Division of Operations department shall adjust the		
budgetary appropriation in Part IA, Section 63B, for 'Operating		
ExpensesLease Fleet' to reflect the dollar savings realized by		
these provisions and transfer such amount to other areas of the		
State Fleet Management Program. The Board department shall		
promulgate regulations regarding the purchase of motor vehicle		
equipment and supplies to ensure that agencies within a		
reasonable distance are not duplicating maintenance services or		
purchasing equipment that is not in the best interest of the State.		
The Board department shall develop a uniform method to be		
used by the agencies to determine the cost per mile for each		
vehicle operated by the State.		
Section 1-11-310. (A) The State Budget and Control Board		
Department of Administration shall purchase, acquire, transfer,		
replace, and dispose of all motor vehicles on the basis of		
maximum cost-effectiveness and lowest anticipated total life		
cycle costs.		
(B) The standard state fleet sedan or station wagon must be		
no larger than a compact model and the special state fleet sedan		
or station wagon must be no larger than an intermediate model. The director of the Division of Motor Vehicle Management		
State Fleet Manager shall determine the types of vehicles which fit into these classes. Only these classes of sedans and station		
wagons may be purchased by the State for nonlaw enforcement		
use.		
(C) The State shall purchase police sedans only for the use of		
law enforcement officers, as defined by the Internal Revenue		
Code. Purchase of a vehicle under this subsection must be		
concurred in by the director of the Division of Motor Vehicle		
Management State Fleet Manager and must be in accordance		
with regulations promulgated or procedures adopted under		
The regulations promote and procedures adopted under	15	

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
Sections 1-11-220 through 1-11-340 which must take into	Soldword David, 2000) with Transfer of Transfer	1,000
consideration the agency's mission, the intended use of the		
vehicle, and the officer's duties. Law enforcement agency		
vehicles used by employees whose job functions do not meet the		
Internal Revenue Service definition of 'Law Enforcement		
Officer' must be standard or special state fleet sedans.		
(D) All state motor vehicles must be titled to the State and		
must be received by and remain in the possession of the Division		
Program of Motor Vehicle Fleet Management pending sale or		
disposal of the vehicle.		
(E) Titles to school buses and service vehicles operated by		
the State Department of Education and vehicles operated by the		
South Carolina Department of Transportation must be retained		
by those agencies.		
(F) Exceptions to requirements in subsections (B) and (C)		
must be approved by the director of the Division of Motor		
Vehicle Management State Fleet Manager. Requirements in		
subsection (B) do not apply to the State Development Board.		
(G) Preference in purchasing state motor vehicles must be		
given to vehicles assembled in the United States with at least		
seventy-five percent domestic content as determined by the		
appropriate federal agency.		
(H) Preference in purchasing state motor vehicles must be		
given to hybrid, plug-in hybrid, bio-diesel, hydrogen, fuel cell,		
or flex-fuel vehicles when the performance, quality, and		
anticipated life cycle costs are comparable to other available		
motor vehicles.		
Section 1-11-315. The State Budget and Control Board		
<u>Department of Administration</u> , Division of <u>General Services</u> ,		
Program of Motor Vehicle Fleet Management, shall determine		
the extent to which the state vehicle fleet can be configured to		
operate on alternative transportation fuels. This determination		
must be based on a thorough evaluation of each alternative fuel		
and the feasibility of using such fuels to power state vehicles.		
The state fleet must be configured in a manner that will serve as		
a model for other corporate and government fleets in the use of		
alternative transportation fuel. By March 1, 1993, the Division		
Program of Motor Vehicle Fleet Management must submit a		
plan to the General Assembly for the use of alternative		
transportation fuels for the state vehicle fleet that will enable the		
state vehicle fleet to serve as a model for corporate and other		
government fleets in the use of alternative transportation fuel.		
This plan must contain a cost/benefit analysis of the proposed		

Section 1-11-320. The Board department shall ensure that all the owned motor vehicles are identified as such through the e of permanent state government license attes and either state or agency seal decals. No vehicles shall exempt from the requirements for identification except those empted by the Board department. This section shall not apply to vehicles supplied to law forcement officers when, in the opinion of the Board partment after consulting with the Chief of the State Law decrover law enforcement work to the extent that the actual	Section 1-11-320. The Board department shall ensure that all state-cowned motor vehicles are identified as such through the use of permanent state government (icense plates and either state or agency seal decals. No vehicles shall be exempt from the requirements for identification except those exempted by the Board department. This section shall not apply to vehicles supplied to law enforcement officers when, in the opinion of the Board department after consulting with the Chief of the State Law Enforcement Division, those officers are actually involved in undercover law enforcement work to the extent that the actual investigation of criminal cases or the investigators' physical well-being would be joepartized if they were identified. The Board department is authorized to exempt vehicles carrying human service agency clients in those instances in which the privacy of the client would clearly and necessarily be impaired. Section 1-11-335. The respective divisions of the Budget and Control Board and the Department of Administration are authorized to provide to and receive from other governmental entities, including other divisions and state and local agencies and departments, goods and services, as will in its opinion promote efficient and economical operations. The divisions may charge and pay the entities for the goods and services, the revenue from which shall be deposited in the state treasury in a special account and expended only for the costs of providing the goods and services, and such funds may be retained and expended for the same purposes.
ell-being would be jeopardized if they were identified. The word department is authorized to exempt vehicles carrying man service agency clients in those instances in which the ivacy of the client would clearly and necessarily be impaired. Section 1-11-335. The respective divisions of the Budget and ontrol Board and the Department of Administration are thorized to provide to and receive from other governmental tities, including other divisions and state and local agencies departments, goods and services, as will in its opinion omote efficient and economical operations. The divisions may arge and pay the entities for the goods and services, the venue from which shall be deposited in the state treasury in a ecial account and expended only for the costs of providing the ods and services, and such funds may be retained and pended for the same purposes. Section 1-11-340. The Board department shall develop and plement a statewide Fleet Safety Program for operators of the owned vehicles which shall serve to minimize the amount differ rising insurance premiums and reduce the number of cidents involving state-owned vehicles. The Board partment shall promulgate rules and regulations requiring the	Section 1-11-340. The Board department shall develop and implement a statewide Fleet Safety Program for operators of state-owned vehicles which shall serve to minimize the amount paid for rising insurance premiums and reduce the number of accidents involving state-owned vehicles. The Board department shall promulgate rules and regulations requiring the establishment of an accident review board by each agency and mandatory driver training in those instances where remedial training for employees would serve the best interest of the State."

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"Section 1-11-435. To protect the state's critical information	~	1,000
technology infrastructure and associated data systems in the		
event of a major disaster, whether natural or otherwise, and to		
allow the services to the citizens of this State to continue in such		
an event, the Office Division of the State Chief Information	the Office Division of the State Chief Information Officer	
Officer Technology in the Budget and Control Board (CIO)	Technology in the Department of Administration (CIO) should	
should develop a Critical Information Technology Infrastructure	reciniology in the Department of National Coop should	
Protection Plan devising policies and procedures to provide for		
the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of, and to allow for		
alternative and immediate online access to critical data and		
information systems including, but not limited to, health and		
human services, law enforcement, and related agency data		
necessary to provide critical information to citizens and ensure		
the protection of state employees as they carry out their		
disaster-related duties. All state agencies and political		
subdivisions of this State are directed to assist the Office of the		
State CIO division in the collection of data required for this		
plan."		
Piwii.		
H. Section 2-13-240(a) of the 1976 Code is amended by		
adding at the end:		
"(89) Department of Administration, six."		
I. Chapter 9, Title 3 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		
"CHA DEED O		
"CHAPTER 9		
Acquisition and Distribution of Federal Surplus Property		
Section 2.0.10 (c) The Division of Committee		
Section 3-9-10. (a) The Division of General Services of the		
State Budget and Control Board Department of Administration		
is authorized: (1) to acquire from the United States of America under		
(1) to acquire from the United States of America under		
and in conformance with the provisions of Section 203 (j) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as		
amended, hereafter referred to as the 'act,' such property,		
including equipment, materials, books, or other supplies under		
the control of any department or agency of the United States of		
America as may be usable and necessary for purposes of		
education, public health or civil defense, including research for		
any such purpose, and for such other purposes as may now or		
hereafter be authorized by federal law;		
(2) to warehouse such property; and		
(3) to distribute such property within the State to		
(5) to sibilitate sacri property within the state to	10	

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tax-supported medical institutions, hospitals, clinics, health	, ,	
centers, school systems, schools, colleges and universities within		
the State, to other nonprofit medical institutions, hospitals,		
clinics, health centers, schools, colleges and universities which		
are exempt from taxation under Section 501 (c)(3) of the United		
States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, to civil defense		
organizations of the State, or political subdivisions and		
instrumentalities thereof, which are established pursuant to State		
law, and to such other types of institutions or activities as may		
now be or hereafter become eligible under Federal law to		
acquire such property.		
(b) The Division of General Services of the Department of		
Administration is authorized to receive applications from		
eligible health and educational institutions for the acquisition of		
Federal surplus real property, investigate the applications, obtain		
expression of views respecting the applications from the		
appropriate health or educational authorities of the State, make		
recommendations regarding the need of such applicant for the		
property, the merits of its proposed program of utilization, the		
suitability of the property for the purposes, and otherwise assist		
in the processing of the applications for acquisition of real and		
related personal property of the United States under Section 203		
(k) of the act.		
(c) For the purpose of executing its authority under this		
chapter, the Division of General Services is authorized to adopt,		
amend or rescind rules and regulations and prescribe such		
requirements as may be deemed necessary; and take such other		
action as is deemed necessary and suitable, in the administration		
of this chapter, to assure maximum utilization by and benefit to		
health, educational and civil defense institutions and		
organizations within the State from property distributed under		
this chapter.		
(d) The Budget and Control Board Department of		
Administration is authorized to appoint advisory boards or		
committees, and to employ such personnel and prescribe their		
duties as are deemed necessary and suitable for the		
administration of this chapter.		
(e) The Director of the Division of General Services is		
authorized to make such certifications, take such action and		
enter into such contracts, agreements and undertakings for and		
in the name of the State (including cooperative agreements with		
any Federal agencies providing for utilization of property and		
facilities by and exchange between them of personnel and		
services without reimbursement), require such reports and make		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
such investigations as may be required by law or regulation of	, , v	
the United States of America in connection with the receipt,		
warehousing, and distribution of personal property received by		
him from the United States of America.		
(f) The Division of General Services is authorized to act as		
clearinghouse of information for the public and private nonprofit		
institutions, organizations and agencies referred to in		
subparagraph (a) of this section and other institutions eligible to		
acquire federal surplus personal property, to locate both real and		
personal property available for acquisition from the United		
States of America, to ascertain the terms and conditions under		
which such property may be obtained, to receive requests from		
the above-mentioned institutions, organizations, and agencies		
and to transmit to them all available information in reference to		
such property, and to aid and assist such institutions,		
organizations, and agencies in every way possible in the		
consummation of acquisitions or transactions hereunder.		
(g) The Division of General Services, in the administration		
of this chapter, shall cooperate to the fullest extent consistent		
with the provisions of the act, and with the departments or		
agencies of the United States of America, and shall file a State		
plan of operation, <u>and</u> operate in accordance therewith, and take		
such action as may be necessary to meet the minimum standards		
prescribed in accordance with the act, and make such reports in		
such form and containing such information as the United States		
of America or any of its departments or agencies may from time		
to time require, and it shall comply with the laws of the United		
States of America and the rules and regulations of any of the		
departments or agencies of the United States of America		
governing the allocation, transfer, use or accounting for,		
property donable or donated to the State.	DELETE CLID CECTION (II)	
(h) Any proposed property transaction under the provisions of this chapter that exceeds one million dollars must be	DELETE SUBSECTION (H)	
presented to the State Financial Affairs Authority for approval.		
presented to the State Financial Affairs Authority for approvar.		
Section 3-9-20. The Director of the Division of General		
Services may delegate such power and authority as he deems		
reasonable and proper for the effective administration of this		
chapter. The State Budget and Control Board South Carolina		
Department of Administration may require bond of any person		
in the employ of the Division of General Services receiving or		
distributing property from the United States under authority of		
this chapter.		

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Section 3-9-30. Any charges made or fees assessed by the		
Division of General Services for the acquisition, warehousing,		
distribution, or transfer of any property of the United States of		
America for educational, public health, or civil defense		
purposes, including research for any such purpose, or for any		
purpose which may now be or hereafter become eligible under		
the act, shall be limited to those reasonably related to the costs of care and handling in respect to its acquisition, receipt,		
warehousing, distribution, or transfer.		
Section 3-9-40. The provisions of this chapter shall not apply		
to the acquisition of property acquired by agencies of the State		
under the priorities established by Section 308 (b), Title 23,		
United States Code, Annotated."		
J. Section 10-1-10, Section 10-1-30, as last amended by Act 628		
of 1988, and Section 10-1-40 of the 1976 Code are amended to		
read:		
"Section 10-1-10. The State Budget and Control Board		
<u>Department of Administration</u> shall keep, landscape, cultivate,		
and beautify the State House and State House grounds with		
authority to expend such amounts as may be annually		
appropriated therefor. The board department shall employ all		
help and labor in policing, protecting, and caring for the State		
House and State House grounds and shall have full authority		
over them.		
Section 10-1-30. (A) The Director of the Division of General	Section 10-1-30. (A) The Director of the Division of General	
Services of the State Budget and Control Board may authorize	Services of the State Budget and Control Board may authorize	
the use of the State House lobbies, the State House steps and	the use of the State House lobbies, the State House steps and	
grounds, and other public buildings and grounds in accordance	grounds, and other public buildings and grounds in accordance	
with regulations promulgated restrictions set by the board.	with regulations promulgated by the board department.	
(B) The Budget and Control Board shall obtain the joint	(B) The Clerk of the Senate and Clerk of the House of	
approval of the Clerk of the Senate and Clerk of the House of	Representatives must provide joint approval before the director	
Representatives before authorizing the use of the second and	may authorize the use of the second and third floors of the State	
third floors of the State House. The director board shall obtain	House. The director shall obtain the approval of the Clerk of the	
the approval of the Clerk of the Senate before authorizing any	Senate before authorizing any use of the Gressette Building and	
use of the Gressette Building and shall obtain the approval of the	shall obtain the approval of the Clerk of the House of	
Clerk of the House of Representatives before authorizing any	Representatives before authorizing any use of the Blatt Building.	
use of the Blatt Building.	(C) The regulations must contain provisions to insure ensure	
(C) The regulations restrictions upon the use of the buildings	that the public health, safety, and welfare will be are protected in	
and grounds must contain provisions to insure ensure that the	the use of the areas including reasonable time, place, and	
public health, safety, and welfare will be are protected in the use	manner restrictions and application periods before use. If	
of the areas including reasonable time, place, and manner	sufficient measures cannot be are not taken to protect the public	

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate restrictions and application periods before use. If sufficient measures eannot be are not taken to protect the public health,	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment health, safety, and welfare, the director shall deny the requested	Notes
	use. Other restrictions may be imposed on the use of the areas	
safety, and welfare, the director Budget and Control Board shall	as are necessary for the conduct of business in those areas and	
deny the requested use. Other restrictions may be imposed on	the maintenance of the dignity, decorum, and aesthetics of the	
the use of the areas as are necessary for the conduct of business	areas.	
in those areas and the maintenance of the dignity, decorum, and		
aesthetics of the areas.		
Section 10-1-40. There is hereby established a committee to		
be known as the 'State House Committee', consisting of five		
members of the Senate, appointed by the Lieutenant Governor		
and five members of the House of Representatives, appointed by		
the Speaker, whose duties shall be to review all proposals for		
alterations and/or renovations to the State House. No alterations		
or renovations shall be undertaken without the approval of this		
committee."		
K. Section 10-1-130 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		
"Section 10-1-130.The trustees or governing bodies of state		
institutions and agencies may grant easements and rights of way		
over any property under their control, upon the <u>recommendation</u>		
of the Department of Administration concurrence and		
acquiescence of the State Budget and Control Board, whenever		
it appears that such easements will do not materially impair the		
utility of the property or damage it and, when a consideration is		
paid therefor, any such amounts shall must be placed in the State		
Treasury to the credit of the institution or agency having control		
of the property involved."		
L. Section 10-1-190 of the 1976 Code, as added by Act 145 of		
1995, is amended to read:		
"Section 10-1-190. As part of the approval process relating to		
trades of state property for nonstate property, the Budget and		
Control Board Department of Administration is authorized to		
approve the application of any net proceeds resulting from such		
a transaction to the improvement of the property held by the		
board <u>department</u> ."		
M. Chapter 9, Title 10 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		
"CHAPTER 9		
Minerals and Mineral Interests in Public Lands		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
Article 1		
General Provisions		
Section 10-9-10. The Public Service Authority may, through		
its board of directors, make and execute leases of gas, oil, and		
other minerals and mineral rights, excluding phosphate and lime		
and phosphatic deposits, over and upon the lands and properties owned by said authority; and the State Budget and Control		
Board South Carolina Department of Administration and the		
forfeited land commissions of the several counties of this State		
may, with the approval of the Attorney General, make and		
execute such leases over and upon the lands and waters of the State and of the several counties under the ownership,		
management, or control of such Board the department and		
commissions respectively.		
Section 10-9-20. No such lease shall provide for a royalty of less than twelve and one-half per cent of production of oil and		
gas from the lease.		
gus 11 siii uite 14 uisei		
Section 10-9-30. Nothing contained in this article shall estop		
the State from enacting proper laws for the conservation of the		
oil, gas and other mineral resources of the State and all leases and contracts made under authority of this article shall be		
subject to such laws; provided, that the State Budget and Control		
Board South Carolina Department of Administration may		
negotiate for leases of oil, gas, and other mineral rights upon all		
of the lands and waters of the State, including offshore marginal and submerged lands.		
and submerged failus.		
Section 10-9-35. In the event that the State of South Carolina		
is the recipient of revenues derived from offshore oil leases		
within the jurisdictional limits of the State such revenues shall be deposited with the State Treasurer in a special fund and shall		
be expended only by authorization of the General Assembly.		
Funds so accumulated shall be expended only for the		
following purposes:		
(1) to retire the bonded indebtedness incurred by South		
Carolina; (2) for capital improvement expenditures.		
(2) for capital improvement experiences.		
Section 10-9-40. The authority conferred upon the Public		
Service Authority, the State Budget and Control Board South		
Carolina Department of Administration, and the forfeited land		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
commissions by this article shall be cumulative and in addition	,,,,	
to the rights and powers heretofore vested by law in such		
authority, such State Budget and Control Board the South		
Carolina Department of Administration, and such commissions,		
respectively.		
Article 3		
Phosphate		
Section 10-9-110. The State Budget and Control Board		
South Carolina Department of Administration shall be charged		
with the exclusive control and protection of the rights and		
interest of the State in the phosphate rocks and phosphatic		
deposits in the navigable streams and in the marshes thereof.		
Cardian 10 0 120 The Perula		
Section 10-9-120. The Board department may inquire into		
and protect the interests of the State in and to any phosphatic		
deposits or mines, whether in the navigable waters of the State		
or in land marshes or other territory owned or claimed by other		
parties, and in the proceeds of any such mines and may take such action for, or in behalf of, the State in regard thereto as it		
may find necessary or deem proper.		
may find necessary of deem proper.		
Section 10-9-130. The Board department may issue to any		
person who applies for a lease or license granting a general right		
to dig, mine, and remove phosphate rock and phosphatic		
deposits from all the navigable streams, waters, and marshes		
belonging to the State and also from such of the creeks, not		
navigable, lying therein as may contain phosphate rock and		
deposits belonging to the State and not previously granted. Such		
leases or licenses may be for such terms as may be determined		
by the Board department. The annual report of the Board		
department to the General Assembly shall include a list of all		
effective leases and licenses. The Board department may make		
a firm contract for the royalty to be paid the State which shall		
not be increased during the life of the license. Provided, that		
prior to the grant or issuance of any lease or license, the Board		
department shall cause to be published a notice of such		
application in a newspaper having general circulation in the		
county once a week for three successive weeks prior to the grant or issuance. Provided, further However, the lessee or licensee		
may shall not take possession if there be is an adverse claim and		
the burden of proving ownership in the State shall be placed		
upon the lessee or licensee.		
upon the lessee of needsee.		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
11. July, As Amended by Senate	Schauls Davis, Ruse, and Massey's Amendment	TAUCS
Section 10-9-140. In every case in which such an		
application shall be is made to the Board department for a		
license, the Board department may grant or refuse the license as		
it may deem considers best for the interest of the State and the		
proper management of the interests of the State in such those		
deposits.		
asposits.		
Section 10-9-150. As a condition precedent to the right to		
dig, mine, and remove the rocks and deposits granted by any		
such a license, each licensee shall enter into bond, with security,		
in the penal sum of five thousand dollars, conditioned for the		
making at the end of every month of true and faithful returns to		
the Comptroller General of the number of tons of phosphate		
rock and phosphatic deposits so dug or mined and the punctual		
payment to the State Treasurer of the royalty provided at the end		
of every quarter or three months. Such The bond and sureties		
thereon shall be are subject to the approval required by law for		
the bonds of state officers.		
Section 10-9-160. Whenever the Board department shall		
have reason to doubt the solvency of any surety whose name		
appears upon any bond executed for the purpose of securing the		
payment of the phosphate royalty by any person digging, mining		
and removing phosphate rock or phosphatic deposits in any of the territory, the property of the State, under any grant or		
license, the Board department shall forthwith notify the person		
giving such bond and the sureties thereon and require that one or		
more sureties, as the case may be, shall be added to the bond,		
such surety or sureties to be approved by the Board department.		
such surety of sureties to be approved by the Board <u>department</u> .		
Section 10-9-170. The Board department, upon petition		
filed by any person who is surety on any such bond as aforesaid		
and who considers himself in danger of being injured by such		
suretyship, shall notify the person giving such bond to give a		
new bond with other sureties and upon failure of such person to		
do so within thirty days shall cause such person to suspend		
further operations until a new bond be given. But in In no case		
shall the sureties on the old bond be discharged from liability		
thereon until the new bond has been executed and approved, and		
such sureties shall not be discharged from any antecedent		
liability by reason of such suretyship.		
Section 10-9-180. The Board department is hereby vested		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
with full and complete power and control over all mining in the	, ,	
phosphate territory belonging to this State and over all persons		
digging or mining phosphate rock or phosphatic deposit in the		
navigable streams and waters or in the marshes thereof, with full		
power and authority, subject to the provisions of Sections		
10-9-130 and 10-9-190 to fix, regulate, raise, or reduce such		
royalty per ton as shall from time to time be paid to the State by		
such persons for all or any such phosphate rock dug, mined,		
removed, and shipped or otherwise sent to the market therefrom.		
But six Six months' notice shall be given all persons at such		
time digging or mining phosphate rock in such navigable		
streams, waters, or marshes before any increase shall be made in		
the rate of royalty theretofore existing.		
Section 10-9-190. Each person to whom a license shall be		
issued must, at the end of every month, make to the Comptroller		
General a true and lawful return of the phosphate rock and		
phosphatic deposits he may have dug or mined during such		
month and shall punctually pay to the State Treasurer, at the end		
of every quarter or three months, a royalty of five cents per ton		
upon each and every ton of the crude rock (not of the rock after		
it has been steamed or dried), the first quarter to commence to		
run on the first day of January in each year.		
Section 10.0.200 The State Dudget and Control Decad		
Section 10-9-200. The State Budget and Control Board		
<u>Department of Administration</u> shall, within twenty days after the grant of any license as aforesaid, shall notify the Comptroller		
General of the issuing of such license, with the name of the		
person to whom issued, the time of the license, and the location		
for which it was issued.		
for which it was issued.		
Section 10-9-210. Every person who shall dig, mine, or		
remove any phosphate rock or phosphatic deposit from the beds		
of the navigable streams, waters, and marshes of the State		
without license therefor previously granted by the State to such		
person shall be liable to a penalty of ten dollars for each and		
every ton of phosphate rock or phosphatic deposits so dug,		
mined, or removed, to be recovered by action at the suit of the		
State in any court of competent jurisdiction. One half of such		
penalty shall be for the use of the State and the other half for the		
use of the informer.		
Section 10-9-220. It shall be unlawful for any person to		
purchase or receive any phosphate rock or phosphatic deposit		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
dug, mined, or removed from the navigable streams, waters, or		
marshes of the State from any person not duly authorized by act		
of the General Assembly of this State or license of the Board		
department to dig, mine, or remove such phosphate rock or		
phosphatic deposit.		
Section 10-9-230. Any person violating Section 10-9-220		
shall forfeit to the State the sum of ten dollars for each and every		
ton of phosphate rock or phosphatic deposit so purchased or		
received, to be recovered by action in any court of competent		
jurisdiction. One half of such forfeiture shall be for the use of		
the State and the other half for the use of the informer.		
Section 10-9-240. Should any person whosoever interfere		
with, obstruct, or molest or attempt to interfere with, obstruct, or		
molest the Board department or anyone by it authorized or		
licensed hereunder in the peaceable possession and occupation		
for mining purposes of any of the marshes, navigable streams, or		
waters of the State, then the Board department may, in the name		
and on behalf of the State, take such measures or proceedings as		
it may be advised are proper to enjoin and terminate any such		
molestation, interference, or obstruction and place the State,		
through its agents, the Board department or anyone under it		
authorized, in absolute and practical possession and occupation		
of such marshes, navigable streams, or waters.		
Section 10-9-250. Should any person attempt to mine or		
remove phosphate rock and phosphatic deposits from any of the		
marshes, navigable waters, or streams, including the Coosaw		
River phosphate territory, by and with any boat, vessel, marine		
dredge, or other appliances for such mining or removal, without		
the leave or license of the Board department thereto first had and		
obtained, all such boats, vessels, marine dredges, and other		
appliances are hereby declared forfeited to and property of the		
State, and the Attorney General, for and in behalf of the State,		
shall institute proceedings in any court of competent jurisdiction		
for the claim and delivery thereof, in the ordinary form of action		
for claim and delivery, in which action the title of the State shall be established by the proof of the commission of any such act of		
forfeiture by the person owning them, or his agents, in		
possession of such boats, vessels, marine dredges, or other		
appliances. In any such action the State shall not be called upon		
or required to give any bond or obligation such as is required by		
parties plaintiff in action for claim and delivery.		
parties plantar in action for claim and derivery.		<u>I</u>

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
Section 10-9-260. Any person wilfully interfering with, molesting, or obstructing or attempting to interfere with, molest, or obstruct the State or the State Budget and Control Board Department of Administration or anyone by it authorized or licensed in the peaceable possession and occupation of any of the marshes, navigable streams, or waters of the State, including the Coosaw River phosphate territory, or who shall dig or mine or attempt to dig or mine any of the phosphate rock or phosphatic deposits of this State without a license so to do issued by the Board department shall be punished for each offense by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
than five hundred dollars or imprisonment for not less than one nor more than twelve months, or both, at the discretion of the court.		
Section 10-9-270. The Board department shall report annually to the General Assembly its actions and doings under this article during the year to the time of the meeting of the assembly, with an itemized account of its expenses for the year incurred in connection with its duties and powers under this article.		
Article 5 Geothermal Resources		
Section 10-9-310. For purposes of this, 'article geothermal resources' mean means the natural heat of the earth at temperatures greater than forty degrees Celsius and includes: (1) The energy, including pressure, in whatever form present in, resulting from, created by, or that may be extracted from that natural heat.		
 (2) The material medium, including the brines, water, and steam naturally present, as well as any substance artificially introduced to serve as a heat transfer medium. (3) All dissolved or entrained minerals and gases that may be obtained from the material medium but excluding hydrocarbon substances and helium. 		
Section 10-9-320. The State Budget and Control Board (board) Department of Administration may lease development rights to geothermal resources underlying surface lands owned by the State. The board department must promulgate regulations regarding the method of lease acquisition, lease terms, and		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
conditions due the State under lease operations. The South Carolina Department of Natural Resources is designated as the exclusive agent for the board in selecting lands to be leased, administering the competitive bidding for leases, administering the leases, receiving and compiling comments from other state agencies concerning the desirability of leasing the state lands proposed for leasing and such other activities that pertain to geothermal resource leases as may be included herein as responsibilities of the board department.	exclusive agent for the board department in selecting lands to be leased,	110005
Section 10-9-330. Any lease of rights to drill for and use oil, natural gas, or minerals on public or private lands must not allow drilling for or use of geothermal energy by the lessee unless the instrument creating the lease specifically provides for such use."		
N. Section 10-11-50 of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act 181 of 1993, is further amended to read:		
"Section 10-11-50. It shall be unlawful for anyone to park any vehicle on any of the property described in Section 10-11-40 and subsection (2) of Section 10-11-80 except in the spaces and manner now marked and designated or that may hereafter be marked and designated by the State Budget and Control Board Department of Administration, in cooperation with the Department of Transportation, or to block or impede traffic through the alleys and driveways."		
O. Section 10-11-90 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		
"Section 10-11-90. The watchmen and policemen employed by the Budget and Control Board for the protection of the property described in Sections 10-11-30 and 10-11-40 and subsection (2) of Section 10-11-80 are hereby vested with all of the powers, privileges, and immunities of constables while on this area or in fresh pursuit of those violating the law in this area, provided that such watchmen and policemen take and file the oath required of peace officers, execute and file bond in the form required of state constables, in the amount of one thousand dollars, with the Budget and Control Board, and be duly commissioned by the Governor."		
P. Section 10-11-110 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		

	H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
=	"Section 10-11-110. In connection with traffic and parking	, ,	
	violations only, the watchmen and policemen referred to in		
	Section 10-11-90, state highway patrolmen and policemen of the		
	City of Columbia shall have the right to issue and use parking		
	tickets of the type used by the City of Columbia, with such		
	changes as are necessitated hereby, to be prepared and furnished		
	by the Budget and Control Board Department of Administration,		
	upon the issuance of which the procedures shall be followed as		
	prevail in connection with the use of parking tickets by the City		
	of Columbia. Nothing herein shall restrict the application and		
	use of regular arrest warrants."		
	Q. Section 10-11-140 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		
	"Section 10-11-140. Nothing contained in this article shall		
	be construed to abridge the authority of the State Budget and	be construed to abridge the authority of the State Budget and	
	Control Board or the Department of Administration to grant	Control Board Department of Administration to grant	
	permission to use the State House grounds for educational,		
	electrical decorations, and similar purposes."		
	R. Section 10-11-330 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		
	"Section 10-11-330. It shall be unlawful for any person or		
	group of persons willfully wilfully and knowingly: (a) to enter		
	or to remain within the capitol building unless such person is		
	authorized by law or by rules of the House or Senate or of the	authorized by law or by rules of the House or Senate or of the	
	State Budget and Control Board or the Department of	State Budget and Control Board or the Department of	
	Administration, respectively, when such entry is done for the	Administration, respectively, when such entry is done for the	
	purpose of uttering loud, threatening, and abusive language or to	purpose of uttering	
	engage in any disorderly or disruptive conduct with the intent to		
	impede, disrupt, or disturb the orderly conduct of any session of		
	the legislature or the orderly conduct within the building or of		
	any hearing before or any deliberation of any committee or		
	subcommittee of the legislature; (b) to obstruct or to impede		
	passage within the capitol grounds or building; (c) to engage in		
	any act of physical violence upon the capitol grounds or within		
	the capitol building; or (d) to parade, demonstrate, or picket		
	within the capitol building."		
	S. Sections 11-9-610, 11-9-620, and 11-9-630 of the 1976 Code		
	are amended to read:		
	"Section 11-9-610. The State Budget and Control Board		
	Department of Administration shall receive and manage the		
	incomes and revenues set apart and applied to the Sinking Fund		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
of the State. The department must report annually on the	the State. The department must report annually on the financial	
financial status of the Sinking Fund to the Budget and Control	status of the Sinking Fund to the General Assembly.	
Board.		
Section 11-9-620. All moneys monies arising from the		
redemption of lands, leases, and sales of property or otherwise		
coming to the State Budget and Control Board Department of		
Administration for the Sinking Fund, shall must be paid into the		
State Treasury and shall be kept on a separate account by the		
treasurer as a fund to be drawn upon the warrants of the Board		
<u>department</u> for the exclusive uses and purposes which have been		
or shall be declared in relation to the Sinking Fund.		
Section 11-9-630. The State Budget and Control Board		
Department of Administration shall sell and convey, for and on		
behalf of the State, all such real property, assets, and effects		
belonging to the State as are not in actual public use, such sales		
to be made from time to time in such manner and upon such		
terms as it may deem most advantageous to the State. This shall		
not be construed to authorize the sale by the Board of any property held in trust for a specific purpose by the State or the		
property field in trust for a specific purpose by the State of the property of the State in the phosphate rocks or phosphatic		
deposits in the beds of the navigable streams and waters and		
marshes of the State. Whenever the value of the property,	DELETE ADDED SENTENCE.	
assets, or effects exceeds one million dollars, the power to sell or		
convey shall instead reside with the Budget and Control Board."		
T. Sections 11-35-3810 and 11-35-3830, both as last amended		
by Act 153 of 1997, and Sections 11-35-3820 and 11-35-3840,		
both as last amended by Act 376 of 2006, of the 1976 Code are		
further amended to read:		
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"Section 11-35-3810. Subject to existing provisions of law, the board Department of Administration shall promulgate		
regulations governing:		
(1) the sale, lease, or disposal of surplus supplies by public		
auction, competitive sealed bidding, or other appropriate		
methods designated by such regulations;		
(2) the transfer of excess supplies between agencies and		
departments.		
Section 11-35-3820. Except as provided in Section		
11-35-1580 and Section 11-35-3830 and the regulations		
pursuant to them, the sale of all state-owned supplies, or		

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personal property not in actual public use must be conducted and		
directed by the designated board office Division of General		
Services of the Department of Administration. The sales must		
be held at such places and in a manner as in the judgment of the		
designated board office Division of General Services is most		
advantageous to the State. Unless otherwise determined, sales		
must be by either public auction or competitive sealed bid to the		
highest bidder. Each governmental body shall inventory and		
report to the designated board office division all surplus personal		
property not in actual public use held by that governmental body		
for sale. The designated board office division shall deposit the		
proceeds from the sales, less expense of the sales, in the state		
general fund or as otherwise directed by regulation. This policy		
and procedure applies to all governmental bodies unless exempt		
by law.		
,		
Section 11-35-3830. (1) Trade-in Value. Unless otherwise		
provided by law, governmental bodies may trade-in personal		
property, the trade-in value of which may be applied to the		
procurement or lease of like items. The trade in trade in value		
of such personal property shall not exceed an amount as		
specified in regulations promulgated by the board Department of		
Administration.		
(2) Approval of Trade-in Sales. When the trade-in value of		
personal property of a governmental body exceeds the specified		
amount, the board Department of Administration shall have the		
authority to determine whether:		
(a) the subject personal property shall be traded in and the		
value applied to the purchase of new like items; or		
(b) the property shall be classified as surplus and sold in		
accordance with the provisions of Section 11-35-3820. The		
board departmental determination shall be in writing and be		
subject to the provisions of this chapter.		
(3) Record of Trade-in Sales. Governmental bodies shall		
submit quarterly to the materials management officer a record		
listing all trade-in sales made under subsections (1) and (2) of		
this section.		
Section 11-35-3840. The State Budget and Control Board		
<u>Department of Administration</u> may license for public sale		
publications, including South Carolina Business Opportunities,		
materials pertaining to training programs, and information		
technology products that are developed during the normal course		
of the board's its activities. The items must be licensed at		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
reasonable costs established in accordance with the cost of the	201140122 2 W 110, 21023, W1101 11241250 J 2 121142141110110	11000
items. All proceeds from the sale of the publications and		
materials must be placed in a revenue account and expended for		
the cost of providing the services."		
U. Section 13-7-830 of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act		
357 of 2000, is further amended to read:		
(G .: 12.7.020 F)		
"Section 13-7-830. The recommendations described in		
Section 13-7-620 shall be made available to the General	the Covernor and the Dudget and Control Deard Department of	
Assembly, the Governor, and the Budget and Control Board, and the Department of Administration."	the Governor, and the Budget and Control Board Department of Administration.	
V. Section 44-53-530(a) and (b) of the 1976 Code, as last	Administration.	
amended by Act 345 of 2006, is further amended to read:		
amended by Net 3 13 of 2000, is faither amended to read.		
"(a) Forfeiture of property defined in Section 44-53-520 must		
be accomplished by petition of the Attorney General or his		
designee or the circuit solicitor or his designee to the court of		
common pleas for the jurisdiction where the items were seized.		
The petition must be submitted to the court within a reasonable		
time period following seizure and shall set forth the facts upon		
which the seizure was made. The petition shall describe the		
property and include the names of all owners of record and		
lienholders of record. The petition shall identify any other		
persons known to the petitioner to have interests in the property.		
Petitions for the forfeiture of conveyances shall also include: the make, model, and year of the conveyance, the person in		
whose name the conveyance is registered, and the person who		
holds the title to the conveyance. The petition shall set forth the		
type and quantity of the controlled substance involved. A copy		
of the petition must be sent to each law enforcement agency		
which has notified the petitioner of its involvement in effecting		
the seizure. Notice of hearing or rule to show cause must be		
directed to all persons with interests in the property listed in the		
petition, including law enforcement agencies which have		
notified the petitioner of their involvement in effecting the		
seizure. Owners of record and lienholders of record may be		
served by certified mail, to the last known address as appears in		
the records of the governmental agency which records the title or		
lien.		
The judge shall determine whether the property is subject to		
forfeiture and order the forfeiture confirmed. If the judge finds a		
forfeiture, he shall then determine the lienholder's interest as provided in this article. The judge shall determine whether any		
provided in this article. The judge shall determine whether any		

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
property must be returned to a law enforcement agency pursuant	50144012 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11000
to Section 44-53-582.		
If there is a dispute as to the division allocation of the		
proceeds of forfeited property among participating law		
enforcement agencies, this issue must be determined by the		
judge. The proceeds from a sale of property, conveyances, and		
equipment must be disposed of pursuant to subsection (e) of this		
section.		
All property, conveyances, and equipment which will not be		
reduced to proceeds may be transferred to the law enforcement		
agency or agencies or to the prosecution agency. Upon		
agreement of the law enforcement agency or agencies and the		
prosecution agency, conveyances and equipment may be		
transferred to any other appropriate agency. Property transferred		
must not be used to supplant operating funds within the current		
or future budgets. If the property seized and forfeited is an		
aircraft or watercraft and is transferred to a state law		
enforcement agency or other state agency pursuant to the		
provisions of this subsection, its use and retainage by that		
agency shall be at the discretion and approval of the Budget and		
Control Board Department of Administration.		
If a defendant or his attorney sends written notice to the		
petitioner or the seizing agency of his interest in the subject		
property, service may be made by mailing a copy of the petition		
to the address provided and service may not be made by		
publication. In addition, service by publication may not be used		
for a person incarcerated in a South Carolina Department of		
Corrections facility, a county detention facility, or other facility		
where inmates are housed for the county where the seizing		
agency is located. The seizing agency shall check the		
appropriate institutions after receiving an affidavit of nonservice		
before attempting service by publication.		
(b) If the property is seized by a state law enforcement		
agency and is not transferred by the court to the seizing agency,		
the judge shall order it transferred to the Division of General		
Services of the Department of Administration for sale. Proceeds		
may be used by the division for payment of all proper expenses		
of the proceedings for the forfeiture and sale of the property,		
including the expenses of seizure, maintenance, and custody,		
and other costs incurred by the implementation of this section.		
The net proceeds from any sale must be remitted to the State		
Treasurer as provided in subsection (g) of this section. The		
Division of General Services of the South Carolina Department		
of Administration may authorize payment of like expenses in		

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cases where monies, negotiable instruments, or securities are		
seized and forfeited."		
W. Cardian 44 06 140 africa 1076 Carla in successful to mark		
W. Section 44-96-140 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		
"Costion 14 06 140 (A) Not leter then twolve months offer		
"Section 44-96-140. (A) Not later than twelve months after		
the date on which the department submits the state solid waste		
management plan to the Governor and to the General Assembly,		
the General Assembly, the Governor's Office of the Governor,		
the Judiciary, each state agency, and each state-supported institution of higher education shall:		
(1) establish a source separation and recycling program in		
cooperation with the department and the Division of General		
Services of the State Budget and Control Board Department of		
Administration for the collection of selected recyclable materials		
generated in state offices throughout the State including, but not		
limited to, high-grade office paper, corrugated paper, aluminum,		
glass, tires, composting materials, plastics, batteries, and used		
oil;		
(2) provide procedures for collecting and storing		
recyclable materials, containers for storing materials, and		
contractual or other arrangements with collectors or buyers of		
the recyclable materials, or both;		
(3) evaluate the amount of waste paper material recycled		
and make all necessary modifications to the recycling program		
to ensure that all waste paper materials are recycled to the		
maximum extent feasible; and		
(4) establish and implement, in cooperation with the		
department and the Division of General Services of the		
Department of Administration, a solid waste reduction program		
for materials used in the course of agency operations. The		
program shall be designed and implemented to achieve the		
maximum feasible reduction of solid waste generated as a result		
of agency operations.		
(B) Not later than September fifteen of each year, each state		
agency and each state-supported institution of higher learning		
shall submit to the department a report detailing its source		
separation and recycling program and a review of all goods and		
products purchased during the previous fiscal year by those		
agencies and institutions containing recycled materials using the		
content specifications established by the Office of Materials		
Management Division of General Services, Department of		
Administration.		
(C) By November first of each year the department shall		

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submit a report to the Governor and to the General Assembly		
reviewing all goods and products purchased by the State and		
determining what percentage of state purchases contain recycled		
materials using content specifications established by the Office		
of Materials Management, Division of General Services.		
Department of Administration. The report also must review		
existing procurement regulations for the purchase of products		
and materials and must identify any portions of such regulations		
that discriminate against products and materials with recycled		
content and products and materials which are recyclable.		
(D) Not later than one year after this chapter is effective, the		
Division of General Services, Department of Administration		
shall amend the procurement regulations to eliminate the		
portions of the regulations identified in its report as		
discriminating against products and materials with recycled		
content and products and materials which are recyclable.		
(E) Not later than one year after the effective date of the		
amendments to the procurement regulations, the General		
Assembly, the Governor's Office of the Governor, the Judiciary,		
all state agencies, all political subdivisions using state funds to		
procure items, and all persons contracting with such agency or		
political subdivision where such persons procure items with		
state funds shall procure products and materials with recycled		
content and products and materials which are recyclable where		
practicable, as determined by the Office of Materials		
Management, Division of General Services, Department of		
Administration. The list of recycled content specifications must		
be updated annually. It is the goal of the General Assembly for		
state and local governmental agencies to reflect a twenty-five		
percent goal in their procurement policies. The decision not to		
procure such items shall be based on a determination that such		
procurement items:		
(1) are not available within a reasonable period of time;		
(2) fail to meet the performance standards set forth in the		
applicable specifications; or		
(3) are only available at a price that exceeds by more than seven and one- half percent the price of alternative items.		
(F) Not later than six months after this chapter is effective,		
and annually thereafter, the Department of Transportation shall		
submit a report to the Governor and to the General Assembly on		
the use of:		
(1) compost as a substitute for regular soil amendment		
products in all highway projects;		
(2) solid waste including, but not limited to, ground rubber		
(2) Solid waste including, but not inniced to, ground lubber	66	

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from tires and fly ash or mixtures of them from coal-fired	Someous During Econog and Islandey of Empirical	110000
electrical facilities in road surfacing of subbase materials;		
(3) solid waste including, but not limited to, glass		
aggregate, plastic, and fly ash in asphalt or concrete; and		
(4) recycled mixed-plastic materials for guardrail posts,		
right-of-way fence posts, and sign supports."		
inglit of way remot posts, and sign supports.		
X. Section 15-78-140 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		
"Section 15-78-140. (a) (Reserved)		
(b) The political subdivisions of this State, in regard to tort		
and automobile liability, property and casualty insurance shall		
procure insurance to cover these risks for which immunity has		
been waived by (1) the purchase of liability insurance pursuant		
to Section 1–11–140 1–12–50; or (2) the purchase of liability		
insurance from a private carrier; or (3) self-insurance; or (4)		
establishing pooled self-insurance liability funds, by		
intergovernmental agreement, which may not be construed as		
transacting the business of insurance or otherwise subject to		
state laws regulating insurance. A pooled self-insurance liability		
pool is authorized to purchase specific and aggregate excess		
insurance. A pooled self-insurance liability fund must provide		
liability coverage for all employees of a political subdivision		
applying for participation in the fund. If the insurance is		
obtained other than pursuant to Section 1–11–140 1–12–50, it		
must be obtained subject to the following conditions:		
(1) If the political subdivision does not procure tort		
liability insurance pursuant to Section 1-11-140 1-12-50, it must		
also procure its automobile liability and property and casualty		
insurance from other sources and shall not procure these		
coverages through the Budget and Control Board governing		
body of the Insurance Reserve Fund; (2) If a political subdivision procures its tort liability		
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
insurance, automobile liability insurance, or property and		
casualty insurance through the Budget and Control Board governing body of the Insurance Reserve Fund, all liability		
exposures of the political subdivision as well as its property and		
casualty insurance must be insured with the Budget and Control		
Board;		
(3) If the political subdivision, at any time, procures its		
tort liability, automobile liability, property, or casualty insurance		
other than through the Budget and Control Board governing		
body of the Insurance Reserve Fund and then subsequently		
desires to obtain this coverage with the Budget and Control		
control to communications with the Budget and Control		

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Board governing body of the Insurance Reserve Fund, notice of	, ,	
its intention to so obtain this subsequent coverage must be		
provided the Budget and Control Board governing body of the		
Insurance Reserve Fund at least ninety days prior to the		
beginning of the coverage with the State Budget and Control		
Board governing body of the Insurance Reserve Fund. The		
other lines of insurance that the political subdivision is required		
to procure from the board are not required to commence until the		
coverage for that line of insurance expires. Any political		
subdivision may cancel all lines of insurance with the State		
Budget and Control Board governing body of the Insurance		
Reserve Fund if it gives ninety days' notice to the board		
governing body. The Budget and Control Board governing body		
of the Insurance Reserve Fund may negotiate the insurance		
coverage for any political subdivision separate from the		
insurance coverage for other insureds.		
(4) If any political subdivision cancels its insurance with the		
Budget and Control Board governing body of the Insurance		
Reserve Fund, it is entitled to an appropriate refund of the		
premium, less reasonable administrative cost.		
(c) For any claim filed under this chapter, the remedy		
provided in Section 15-78-120 is exclusive. The immunity of		
the State and its political subdivisions, with regard to the		
seizure, execution, or encumbrance of their properties is		
reaffirmed."		
Part VII		
Conforming Amendments for the State Energy Office,		
Atlantic Compact, and		
Governor's Nuclear Advisory Council		
SECTION 14. Section 13-7-810 of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		
"Section 13-7-810. There is hereby established a		
Governor's Nuclear Advisory Council in the Department of		
Administration, which shall be responsible to the Director of the		
<u>Department of Administration</u> and report to the Governor."		
SECTION 15. Section 13-7-830 of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		
"Section 13-7-830. The recommendations described in		
Section 15-7-850. The recommendations described in		

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Section 13-7-620 shall be made available to the General		
Assembly, and the Governor, and the Budget and Control		
Board."		
SECTION 16. Section 13-7-860 of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		
"Section 13-7-860. Staff support for the council shall be		
provided by the State Energy Office Department of		
Administration."		
SECTION 17. Section 48-46-30(4) and (5) of the 1976 Code		
are amended to read:		
"(4) 'Board' means the South Carolina Budget and Control		
Board or its designated official.		
(5) 'Decommissioning trust fund' means the trust fund		
established pursuant to a Trust Agreement dated March 4, 1981,		
among Chem-Nuclear Systems, Inc. (grantor), the South		
Carolina Budget and Control Board Department of		
Administration (beneficiary), and the South Carolina State		
Treasurer (trustee), whose purpose is to assure adequate funding		
for decommissioning of the disposal site, or any successor fund		
with a similar purpose.		
(5) 'Department' means Department of Administration."		
SECTION 18. Section 48-46-40 of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		
"Section 48-46-40. (A)(1) The board department shall		
approve disposal rates for low-level radioactive waste disposed		
at any regional disposal facility located within the State. The		
approval of disposal rates pursuant to this chapter is neither a		
regulation nor the promulgation of a regulation as those terms		
are specially used in Title 1, Chapter 23.		
(2) The board <u>department</u> shall adopt a maximum uniform		
rate schedule for regional generators containing disposal rates		
that include the administrative surcharges specified in Section		
48-46-60(B) and surcharges for the extended custody and		
maintenance of the facility pursuant to Section 13-7-30(4) and		
that do not exceed the approximate disposal rates, excluding any		
access fees and including a specification of the methodology for		
calculating fees for large components, generally applicable to		
regional generators on September 7, 1999. Any disposal rates		
contained in a valid written agreement that were applicable to a		
regional generator on September 7, 1999, that differ from rates		

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in the maximum uniform rate schedule will continue to be	, ,	
honored through the term of such agreement. The maximum		
uniform rate schedule approved under this section becomes		
effective immediately upon South Carolina's membership in the		
Atlantic Compact. The maximum uniform rate schedule shall be		
the rate schedule applicable to regional waste whenever it is not		
superseded by an adjusted rate approved by the board		
<u>department</u> pursuant to paragraph (3) of this subsection or by		
special disposal rates approved pursuant to paragraphs (5) or		
(6)(e) of this subsection.		
(3) The board department may at any time of its own		
initiative, at the request of a site operator, or at the request of the		
compact commission, adjust the disposal rate or the relative		
proportions of the individual components that constitute the		
overall rate schedule. Except as adjusted for inflation in		
subsection (4), rates adjusted in accordance with this section,		
that include the administrative surcharges specified in Section		
48-46-60(B) and surcharges for the extended custody and		
maintenance of the facility pursuant to Section 13-7-30(4), may		
not exceed initial disposal rates set by the board department		
pursuant to subsection (2).		
(4) In March of each year the board <u>department</u> shall		
adjust the rate schedule based on the most recent changes in the		
most nearly applicable Producer Price Index published by the		
Bureau of Labor Statistics as chosen by the board department or		
a successor index.		
(5) In consultation with the site operator, the board		
<u>department</u> or its designee, on a case-by-case basis, may approve		
special disposal rates for regional waste that differ from the		
disposal rate schedule for regional generators set by the board		
<u>department</u> pursuant to subsections (2) and (3). Requests by the		
site operator for such approval shall be in writing to the board		
<u>department</u> . In approving such special rates, the board		
<u>department</u> or its designee, shall consider available disposal		
capacity, demand for disposal capacity, the characteristics of the		
waste, the potential for generating revenue for the State, or other		
relevant factors; provided, however, that the board department		
shall not approve any special rate for an entity owned by or		
affiliated with the site operator. Special disposal rates approved		
by the board department under this subsection shall be in writing		
and shall be kept confidential as proprietary business		
information for one year from the date when the bid or the		
request for proposal containing the special rate is accepted by		
the regional generator; provided, however, that such special		

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rates when accepted by a regional generator shall be disclosed to		
the compact commission and to all other regional generators,		
which shall, to the extent permitted by applicable law, keep		
them confidential as proprietary business information for one		
year from the date when the bid or request for proposal		
containing this special rate is accepted by the regional generator.		
Within one business day of a special disposal rate's acceptance,		
the site operator shall notify the board department, the compact		
commission, and the regional generators of each special rate that		
has been accepted by a regional generator, and the board		
<u>department</u> , the compact commission, and regional generators		
may communicate with each other about such special rates. If		
any special rate approved by the board department for a regional		
generator is lower than a disposal rate approved by the board		
<u>department</u> for regional generators pursuant to subsections (2)		
and (3) for waste that is generally similar in characteristics and		
volume, the disposal rate for all regional generators shall be		
revised to equal the special rate for the regional generator.		
Regional generators may enter into contracts for waste disposal		
at such special rates and on comparable terms for a period of not		
less than six months. An officer of the site operator shall certify		
in writing to the board department and the compact commission		
each month that no regional generator's disposal rate exceeds		
any other regional generator's special rate for waste that is		
generally similar in characteristics and volume, and such		
certification shall be subject to periodic audit by the board		
<u>department</u> and the compact commission.		
(6)(a) To the extent authorized by the compact		
commission, the board department on behalf of the State of		
South Carolina may enter into agreements with any person in the		
United States or its territories or any interstate compact, state,		
U.S. territory, or U.S. Department of Defense military		
installation abroad for the importation of waste into the region		
for purposes of disposal at a regional disposal facility within		
South Carolina. No waste from outside the Atlantic Compact		
region may be disposed at a regional disposal facility within		
South Carolina, except to the extent that the board department is		
authorized by the compact commission to enter into agreements		
for importation of waste.		
The board department shall authorize the importation of		
nonregional waste into the region for purposes of disposal at the		
regional disposal facility in South Carolina so long as		
nonregional waste would not result in the facility accepting more		
than the following total volumes of all waste:		

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(i) 160,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2001;	, ,	
(ii) 80,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2002;		
(iii) 70,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2003;		
(iv) 60,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2004;		
(v) 50,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2005;		
(vi) 45,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2006;		
(vii) 40,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2007;		
(viii) 35,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2008.		
After fiscal year 2008, the board <u>department</u> shall not		
authorize the importation of nonregional waste for purposes of		
disposal.		
(b) The board <u>department</u> may approve disposal rates		
applicable to nonregional generators. In approving disposal		
rates applicable to nonregional generators, the board <u>department</u>		
may consider available disposal capacity, demand for disposal		
capacity, the characteristics of the waste, the potential for		
generating revenue for the State, and other relevant factors.		
(c) Absent action by the board <u>department</u> under		
subsection (b) above to establish disposal rates for nonregional		
generators, rates applicable to these generators must be equal to		
those contained in the maximum uniform rate schedule approved		
by the board department pursuant to paragraph (2) or (3) of this		
subsection for regional generators unless these rates are		
superseded by special disposal rates approved by the board		
<u>department</u> pursuant to paragraph (6)(e) of this subsection.		
(d) Regional generators shall not pay disposal rates that		
are higher than disposal rates for nonregional generators in any		
fiscal quarter.		
(e) In consultation with the site operator, the board		
<u>department</u> or its designee, on a case-by-case basis, may approve		
special disposal rates for nonregional waste that differ from the		
disposal rate schedule for nonregional generators set by the		
board department. Requests by the site operator for such		
approval shall be in writing to the board <u>department</u> . In	be in writing to the board <u>department</u> . In approving such special	
approving such special rates, the board department or its		
designee shall consider available disposal capacity, demand for		
disposal capacity, the characteristics of the waste, the potential		
for generating revenue for the State, and other relevant factors;		
provided, however, that the board department shall not approve		
any special rate for an entity owned by or affiliated with the site		
operator. Special disposal rates approved by the board		
<u>department</u> under this subsection shall be in writing and shall be		
kept confidential as proprietary business information for one		
year from the date when the bid or request for proposal		

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containing the special rate is accepted by the nonregional		
generator; provided, however, that such special rates when		
accepted by a nonregional generator shall be disclosed to the		
compact commission and to all regional generators, which shall,		
to the extent permitted by applicable law, keep them confidential		
as proprietary business information for one year from the date		
when the bid or request for proposal containing the special rate		
is accepted by the nonregional generator. Within one business		
day of a special disposal rate's acceptance, the site operator shall		
notify the board department, the compact commission, and the		
regional generators in writing of each special rate that has been		
accepted by a nonregional generator, and the board department,		
the compact commission, and regional generators may		
communicate with each other about such special rates. If any		
special rate approved by the board department for a nonregional		
generator is lower than a disposal rate approved by the board		
<u>department</u> for regional generators for waste that is generally		
similar in characteristics and volume, the disposal rate for all		
regional generators shall be revised to equal the special rate for		
the nonregional generator. Regional generators may enter into		
contracts for waste disposal at such special rate and on		
comparable terms for a period of not less than six months. An		
officer of the site operator shall certify in writing to the board		
<u>department</u> and the compact commission each month that no		
regional generator disposal rate exceeds any nonregional		
generator's special rate for waste that is generally similar in		
characteristics and volume, and such certification shall be		
subject to periodic audit by the board department and the		
compact commission.		
(B)(1) Effective upon the implementation of initial disposal		
rates by the board department under Section 48-46-40(A), the		
PSC is authorized and directed to identify allowable costs for		
operating a regional low-level radioactive waste disposal facility		
in South Carolina.		
(2) In identifying the allowable costs for operating a		
regional disposal facility, the PSC shall:		
(a) prescribe a system of accounts, using generally		
accepted accounting principles, for disposal site operators, using		
as a starting point the existing system used by site operators;		
(b) assess penalties against disposal site operators if the		
PSC determines that they have failed to comply with regulations		
pursuant to this section; and		
(c) require periodic reports from site operators that		
provide information and data to the PSC and parties to these		

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proceedings. The Office of Regulatory Staff shall obtain and	, ,	
audit the books and records of the site operators associated with		
disposal operations as determined applicable by the PSC.		
(3) Allowable costs include the costs of those activities		
necessary for:		
(a) the receipt of waste;		
(b) the construction of disposal trenches, vaults, and		
overpacks;		
(c) construction and maintenance of necessary physical		
facilities;		
(d) the purchase or amortization of necessary		
equipment;		
(e) purchase of supplies that are consumed in support of		
waste disposal activities;		
(f) accounting and billing for waste disposal;		
(g) creating and maintaining records related to disposed		
waste;		
(h) the administrative costs directly associated with		
disposal operations including, but not limited to, salaries, wages,		
and employee benefits;		
(i) site surveillance and maintenance required by the		
State of South Carolina, other than site surveillance and		
maintenance costs covered by the balance of funds in the		
decommissioning trust fund or the extended care maintenance		
fund;		
(j) compliance with the license, lease, and regulatory		
requirements of all jurisdictional agencies;		
(k) administrative costs associated with collecting the		
surcharges provided for in subsections (B) and (C) of Section		
48-46-60;		
(1) taxes other than income taxes;		
(m) licensing and permitting fees; and		
(n) any other costs directly associated with disposal		
operations determined by the PSC to be allowable.		
Allowable costs do not include the costs of activities		
associated with lobbying and public relations, clean-up and		
remediation activities caused by errors or accidents in violation		
of laws, regulations, or violations of the facility operating		
license or permits, activities of the site operator not directly in		
support of waste disposal, and other costs determined by the PSC to be unallowable.		
(4) Within ninety days following the end of a fiscal year, a		
site operator may file an application with the PSC to adjust the level of an allowable cost under subsection (3), or to allow a cost		
level of all allowable cost under subsection (5), of to allow a cost		

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H. 3066, As Amended By Senate not previously designated an allowable cost. A copy of the	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
application must be provided to the Office of Regulatory Staff.		
The PSC shall process such application in accordance with its		
procedures. If such application is approved by the PSC, the PSC		
shall authorize the site operator to adjust allowable costs for the		
current fiscal year so as to compensate the site operator for revenues lost during the previous fiscal year.		
(5) A private operator of a regional disposal facility in		
South Carolina is authorized to charge an operating margin of		
twenty-nine percent. The operating margin for a given period		
must be determined by multiplying twenty-nine percent by the		
total amount of allowable costs as determined in this subsection,		
excluding allowable costs for taxes and licensing and permitting		
fees paid to governmental entities.		
(6) The site operator shall prepare and file with the PSC a		
Least Cost Operating Plan. The plan must be filed within		
forty-five days of enactment of this chapter and must be revised		
annually. The plan shall include information concerning		
anticipated operations over the next ten years and shall evaluate		
all options for future staffing and operation of the site to ensure		
least cost operation, including information related to the possible		
interim suspension of operations in accordance with subsection		
(B)(7). A copy of the plan must be provided to the Office of		
Regulatory Staff.		
(7)(a) If the board department, upon the advice of the		
compact commission or the site operator, concludes based on		
information provided to the board <u>department</u> , that the volume		
of waste to be disposed during a forthcoming period of time		
does not appear sufficient to generate receipts that will be		
adequate to reimburse the site operator for its costs of operating		
the facility and its operating margin, then the board department		
shall direct the site operator to propose to the compact		
commission plans including, but not necessarily limited to, a		
proposal for discontinuing acceptance of waste until such time		
as there is sufficient waste to cover the site operator's operating		
costs and operating margin. Any proposal to suspend operations		
must detail plans of the site operator to minimize its costs during		
the suspension of operations. Any such proposal to suspend		
operations must be approved by the Department of Health and		
Environmental Control with respect to safety and environmental		
protection.		
(b) Allowable costs applicable to any period of		
suspended operations must be approved by the PSC according to		
procedures similar to those provided herein for allowable		

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operating costs. During any such suspension of operations, the	and the second s	
site operator must be reimbursed by the board department from		
the extended care maintenance fund for its allowable costs and		
its operating margin. During the suspension funding to		
reimburse the board department, the PSC, and the State		
Treasurer under Section 48-46-60(B) and funding of the		
compact commission under Section 48-46-60(C) must also be		
allocated from the extended care maintenance fund as approved		
by the board <u>department</u> based on revised budgets submitted by		
the PSC, State Treasurer, and the compact commission.		
(c) Notwithstanding any disbursements from the		
extended care maintenance fund in accordance with any		
provision of this act, the board department shall continue to		
ensure, in accordance with Section 13-7-30, that the fund		
remains adequate to defray the costs for future maintenance		
costs or custodial and maintenance obligations of the site and		
other obligations imposed on the fund by this chapter.		
(d) The PSC may promulgate regulations and policies		
necessary to execute the provisions of this section.		
(8) The PSC may use any standard, formula, method, or		
theory of valuation reasonably calculated to arrive at the		
objective of identifying allowable costs associated with waste		
disposal. The PSC may consider standards, precedents,		
findings, and decisions in other jurisdictions that regulate		
allowable costs for radioactive waste disposal.		
(9) In all proceedings held pursuant to this section, the		
board department shall participate as a party representing the		
interests of the State of South Carolina, and the compact		
commission may participate as a party representing the interests		
of the compact states. The Executive Director of the Office of		
Regulatory Staff and the Attorney General of the State of South		
Carolina shall be parties to any such proceeding.		
Representatives from the Department of Health and		
Environmental Control shall participate in proceedings where		
necessary to determine or define the activities that a site operator		
must conduct in order to comply with the regulations and license		
conditions imposed by the department. Other parties may		
participate in the PSC's proceedings upon satisfaction of		
standing requirements and compliance with the PSC's		
procedures. Any site operator submitting records and		
information to the PSC may request that the PSC treat such		
records and information as confidential and not subject to		
disclosure in accordance with the PSC's procedures.		
(10) In all respects in which the PSC has power and		

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authority under this chapter, it shall conduct its proceedings	, ,	
under the South Carolina Administrative Procedures Act and the		
PSC's rules and regulations. The PSC is authorized to compel		
attendance and testimony of a site operator's directors, officers,		
agents, or employees.		
(11) At any time the compact commission, the board		
department, or any generator subject to payment of rates set		
pursuant to this chapter may file a petition against a site operator		
alleging that allowable costs identified pursuant to this chapter		
are not in conformity with the directives of this chapter or the		
directives of the PSC or that the site operator is otherwise not		
acting in conformity with the requirements of this chapter or		
directives of the PSC. Upon filing of the petition, the PSC shall		
cause a copy of the petition to be served upon the site operator.		
The petitioning party has the burden of proving that allowable		
costs or the actions of the site operator do not conform. The		
hearing shall conform to the rules of practice and procedure of		
the PSC for other cases.		
(12) The PSC shall encourage alternate forms of dispute		
resolution including, but not limited to, mediation or arbitration		
to resolve disputes between a site operator and any other person		
regarding matters covered by this chapter.		
(C) The operator of a regional disposal facility shall submit		
to the South Carolina Department of Revenue, the PSC, the		
Office of Regulatory Staff, and the board department within		
thirty days following the end of each quarter a report detailing		
actual revenues received in the previous fiscal quarter and		
allowable costs incurred for operation of the disposal facility.		
(D)(1) Within 30 thirty days following the end of the fiscal		
year the operator of a regional disposal facility shall submit a		
payment made payable to the South Carolina Department of		
Revenue in an amount that is equal to the total revenues received		
for waste disposed in that fiscal year (with interest accrued on		
cash flows in accordance with instructions from the State		
Treasurer) minus allowable costs, operating margin, and any		
payments already made from such revenues pursuant to Section		
48-46-60(B) and (C) for reimbursement of administrative costs		
to state agencies and the compact commission. The Department		
of Revenue shall deposit the payment with the State Treasurer.		
(2) If in any fiscal year total revenues do not cover		
allowable costs plus the operating margin, the board department		
must reimburse the site operator its allowable costs and		
operating margin from the extended care maintenance fund within thirty days after the end of the fiscal year. The board		
whim thirty days after the end of the fiscal year. The board	77	

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department shall as soon as practicable authorize a surcharge on		12.22
waste disposed in an amount that will fully compensate the fund		
for the reimbursement to the site operator. In the event that total		
revenues for a fiscal year do not cover allowable costs plus the		
operating margin, or quarterly reports submitted pursuant to		
subsection (C) indicate that such annual revenue may be		
insufficient, the board department shall consult with the compact		
commission and the site operator as early as practicable on		
whether the provisions of Section 48-46-40(B)(7) pertaining to		
suspension of operations during periods of insufficient revenues		
should be invoked.		
(E) Revenues received pursuant to item (1) of subsection (D)		
must be allocated as follows:		
(1) The South Carolina State Treasurer shall distribute the		
first two million dollars received for waste disposed during a		
fiscal year to the County Treasurer of Barnwell County for		
distribution to each of the parties to and beneficiaries of the		
order of the United States District Court in C.A. No.		
1:90-2912-6 on the same schedule of allocation as is established		
within that order for the distribution of 'payments in lieu of		
taxes' paid by the United States Department of Energy.		
(2) All revenues in excess of two million dollars received		
from waste disposed during the previous fiscal year must be		
deposited in a fund called the 'Nuclear Waste Disposal Receipts		
Distribution Fund'. Any South Carolina waste generator whose		
disposal fees contributed to the fund during the previous fiscal		
year may submit a request for a rebate of 33.33 percent of the		
funds paid by the generator during the previous fiscal year for		
disposal of waste at a regional disposal facility. These requests		
along with invoices or other supporting material must be submitted in writing to the State Treasurer within fifteen days of		
the end of the fiscal year. For this purpose disposal fees paid by		
the generator must exclude any fees paid pursuant to Section		
48-46-60(C) for compact administration and fees paid pursuant		
to Section 48-46-60(B) for reimbursement of the PSC, the		
Office of Regulatory Staff, the State Treasurer, and the board		
<u>department</u> for administrative expenses under this chapter.		
Upon validation of the request and supporting documentation by		
the State Treasurer, the State Treasurer shall issue a rebate of the		
applicable funds to qualified waste generators within sixty days		
of the receipt of the request. If funds in the Nuclear Waste		
Disposal Receipts Distribution Fund are insufficient to provide a		
rebate of 33.33 percent to each generator, then each generator's		
rebate must be reduced in proportion to the amount of funds in		

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the account for the applicable fiscal year.	, ,	
(3) All funds deposited in the Nuclear Waste Disposal		
Receipts Distribution Fund for waste disposed for each fiscal		
year, less the amount needed to provide generators rebates		
pursuant to item (2), shall be deposited by the State Treasurer in		
the 'Children's Education Endowment Fund'. Thirty percent of		
these monies must be allocated to Higher Education Scholarship		
Grants and used as provided in Section 59-143-30, and seventy		
percent of these monies must be allocated to Public School		
Facility Assistance and used as provided in Chapter 144 of Title		
59.		
(F) Effective beginning fiscal year 2001-2002, there is		
appropriated annually from the general fund of the State to the		
Higher Education Scholarship Grants share of the Children's		
Education Endowment whatever amount is necessary to credit to		
the Higher Education Scholarship Grants share an amount not		
less than the amount credited to that portion of the endowment		
in fiscal year 1999-2000. Revenues credited to the endowment		
pursuant to this subsection, for purposes of Section 59-143-10,		
are deemed to be received by the endowment pursuant to the		
former provisions of Section 48-48-140(C)."		
SECTION 19. Section 48-46-50 of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		
"Section 48-46-50. (A) The Governor shall appoint two		
commissioners to the Atlantic Compact Commission and may		
appoint up to two alternate commissioners. These alternate		
commissioners may participate in meetings of the compact		
commission in lieu of and upon the request of a South Carolina		
commissioner. Technical representatives from the Department		
of Health and Environmental Control, the board department, the		
PSC, and other state agencies may participate in relevant		
portions of meetings of the compact commission upon the		
request of a commissioner, alternate commissioner, or staff of		
the compact commission, or as called for in the compact		
commission bylaws.		
(B) South Carolina commissioners or alternate		
commissioners to the compact commission may not vote		
affirmatively on any motion to admit new member states to the		
compact unless that state volunteers to host a regional disposal		
facility. (C) Compact commissioners or alternate commissioners to		
(C) Compact commissioners or alternate commissioners to the Atlantic Compact Commission may not vote to approve a		
the Atlantic Compact Commission may not vote to approve a		

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regional management plan or any other plan or policy that	, , ,	
allows for acceptance at the Barnwell regional disposal facility		
of more than a total of 800,000 cubic feet of waste from		
Connecticut and New Jersey.		
(D) South Carolina's commissioners or alternate		
commissioners to the compact commission shall cast any		
applicable votes on the compact commission in a manner that		
authorizes the importation of waste into the region for purposes		
of disposal at a regional disposal facility in South Carolina so		
long as importation would not result in the facility accepting		
more than the following total volumes of all waste:		
(1) 160,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2001;		
(2) 80,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2002;		
(3) 70,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2003;		
(4) 60,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2004;		
(5) 50,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2005;		
(6) 45,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2006;		
(7) 40,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2007;		
(8) 35,000 cubic feet in fiscal year 2008.		
South Carolina's commissioners or alternate commissioners		
shall not vote to approve the importation of waste into the region		
for purposes of disposal in any fiscal year after 2008."		
SECTION 20. Section 48-46-90 of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		
"Section 48-46-90. (A) In accordance with Section 13-7-30,		
the board department, or its designee, is responsible for extended		
custody and maintenance of the Barnwell site following closure		
and license transfer from the facility operator. The Department		
of Health and Environmental Control is responsible for		
continued site monitoring.		
(B) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to alter or		
diminish the existing statutory authority of the Department of		
Health and Environmental Control to regulate activities		
involving radioactive materials and radioactive wastes."		
SECTION 21. Section 48-52-410 of the 1976 Code is		
amended to read:		
"Section 48-52-410. There is established the State Energy		
Office within the State Budget and Control Board Office of	Office within the State Budget and Control Board Department of	
Regulatory Staff which shall serve as the principal energy	Commerce which shall serve as the principal energy planning	
planning entity for the State. Its primary purpose is to develop	which shall set to as the principal energy planning	
and implement a well-balanced energy strategy and to increase		

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the efficiency of use of all energy sources throughout South	, ,	
Carolina through the implementation of the Plan for State		
Energy Policy. The State Energy Office must not function as a		
regulatory body."		
SECTION 22. Section 48-52-440 of the 1976 Code is		
amended to read:		
"Section 48-52-440. There is established the Energy		
Advisory Committee, whose members are appointed by the State		
Budget and Control Board, except as provided in item (14) of		
this section. Members shall serve at the pleasure of the State		
Budget and Control Board except that those appointed pursuant		
to item (14) shall serve for a term coterminous with that of their		
appointing authority. The committee is composed as follows:		
(1) two representatives of investor owned electricity		
companies;		
(2) two representatives of electric cooperatives;		
(3) one representative of the South Carolina Public Service		
Authority, who shall serve ex officio;		
(4) one representative of municipally owned electric utilities;		
(5) one representative of publicly-owned natural gas		
companies;		
(6) one representative of investor owned gas companies;		
(7) one representative of oil suppliers or dealers;		
(8) one representative of propane suppliers or dealers;		
(9) one representative of nonprofit public transportation		
providers;		
(10) two representatives of industrial consumers;		
(11) two representatives of commercial consumers;		
(12) two representatives of individual consumers; one must		
be the Executive Director of the Office of Regulatory Staff or		
his designee, who shall serve ex officio;		
(13) two representatives of environmental groups; and		
(14) one at large member appointed by the Governor.		
The Budget and Control Board shall elect one of the		
committee members to serve as chairman. The members of the		
Energy Advisory Committee are not eligible for per diem		
payments or for reimbursement for lodging or meals. The		
functions of the Energy Advisory Committee are advisory to the		
State Energy Office. The committee shall meet at least annually		
and at the call of the chair or at the request of at least six		
members to receive information on the activities of the State		
Energy Office and the formulation and implementation of the		

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state energy action plan. It may comment and advise on the	behatots Davis, Rose, and Plassey & Amendment	11000
activities and the plan as considered appropriate by members of		
the committee. The State Energy Office may seek advice and		
guidance from the committee as considered appropriate by the		
director of the office.Members shall adopt rules governing		
meeting attendance and abide by these rules.		
(A) All funds allocated or directed to this State by the federal		
government relating to energy planning, energy conservation,		
and energy efficiency must be allocated or directed to the State		
Energy Office in the Office of Regulatory Staff to be distributed	Office in the Department of Commerce to be distributed in	
in accordance with the provisions of this section; provided,		
however, that no funding from the following federal programs is		
subject to the provisions of this section:		
(1) the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program		
(LIHEAP), created by Title XXVI of the Omnibus Budget		
Reconciliation Act of 1981 and codified as Chapter 94, Title 42		
of the United States Code, as amended by the Human Services		
Reauthorization Act of 1984, the Human Services		
Reauthorization Act of 1986, the Augustus F. Hawkins Human		
Services Reauthorization Act of 1990, the National Institutes of		
Health Revitalization Act of 1993, the Low-Income Home		
Energy Amendments of 1994, the Coats Human Services		
Reauthorization Act of 1998, and the Energy Policy Act of		
2005, which is administered and funded by the United States		
Department of Health and Human Services on the federal level		
and administered locally by community action agencies; or		
(2) the Weatherization Assistance Program, created by		
Title IV of the Energy Conservation and Production Act of 1976		
and codified as Part A, Subchapter III, Chapter 81, Title 42 of		
the United States Code, amended by the National Energy		
Conservation Policy Act, the Energy Security Act, the Human		
Services Reauthorization Act of 1984, and the State Energy		
Efficiency Programs Improvement Act of 1990 and administered		
and funded by the United States Department of Energy on the		
federal level and administered locally by community action		
agencies.		
Nothing in this section changes the exclusive administration		
of the Low Income Energy Assistance Program and		
Weatherization Assistance Program by local community action		
agencies through the Department of Administration's Office of		
Economic Opportunity pursuant to its authority under the		
provisions of Chapter 45, Title 43, the Community Economic		
Opportunity Act of 1983.		
(B) All funds described in subsection (A) that are not		

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exempted by items (1) and (2) of subsection (A) must be	Schators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
distributed by the State Energy Office in the Office of	State Energy Office in the Department of Commerce	
Regulatory Staff in accordance with all requirements of federal	State Energy Office in the Department of Commerce	
law associated with these funds. Persons seeking to obtain		
funding for energy related programs must submit to the State		
Energy Office a plan for the use of the funds in a manner		
consistent with the provisions of this section.		
(C) Upon receipt of the plans required by subsection (B), the		
State Energy Office of the Office of Regulatory Staff must	State Energy Office of the Department of Commerce must	
prepare an analysis of the plans and their consistency with the	prepare	
provisions of this section and submit that analysis to the	ргерше	
Department Advisory Council for its review and		
recommendations.		
(D) There is hereby created in the Office of Regulatory Staff	(D) There is hereby created in the Department of Commerce	
the Energy Advisory Council, which will advise the State	There is hereby elected in the Bepartment of Commerce	
Energy Office on all matters for which the State Energy Office		
is responsible and specifically with respect to its review of the		
annual plans required to be submitted pursuant to this section.		
The Advisory Council shall be composed of nine members as		
follows:		
(1) three appointed by the Governor, one of whom must		
have a substantial background in environmental or consumer		
protection matters;		
(2) three appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the		
Senate, one of whom must have a substantial background in		
environmental or consumer protection matters; and		
(3) three appointed by the Speaker of the House of		
Representatives, one of whom must have a substantial		
background in environmental or consumer protection matters.		
All appointees must have backgrounds in environmental		
issues; the electricity, transportation or natural gas industries; or		
economic development related to these sectors.		
(E) In evaluating the plans required by this section, the		
Advisory Council shall consider the extent to which the plans		
allocate funds in a cost effective manner and promote the		
following alternative sources of domestic energy or avoidance of		
consumption of energy:		
(1) the development of energy efficiency and		
conservation;		
(2) renewable sources of energy, including wind power;		
solar power, energy from biomass sources, and energy storage;		
(3) nuclear energy; and		
(4) alternative fuels or power sources for the		
transportation sector.		

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In considering the cost-effectiveness of the plans the Advisory	, ,	
Council must consider the cost of the proposed measures as to		
the expected useful life of the measures being proposed and the		
impact of the proposed measures on consumers. For each		
proposed plan, the Advisory Council must consider the value of		
the avoided cost of complying with anticipated state and federal		
environmental regulations.		
(F) Upon completion of its review of plans submitted in		
compliance with this section, the Advisory Council must prepare		
a report describing the results of its review and submit copies of	Office of the December of	
that report to the State Energy Office of the Office of Regulatory	report to the State Energy Office of the Department of	
Staff and the Public Utility Review Committee of Article 5 of	Commerce	
Chapter 3 of Title 58. (G) The Executive Director of the Office of Regulatory	(G) The Secretary of Commerce	
Staff shall make the final determinations of distributions of	(G) The Secretary of Commerce	
funds as required by this section, taking into account the		
recommendations of the Advisory Council. Grant awards shall		
be made in a manner consistent with this section."		
be made in a mainer consistent with this section.		
SECTION 23. Section 48-52-460 of the 1976 Code is	SECTION 23. Section 48-52-460 of the 1976 Code is	
amended to read:	amended to read:	
amended to read.	unionada to read.	
"Section 48-52-460. The establishment of the State Energy	"Section 48-52-460. The establishment of the State Energy	
Office within the State Budget and Control Board Office of	Office within the State Budget and Control Board Department of	
Regulatory Staff, as provided for in this part, must be evaluated	Commerce, as provided for in this part, must be evaluated if	
if restructuring or reorganizing of state government takes place	restructuring or reorganizing of state government takes place so	
so as to identify and provide for the proper placement of the	as to identify and provide for the proper placement of the office	
office upon restructuring or reorganizing."	upon restructuring or reorganizing."	
SECTION 24. Section 48-52-635 of the 1976 Code is		
amended to read:		
"Section 48-52-635. Pursuant to Section 48-52-630, an		
agency's savings realized in the prior fiscal year from		
implementing an energy conservation measure as compared to a		
baseline energy use as certified by the State Energy Office, may		
be retained and carried forward into the current fiscal year. This		
savings, as certified by the State Energy Office, must first be		
used for debt retirement of capital expenditures, if any, on the		
energy conservation measure, after which time savings may be		
used for agency operational purposes and where practical,		
reinvested into energy conservation areas. The agency must		

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report all actual savings in the energy portion of its annual report	energy conservation areas. The agency must report all actual	Notes
to the State Budget and Control Board Office of Regulatory	savings in the energy portion of its annual report to the State	
Staff."	Budget and Control Board General Assembly."	
<u>Surr</u> .	Budget and Control Board General Assembly.	
SECTION 25. Section 48-52-680 of the 1976 Code is		
amended to read:		
"Section 48-52-680. (A) The State Energy Office shall		
assist the Materials Management Office as established in Section		
11-35-810 and all governmental bodies defined in and subject to		
the Consolidated Procurement Code, by identifying goods which		
are 'energy efficient' or for which the State can achieve		
long-term savings through consideration of life cycle costs. The		
State Energy Office must compile a list of these goods. Before		
issuing any solicitation for these goods, the procuring agency		
shall notify the State Energy Office which shall assist in drafting		
or reviewing specifications for the goods being procured and		
which shall approve the specifications before issuing the		
solicitation. Upon request of a governmental body the State		
Energy Office shall provide assistance in evaluating bids or		
offers received in response to the solicitation to ensure that		
procurements are made in accordance with the purposes and		
policies of this article.		
(B) The State Energy Office shall assist the Office of the		
State Engineer and all governmental bodies defined in and		
subject to the Consolidated Procurement Code by drafting		
energy conservation standards to be applied in the design and		
construction of buildings that are owned or lease/purchased by		
these governmental bodies. Before any construction contracts		
are bid under Section 11-35-3020, the State Engineer's Office or		
the governmental body soliciting the bids shall review the plans		
and specifications to ensure that they are in compliance with the		
standards drafted by the State Energy Office. The State Energy		
Office shall provide assistance in reviewing these plans and		
specifications upon the request of the State Engineer's Office or		
the affected governmental body.		
(C) The State Energy Office shall provide the Office of		
Property Management of the Budget and Control Board, Division of General Services of the Department of		
Administration, information to be used in evaluating energy		
costs for buildings or portions of buildings proposed to be leased by governmental bodies that are defined in and subject to the		
Consolidated Procurement Code. The information provided		
Consolidated Froculement Code. The information provided		

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must be considered with the other criteria provided by law by a		
governmental body before entering into a real property lease."		
Part VIII		
Joint Strategic Technology Committee		
C 6.		
SECTION 26. Title 2 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding:		
"Chapter 9		
Joint Strategic Technology Committee		
Section 2-9-10. (A) There is created a joint committee of the		
General Assembly to be known as the Joint Strategic		
Technology Committee consisting of eight members. The		
chairman of the Senate Finance Committee shall appoint four		
members, at least two of whom must be appointed from the		
Senate Finance Committee. The chairman of the House Ways		
and Means Committee shall appoint four members, at least two		
of whom must be appointed from the House Ways and Means		
Committee. (B) The Leist Strategie Technology Committee shall be the		
(B) The Joint Strategic Technology Committee shall have the		
following purposes and responsibilities:		
(1) The joint committee shall review the Statewide Strategic Information Technology Plan prepared by the		
Department of Administration and the Agency Directors		
Technology Advisory Committee and, as needed, make		
recommendations to the Senate Finance Committee and the		
House Ways and Means Committee regarding the plan by		
January 29 of the current fiscal year. Any expenditure or		
procurement under the jurisdiction of the Department of		
Administration, either directly or indirectly, which exceeds one		
million dollars must be presented to the joint committee for		
review and comment. The joint committee shall also recommend		
priorities for state government enterprise information technology		
projects and resource requirements as it determines appropriate;		
(2) The joint committee shall review information		
technology spending by state agencies and evaluate whether		
greater efficiencies, more effective services, and cost savings		
can be achieved through streamlining, standardizing, and		
consolidating state agency information technology. State		
agencies must consult with hardware maintenance manager		
vendors under state contract to determine whether the agency		
may achieve cost savings by utilizing these contracts for		
information technology. The joint committee shall recommend		

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to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of		
the House of Representatives, for referral to the appropriate		
standing committees, any statutory changes appropriate for the		
successful implementation of the Statewide Strategic		
Information Technology Plan and the efficient and effective		
management and use of information technology by state		
government.		
(C) The Department of Administration and all state agencies		
shall cooperate with and provide assistance to the Joint Strategic		
Technology Committee as requested by the committee.		
(D) The Director of the Department of Administration shall		
appoint an Agency Directors Technology Advisory Committee.		
The director shall determine the number and composition of this		
committee, which shall represent a cross-section of state		
government agencies. This committee shall provide input and		
advice regarding the Statewide Strategic Information		
Technology Plan developed by the State through the Department of Administration. The committee shall also assist and advise		
the Joint Strategic Technology Committee at its request."		
Part IX		
Office of the State Inspector General		
STILL STAIL STAIL AND POURT STAIL		
SECTION 27. Section 1-3-240 of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		
"Section 1-3-240. (A) Any officer of the county or State,		
except:		
(1) an officer whose removal is provided for in Section 3		
of Article XV of the State Constitution; or		
(2) an officer guilty of the offense named in Section 8 of		
Article VI of the <u>State</u> Constitution; or		
(3) pursuant to subsection (B) of this section, an officer of		
the State appointed by $\frac{1}{2}$ the Governor, either with or without the		
advice and consent of the Senate; who is guilty of malfeasance,		
misfeasance, incompetency, absenteeism, conflicts of interest,		
misconduct, persistent neglect of duty in office, or incapacity		
shall be subject to removal by the Governor upon any of the		
foregoing causes being made to appear to the satisfaction of the		
Governor. But before removing any such officer, the Governor shall inform him in writing of the specific charges brought		
against him and give him an opportunity on reasonable notice to		
be heard.		
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(B) Any person appointed to a state office by a the Governor,	Schators David, Robe, and Massey & American	110000
either with or without the advice and consent of the Senate,		
other than those officers enumerated in subsection (C), may be		
removed from office by the Governor at his discretion by an		
Executive Order removing the officer.		
(C)(1) Persons appointed to the following offices of the State		
may be removed by the Governor for malfeasance, misfeasance,		
incompetency, absenteeism, conflicts of interest, misconduct,		
persistent neglect of duty in office, or incapacity:		
(a) Workers' Compensation Commission;		
(b) Department of Transportation Commission;		
(c) Ethics Commission;		
(d) Election Commission;		
(e) Professional and Occupational Licensing Boards;		
(f) Juvenile Parole Board;		
(g) Probation, Parole and Pardon Board;		
(h) Director of the Department of Public Safety;		
(i) Board of the Department of Health and		
Environmental Control, excepting the chairman;		
(j)Chief of State Law Enforcement Division;		
(k) South Carolina Lottery Commission;		
(l) Executive Director of the Office of Regulatory		
Staff; and		
(m) Directors of the South Carolina Public Service		
Authority appointed pursuant to Section 58-31-20. A director of		
the South Carolina Public Service Authority also may be		
removed for his breach of any duty arising under Section		
58-31-55 or 58-31-56. The Governor must not request a director		
of the South Carolina Public Service Authority to resign unless		
cause for removal, as established by this subsection, exists.		
Removal of a director of the South Carolina Public Service		
Authority, except as is provided by this section or by Section		
58-31-20(A), must be considered to be an irreparable injury for		
which no adequate remedy at law exists:	() G B A . 1 . 5	
(n) State Ports Authority; and	(n) State Ports Authority;	
(o) State Inspector General.	(o) State Inspector General; and	
(O) II (1) (C) (C) (1 11) (1	(p) Public Employee Benefit Authority.	
(2) Upon the expiration of an officeholder's term, the		
individual may continue to serve until a successor is appointed		
and qualifies."		
SECTION 28. Title 1 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding:		
"Chapter 6		
Chapter 0		

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Section 1-6-10. As used in this title: (1) 'Agency' means an authority, board, branch, commission, committee, department, division, or other instrumentality of the executive department of state government, including administrative bodies and state technical schools and state colleges and universities. 'Agency' includes a body corporate and politic established as an instrumentality of the State. 'Agency' does not include: (a) the judicial department of state government; or (b) the legislative department of state government; or (c) political subdivisions. (2) 'Business relationship' means dealings of a person with an agency seeking, obtaining, establishing, maintaining, or implementing: (a) a pecuniary interest in a contract or purchase with the agency; or (b) a license or permit requiring the exercise of judgment or discretion by the agency. (3) 'Employee' means an individual who is employed by an agency on a full-time, part-time, temporary, intermittent, or hourly basis. 'Employee' includes an individual who contracts with an agency for personal services. (4) 'Person' means: (a) an individual, labor union and organization, joint apprenticeship committee, partnership, association, corporation, legal representative, mutual company, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization, trustee, trustee in bankruptcy, receiver, or other legal or commercial entity located in part or in whole in the State or doing business in the State; (b) the State and any agency or local subdivision of an agency; or (c) a political subdivision. (5) 'Political subdivision' includes a county, city, municipality, town, village, township, district, authority, special purpose district, school district, other local government entity, or other public corporation or entity whether organized and existing under charter or general law. (6) 'Special state appointee' means a person who is: (a) not a state officer or employee; and (b) elected or appointed to an authority, a board, a	(a) the judicial department of state government; (b) quasi-judicial functions of state government; (c) the legislative department of state government; or (d) political subdivisions.	
commission, a committee, a council, a task force, or other body designated by any name that:		
uesignated by any name that.	80	

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(i) is authorized by statute or executive order; and	, ,	
(ii) functions in a policy or an advisory role in the		
executive, including the administrative, department of state		
government, including a separate body corporate and politic.		
(7) 'State officer' means any of the following:		
(a) the Governor;		
(b) the Lieutenant Governor;		
(c) the Secretary of State;		
(d) the State Comptroller General;		
(e) the State Treasurer;		
(f) the Attorney General;		
(g) the Superintendent of Education;		
(h) the Commissioner of Agriculture; or		
(i) the Adjutant General.		
(8) 'Wrongdoing' means action by an agency which results		
in substantial abuse, misuse, destruction, or loss of substantial		
public funds or public resources. 'Wrongdoing' also includes an		
allegation that a public employee has intentionally violated		
federal or state statutory law or regulations or other political		
subdivision ordinances or regulations or a code of ethics, which		
violation is not merely technical or of a minimum nature.		
Section 1.6.20 (A) There is hereby established the Office		
Section 1-6-20. (A) There is hereby established the Office of the State Inspector General that consists of the State Inspector		
General, who is the director of the office, and any staff of deputy		
inspectors general, investigators, auditors, and clerical		
employees employed by the State Inspector General as		
necessary to carry out the duties of the State Inspector General		
and as are authorized by law. The State Inspector General shall		
fix the salaries of all staff subject to the funds authorized in the		
annual general appropriation act.		
(B) The State Inspector General is responsible for		
investigating and addressing allegations of fraud, waste, abuse,		
mismanagement, misconduct, violations of state or federal law,		
and wrongdoing in agencies.	agencies and must conduct annual audits of state agencies	
	pursuant to Section 1-6-110.	
(C) The Governor shall appoint the State Inspector General	F	
with the advice and consent of the Senate for a term of four		
years. A Governor may reappoint the State Inspector General		
for additional terms. The State Inspector General's		
compensation must not be reduced during the State Inspector		
General's uninterrupted continued tenure in office.		
(D) The State Inspector General:		
(1) may be removed from office only by the Governor as		

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provided in Section 1-3-240(C);	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(2) must be selected without regard to political affiliation		
and on the basis of integrity, capability for strong leadership,		
and demonstrated ability in accounting, auditing, financial		
analysis, law, management analysis, public administration,		
investigation, or criminal justice administration or other closely		
related fields;		
(3) is entitled to receive compensation set by the Governor	(3) is entitled to receive compensation set by the Governor.	
and approved by the Budget and Control Board.		
(E) Upon request of the State Inspector General for		
information or assistance, all agencies are directed to fully		
cooperate with and furnish the State Inspector General with all		
documents, reports, answers, records, accounts, papers, and		
other necessary data and documentary information to perform		
the mission of the State Inspector General.		
(F) Except for information declared confidential under this		
chapter, records of the office of the State Inspector General are		
subject to public inspection under Section 30-4-15 et seq.		
Section 1 6 20. The State Inspector Consul may		
Section 1-6-30. The State Inspector General may: (1) initiate, supervise, and coordinate investigations		
authorized by this chapter;		
(2) recommend policies and carry out other activities		
designed to deter, detect, and eradicate fraud, waste, abuse,		
mismanagement, misconduct, violations of state or federal law,		
and wrongdoing in state government;		
(3) receive complaints alleging a violation of a statute or rule		
relating to the purchase of goods or services by a current or		
former employee, state officer, special state appointee, or person		
who has a business relationship with an agency;		
(4) receive complaints from any individual, including those		
employed by any agency, alleging fraud, waste, abuse,		
mismanagement, misconduct, violations of state or federal law,		
and wrongdoing in an agency;		
(5) adopt rules and regulations for administering the office		
of the State Inspector General;		
(6) offer every employee, state officer, special state		
appointee, and person who has a business relationship with an		
agency training in the Rules of Conduct as provided in Article 7,		
Chapter 13, Title 8 of the South Carolina Code of Laws;		
(7) provide advice to an agency on developing,		
implementing, and enforcing policies and procedures to prevent		
or reduce the risk of fraudulent or wrongful acts within the		
agency;		

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(8) recommend legislation to the Governor and General		
Assembly to strengthen public integrity laws; and		
(9) annually submit a report to the Governor, President Pro		
Tempore of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of		
Representatives detailing the State Inspector General's activities.		
Section 1-6-40. (A) If the State Inspector General has		
reasonable cause to believe that fraud, waste, abuse,		
mismanagement, misconduct, or wrongdoing has occurred or is		
occurring, he must report the suspected conduct to:		
(1) the Governor; and		
(2) the head of the agency affected by the conduct or		
employing the person allegedly engaged in the suspected		
conduct.		
(B) In addition to the reporting requirements in subsection		
(A), if the State Inspector General has reasonable cause to		
believe that a crime has occurred or is occurring, he must report		
the conduct to the appropriate state or federal law enforcement		
agencies and prosecuting authorities that have jurisdiction over		
the matter.		
(C) In addition to fully cooperating with the State Inspector		
General's investigation, the head of the agency employing a		
person allegedly engaged in the suspected conduct is responsible		
for submitting a report to the State Inspector General describing		
any and all actions taken with the employee and within the		
agency to prevent the alleged conduct from occurring again.		
Section 1-6-50. The State Inspector General has the		
following powers:		
(A) As part of an investigation, the State Inspector General		
may:		
(1) administer oaths;		
(2) examine witnesses under oath;		
(3) issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum; and		
(4) examine the records, reports, audits, reviews, papers,		
books, recommendations, contracts, correspondence, or any		
other documents maintained by an agency.		
(B) The State Inspector General may apply to a circuit court		
for an order holding an individual in contempt of court if the		
individual refuses to give sworn testimony under a subpoena		
issued by the State Inspector General or otherwise disobeys a		
subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued by the State Inspector		
General. (C) For any investigation that results in a report, the State		
(C) For any investigation that results in a report, the State	02	

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Inspector General must prepare a written report that remains	Schators Davis, Rose, and Wassey's Amendment	Notes
confidential until it is issued as a final report. The State		
Inspector General is the authority who determines if an		
investigation requires a report. The State Inspector General, in		
his discretion, may give an agency advice or recommendations		
that remain confidential and are not issued as a report.		
(D) If the Attorney General has elected not to file a civil		
action for the recovery of funds misappropriated, diverted,		
missing, or unlawfully gained, the State Inspector General may		
file a civil action for the recovery of the funds in accordance		
with Section 1-6-70 of this chapter.		
Section 1 6 60. If the State Inspector Concret investigates		
Section 1-6-60. If the State Inspector General investigates and determines that there is specific and credible evidence that a		
current or former employee, a current or former state officer, a		
current or former special state appointee, or a person who has or		
had a business relationship with an agency has violated the code		
of ethics, the State Inspector General may file a complaint with		
the Ethics Commission and represent the State in any proceeding		
before the Ethics Commission.		
before the Ethies Commission.		
Section 1-6-70. (A) This section applies if the State		
Inspector General finds evidence of misfeasance, malfeasance,		
nonfeasance, misappropriation, fraud, or other misconduct that		
has resulted in a financial loss to the State or in an unlawful		
benefit to an individual in the conduct of state business.		
(B) If the State Inspector General finds evidence described in		
subsection (A), the State Inspector General shall certify a report		
of the matter to the Attorney General and provide the Attorney		
General with any relevant documents, transcripts, written		
statements, or other evidence. Not later than one hundred eighty		
days after receipt of the report from the State Inspector General,		
the Attorney General must do one of the following:		
(1) file a civil action, including an action upon a state		
officer's official bond, to secure for the State the recovery of		
funds misappropriated, diverted, missing, or unlawfully gained.		
Upon request of the Attorney General, the State Inspector		
General shall assist the Attorney General in the investigation,		
preparation, and prosecution of the civil action;		
(2) inform the State Inspector General that the Attorney		
General does not intend to file a civil action for the recovery of		
funds misappropriated, diverted, missing, or unlawfully gained.		
If the Attorney General elects not to file a civil action, the		
Attorney General must return to the State Inspector General all		

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documents, transcripts, written statements, or other evidence	, , ,	
initially provided by the State Inspector General; or		
(3) inform the State Inspector General that the Attorney		
General is diligently reviewing the matter and after further		
review may file a civil action for the recovery of funds		
misappropriated, diverted, missing, or unlawfully gained.		
However, if more than three hundred sixty-five days have		
passed since the State Inspector General certified the report to		
the Attorney General, and the Attorney General has neither filed		
a civil action nor informed the State Inspector General that he		
does not intend to file a civil action, the Attorney General loses		
the authority to file a civil action for the recovery of funds		
misappropriated, diverted, missing, or unlawfully gained and		
must return to the State Inspector General all documents,		
transcripts, written statements, or other evidence provided by the		
State Inspector General.		
(C) The State Inspector General may file a civil action for the		
recovery of funds misappropriated, diverted, missing, or		
unlawfully gained if the State Inspector General has found		
evidence described in subsection (A) and reported to the		
Attorney General under subsection (B) and:		
(1) the Attorney General has elected under subsection		
(B)(2) not to file a civil action for the recovery of funds		
misappropriated, diverted, missing, or unlawfully gained; or		
(2) under subsection (B)(3), more than three hundred		
sixty-five days have passed since the State Inspector General		
certified the report to the Attorney General under subsection (B),		
and the Attorney General has not filed a civil action.		
(D) If the State Inspector General has found evidence		
described in subsection (A), the State Inspector General may		
institute forfeiture proceedings as allowed by law in a court		
having jurisdiction in a county where property derived from or		
realized through the misappropriation, diversion, disappearance,		
or unlawful gain of state funds is located, unless a prosecuting		
attorney has already instituted forfeiture proceedings against that		
property.		
Section 1-6-80. (A) If the State Inspector General discovers		
evidence of criminal activity, the State Inspector General shall		
certify to the appropriate prosecuting attorney the following		
information:		
(1) the identity of any person who may be involved in the		
criminal activity; and		
(2) the criminal statute that the State Inspector General	04	

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believes has been violated.	Schators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
(B) In addition, the State Inspector General must provide the		
prosecuting attorney with any relevant documents, transcripts,		
written statements, or other evidence. If the prosecuting		
attorney decides to prosecute the crime described in the		
information certified to the prosecuting attorney, or any other		
related crimes, the State Inspector General must cooperate with		
the prosecuting attorney in the investigation and prosecution of		
the case. Upon request of the prosecuting attorney, the State		
Inspector General may participate on behalf of the State in any		
resulting criminal trial.		
Section 1-6-90. The State Inspector General must establish a		
toll-free public telephone number for the purpose of receiving		
information concerning fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement,		
misconduct, violations of state or federal law, and wrongdoing		
in an agency. The phone number must be prominently posted by		
all agencies, in clear view of all employees and the public, and		
in a conspicuous location on the agency's Internet website.		
Section 1-6-100. (A) If any individual discloses information		
alleging fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement, misconduct,		
violations of state or federal law, and wrongdoing in an agency		
in good faith to the State Inspector General, the individual's		
identity is confidential and must not be disclosed to anyone		
other than the Governor, the staff of the Office of the State		
Inspector General, or an authority to whom the investigation is		
subsequently referred or certified, unless:		
(1) the State Inspector General makes a written		
determination that it is in the public interest to disclose the		
individual's identity; or		
(2) the individual consents in writing to disclosure of the		
individual's identity.		
(B) After an investigation is completed and a report is issued		
as provided in Section 1-6-50(C), the investigative records of the		
State Inspector General are subject to public inspection under		
the provisions of Section 30-4-15 et seq. However, if an		
individual's identity is confidential as provided in subsection		
(A), the individual's identity or any information that reasonably		
might lead to the discovery of the individual's identity must not		
be disclosed, except as provided in subsection (A) or subsection		
(E). (C) This subsection does not apply to a person who is a party		
(C) This subsection does not apply to a person who is a party		
to an action brought by the State Inspector General. Information		

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received by the State Inspector General is not required to be	Senators Davis, Rose, and Passey String Paris	110000
produced in the course of discovery, unless ordered by a court		
after a showing of particularized need and proof that the		
information requested cannot be obtained from any other source.		
(D) Except as provided in subsection (E), a person commits		
the misdemeanor of unlawful disclosure of confidential		
information if he knowingly or intentionally discloses:		
(1) confidential information or records; or		
(2) the identity of a person whose identity is confidential		
under subsection (A).		
A person convicted pursuant to this subsection must be fined		
not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than		
one year. If the person convicted is an officer or employee of		
the State, he must be dismissed from office or employment and		
is ineligible to hold any public office in this State for a period of		
five years after the conviction.		
(E) A person may disclose confidential information, records,		
or an individual's identity that is confidential under subsection		
(A) if the Governor authorizes the disclosure of this information		
in the public interest."	public interest.	
	Castian 1 6 110 (A)(1) All State according and antitian	
	Section 1-6-110. (A)(1) All State agencies and entities	
	supported partially or entirely by public funds are subject to	
	audit by or under the oversight of the State Inspector General,	
	except as otherwise specifically provided by law. The State Inspector General, to the extent practicable and consistent with	
	his overall responsibility, shall audit or cause to be audited each	
	State agency and entity annually.	
	(2) Annually the State Auditor shall audit or cause to be	
	audited the State's basic financial statements prepared by the	
	Comptroller General of South Carolina.	
	(3) Annually the State Auditor shall audit or cause to be	
	audited the compliance of the State of South Carolina with the	
	U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133	
	Compliance Supplement as applicable to major Federal	
	programs.	
	(4) Audits must be conducted in accordance with auditing	
	standards generally accepted in the United States of America;	
	the standards applicable to financial audits contained in	
	Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller	
	General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits	
	of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations.	
	(B) To the extent practicable and consistent with his overall	

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	responsibility, the State Inspector General periodically shall	
	audit or cause to be audited the financial records of the county	
	treasurers, municipal treasurers, county clerks of court,	
	magistrates, and municipal courts to report if fines and	
	assessments imposed pursuant to Sections 14-1-205 through	
	14-1-208 are collected properly and remitted to the State	
	Treasurer. Upon the issuance of an audit report, the State	
	Inspector General immediately shall notify the State Treasurer,	
	Division of Court Administration, and the chief administrator of	
	the affected agency, department, county, or municipality.	
	(C) Reports of audit findings must be available to the	
	Governor, the Department of Administration, General	
	Assembly, and the general public. The State Inspector General	
	shall notify the Governor, the Department of Administration,	
	and the General Assembly immediately upon the issuance of an	
	• • • •	
	audit report. (D) In order to corry out his duties, the State Increaser.	
	(D) In order to carry out his duties, the State Inspector	
	General and his assistants or designees must have access to all	
	records and facilities of every state agency during normal	
	operating hours. The State Inspector General and his assistants	
	or designees shall have access to all relevant records and	
	facilities of a private organization receiving appropriated state	
	monies, relating to the management and expenditures of these	
	state monies, during the organization's normal operating hours.	
	In the performance of his official duties, the State Inspector	
	General and his assistants or designees are subject to the	
	statutory provisions and penalties regarding the confidentiality	
	of records of the agency or organization under review. All audit	
	working papers and memoranda of the State Inspector General,	
	except final audit reports, are confidential and not subject to	
	public disclosure.	
	(E) The State Inspector General shall bill the South Carolina	
	Department of Health and Human Services monthly for fifty	
	percent of the costs incurred by the State Inspector General in	
	conducting the medical assistance audit. The amount billed by	
	the State Inspector General must include those appropriated	
	salary adjustments and employer contributions allowable under	
	the Medicaid program. The Department of Health and Human	
	Services shall remit the amount billed to the credit of the general	
	fund of the State.	
	(F) As required by professional auditing standards, the State	
	Inspector General shall maintain independence in the	
	performance of his authorized duties. Neither the Governor nor	
	an agency or entity of the executive or judicial branches of State	
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	government has the authority to limit the scope, direction, or	
	report content of an audit undertaken by the State Inspector	
	General.	
	(G)(1) To preserve the independence and objectivity of the	
	audit function, the State Inspector General or his employees may	
	not serve in any capacity on an administrative board,	
	commission, or other organization that they have the	
	responsibility or authority to audit, and they may not have a	
	material, direct or indirect, financial or other economic interest	
	in the transactions of a state agency.	
	(2) The State Inspector General or a member of his staff	
	may not conduct an audit of a program, activity, or agency for	
	which he had management responsibility or by which he has	
	been employed during the last two years.	
	(H) The State Inspector General may obtain the services of	
	independent public accountants as he considers necessary to	
	carry out his duties and responsibilities. The State Inspector	
	General may use funds appropriated for personal services to	
	contract with private firms, using a request for proposals, to	
	perform audits.	
	(I) Each state agency shall remit to the State Inspector	
	General an amount representing an equitable portion of the	
	expense of contracting with a certified public accounting firm to	
	conduct a portion of the audit of the State's Comprehensive	
	Annual Financial Report prepared by the Comptroller General's	
	Office. Each state agency's equitable portion of the expense	
	must be determined by a schedule developed by the State	
	Inspector General. The remittance must be based upon invoices	
	provided by the State Inspector General upon completion of the	
	annual audit. The audit must be rebid using a request for	
	proposals no less frequently than every five years.	
	Section Section 11-7-10 of the 1976 Code is amended to	
	read:	
	"Section 11-7-10. The State Budget and Control Board	
	State Inspector General shall select the State Auditor, who shall	
	select necessary assistants in conformity with the appropriations	
	for the office."	
SECTION 29. Part VIII takes effect on January 1, 2012.	SECTION 29. Part IX, relating to the Office of Inspector	
-	General, takes effect on January 1, 2013.	
Part IX		
Naval Base Museum Authority		

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SECTION 30. (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of	, ,	
law, in addition to the present members of the Charleston Naval		
Complex Redevelopment Authority, as created by gubernatorial		
executive order pursuant to Section 31-12-40 of the 1976 Code,		
there shall be four additional members, two appointed by the		
Speaker of the House of Representatives and two appointed by		
the President Pro Tempore of the Senate. These four additional		
members shall each serve for terms of four years and until their		
successors are appointed and qualify. Vacancies shall be filled		
for the remainder of the unexpired term by appointment in the		
same manner of original appointment.		
(B) These four additional members shall serve as members of		
the Charleston Naval Complex Redevelopment Authority with		
the same powers, duties, and responsibilities of other such		
members as provided by law. In addition, these four members,		
together with the gubernatorial appointees to the Charleston		
Naval Complex Redevelopment Authority, shall also constitute		
the Charleston Navy Base Museum Authority as a division of		
the Charleston Naval Redevelopment Authority. Service as a		
member of the Navy Base Museum Authority is considered an		
additional and supplemental function and duty of those specified		
members of the Naval Complex Redevelopment Authority and		
is not considered another office of honor or profit of this State.		
The Navy Base Museum Authority shall select from among its		
members a chairman and such other officers as they consider		
necessary.		
(C) The duties, powers, and functions of the Hunley		
Commission as provided in Sections 54-7-100 and 54-7-110 of		
the 1976 Code, and as otherwise provided by law are transferred		
to and devolved upon the Navy Base Museum Authority. In		
addition, the Navy Base Museum Authority shall possess all		
other powers and duties conferred upon instrumentalities of this		
State as provided by law. Contracts and agreements between the		
Hunley Commission and Clemson University, as well as any		
other contracts and agreements of the Hunley Commission, inure		
to the benefit of the Navy Base Museum Authority, and it is considered the successor-in-interest to the Hunley Commission		
in all these regards. There shall remain a three-member panel of		
the Hunley Commission to oversee the timely devolution of		
duties and responsibilities remaining with the Hunley		
Commission, if any. The panel shall consist of one member		
appointed by the Governor, one member appointed by the		
Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one member		
appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate. The		
appointed by the Freshold Fro Tempore of the Senate. The		

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panel shall terminate upon completion of all duties and		
responsibilities.		
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Part X		
South Carolina Rural Infrastructure Authority		
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SECTION 31. Section 11-50-50 of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		
"Section 11-50-50. (A) The board of directors is the		
governing board of the authority. The board consists of seven		
eight voting directors appointed as follows:		
(1) six seven members who reside in counties designated		
as distressed or least developed pursuant to Section 12-6-3360		
for 2009; one appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the		
Senate, one appointed by the Speaker of the House of		
Representatives, one appointed by the Chairman of the Senate		
Finance Committee, one appointed by the Chairman of the		
House Ways and Means Committee, and two three appointed by		
the Governor, one of which must be selected from three		
candidates recommended by the Municipal Association of South		
Carolina, one must be selected from three candidates		
recommended by the South Carolina Association of Counties,		
and one must be selected from three candidates recommended		
by the South Carolina Rural Water Association; and		
(2) the Secretary of Commerce, ex officio, who shall serve		
as chairman.		
(B) Appointed members Members shall serve for terms of		
four years and until their successors are appointed and qualify		
except that of the members first appointed by the Speaker of the		
House, President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and one of the		
members first appointed by the Governor, the member shall		
serve for a term of two years and the term must be noted on the		
appointment. Vacancies must be filled in the manner of original		
appointment for the unexpired portion of the term. Members		
shall serve without compensation but are allowed mileage,		
subsistence, and per diem allowed by law for members of state		
boards, committees, and commissions."		
SECTION 32. Section 11-50-60(A)(15) of the 1976 Code is		
amended to read:		
"(15) expend funds to obtain accounting, management,		
legal, financial consulting, and other professional services		

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necessary to the operations of the authority and may hire a		
director for the authority, so long as one of the gubernatorial		
appointees and three of the legislative appointees vote in favor		
of the hiring;"		
ECTION 33. Chapter 10 of Title 12 of the 1976 Code is		
amended by adding:		
"Section 12-10-86. Notwithstanding Section 12-10-85, the		
Department of Revenue is authorized to deposit revenues from		
the Rural Infrastructure Fund in excess of twelve million dollars		
to the South Carolina Rural Infrastructure Fund under the South		
Carolina Rural Infrastructure Authority. Any revenues in excess		
of seventeen million dollars shall be deposited in the Rural		
Infrastructure Fund under the Department of Commerce,		
Coordinating Council."		
SECTION 34. The State Budget and Control Board shall		
transfer all the funds in the South Carolina Rural Infrastructure		
Bank Trust Fund, created by Act 115 of 2005, to the South Carolina Rural Infrastructure Fund, authorized by Act 171 of		
2010.		
SECTION 35. Section 1-11-25 of the 1976 Code, relating to		
the Local Government Division of the State Budget and Control		
Board, and Section 1-11-26 of the 1976 Code, relating to the use		
of funds from the Local Government Division, are repealed.		
D-4 VI	GEOTION Tide 2 of the 1070 Code is seen at the salitime	
Part XI Legislative Oversight of Executive Departments	SECTION Title 2 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding:	
Legislative Oversight of Executive Departments		
SECTION 36. Subsections (B) through (H) of Section 1-30-10	"Chapter 2	
of the 1976 Code are amended to read:	Legislative Oversight	
((D)(1) The comming outh site of a 1 1 1 1 1 1	Degistative oversight	
"(B)(1) The governing authority of each department shall be either:		
(i) a director, and in the case of the Department of	Section 2-2-5. The General Assembly finds and declares the	
Commerce, the or a secretary, who must be appointed by the	following to be the public policy of the State of South Carolina:	
Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, subject to	(1) Section 1 of Article XII of the State Constitution requires	
removal from office by the Governor pursuant to provisions of Section 1-3-240(B); or,	the General Assembly to provide for appropriate agencies to	
(ii) a seven member board to be appointed and		
constituted in a manner provided for by law; or,	function in the areas of health, welfare, and safety and to	
(iii) in the case of the Department of Agriculture and the	determine the activities, powers, and duties of these agencies	
Department of Education, the State Commissioner of Agriculture and the State Superintendent of Education,	and departments.	
Agriculture and the State Superintendent of Education,		

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respectively, elected to office under the Constitution of this	(2) The General Assembly has an ongoing obligation to	
State; or	assure the efficiency and effectiveness of these agencies and the	
(iv) in the case of the Department of Transportation, a seven member commission constituted in a manner provided by	programs they administer, which it exercises in part through the	
law, and a Secretary of Transportation appointed by and serving		
at the pleasure of the Governor.	standing committees of the State Senate or House of	
(2) In making an appointment for a governing authority of	Representatives.	
a department, race, gender, and other demographic factors		
should be considered to assure nondiscrimination, inclusion, and	Section 2.2.10. As used in this aboutors	
representation to the greatest extent possible of all segments of the population of this State; however, consideration of these	Section 2-2-10. As used in this chapter:	
factors in no way creates a cause of action or basis for an	(1) 'Agency' means an authority, board, branch,	
employee grievance for a person appointed or for a person who	commission, committee, department, division, or other	
fails to be appointed. The Governor in making appointments	instrumentality of state government, including administrative	
provided for by this section shall endeavor to appoint individuals		
who have demonstrated exemplary managerial skills in either the public or private sector.	bodies. 'Agency' includes a body corporate and politic	
(C) Each department shall be organized into appropriate	established as an instrumentality of the State. 'Agency' does not	
divisions subdivisions by the governing authority of the	include a political subdivision.	
department through further consolidation or <u>further</u> subdivision.	(2) 'Investigating committee' means any standing committee	
The power to <u>organize and</u> reorganize the department supersedes		
any provision of law to the contrary pertaining to individual	or subcommittee of a standing committee exercising its authority	
divisions; provided, however, the into divisions lies with the General Assembly in furtherance of its mandate pursuant to	to conduct an oversight study and investigation of an agency	
Article XII of the South Carolina Constitution. The dissolution	within the standing committee's subject matter jurisdiction.	
of any division must receive legislative approval by		
authorization included in the annual general appropriations act	(3) 'Program evaluation report' means a report compiled by	
likewise be statutorily approved by the General Assembly.	an agency at the request of an investigating committee that may	
Any other approval procedures for department reorganization in effect on the effective date of this act no longer apply.	include, but is not limited to, a review of agency management	
(D) The governing authority of a department is vested with	and organization, program delivery, agency goals and	
the duty of overseeing, managing, and controlling the operation,		
administration, and organization of the department. The	objectives, compliance with its statutory mandate, and fiscal	
governing authority has the power to create and appoint standing	accountability.	
or ad hoc advisory committees in its discretion or at the direction	(4) 'Request for information' means a list of questions that	
of the Governor to assist the department in particular areas of public concern or professional expertise as is deemed	an investigating committee serves on a department or agency	
appropriate. Such committees shall serve at the pleasure of the		
governing authority and committee members shall not receive	under investigation. The questions may relate to any matters	
salary or per diem, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for	concerning the department or agency's actions that are the	
actual and necessary expenses incurred pursuant to the discharge	subject of the investigation.	
of official duties not to exceed the per diem, mileage, and subsistence amounts allowed by law for members of boards,		
commissions, and committees.	(5) 'Standing committee' means a permanent committee	
Tommooding and Committees.	102	<u> </u>

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(E) The governing authority of a department director may	with a regular meeting schedule and designated subject matter	110000
appoint deputy directors <u>deputies</u> to head the divisions of their		
department, with each deputy director managing one or more of	jurisdiction that is authorized by the Rules of the Senate or the	
the divisions; in the case of the Department of Commerce, the	Rules of the House of Representatives.	
Secretary of Commerce may appoint a departmental executive		
director and also may appoint directors to manage the various		
divisions of the Department of Commerce. In making	Section 2-2-20. (A) Beginning January 1, 2013, the	
appointments race, gender, and other demographic factors should be considered to assure nondiscrimination, inclusion, and	activities of each agency shall be subject to review by an	
representation to the greatest extent possible of all segments of	investigating committee at least once every seven years in	
the population of this State; however, consideration of these	accordance with a schedule adopted as provided in this chapter.	
factors in making an appointment in no way creates a cause of		
action or basis for an employee grievance for a person appointed	(B) The purpose of these oversight studies and investigations	
or for a person who fails to be appointed. Deputy directors Deputies serve at the will and pleasure of the department	is to determine if laws, regulations, and programs administered	
director governing authority. The deputy director of a division	by an agency:	
is vested with the duty of overseeing, managing, and controlling	(1) are being implemented and carried out in the public	
the operation and administration of the division under the		
direction and control of the department director department's	interest; and	
governing authority and performing such other duties as delegated by the department director department's governing	(2) should be continued, revised, or eliminated.	
authority.	(C) The oversight studies and investigations must consider:	
$\overline{(F)(1)}$ In the event a vacancy should occur occurs in the		
office of department director the department's governing	(1) the application, administration, execution, and	
<u>authority</u> at a time when the General Assembly is not in session,	effectiveness of laws, regulations, and programs administered by	
the Governor may temporarily fill the vacancy pursuant to	an agency;	
Section 1-3-210.		
(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subitem (F)(1), as of	(2) the organization and operation of state agencies and	
July 1, 1993, for each department created pursuant to the provisions of this act which must be governed by a single	entities having responsibilities for the administration and	
director, an initial interim director shall serve as the governing	execution of laws, regulations and programs; and	
authority, serving until January 31, 1994. During that period the	(3) any conditions or circumstances that may indicate the	
following departments must be governed by the director or		
interim director of the following agencies as of June 30, 1993:	necessity or desirability of enacting new or additional legislation	
(i) Department of Corrections, created pursuant to Section 1-30-30, by the director of the former Department of	relating to an agency or program under review.	
Corrections;		
(ii) Department of Juvenile Justice created pursuant to		
Section 1-30-60, by the interim director of the former	Section 2-2-30. (A) The procedure for conducting the	
Department of Youth Services;	oversight studies and investigations is provided in this section.	
(iii) Department of Probation, Parole, and Pardon	(B)(1) Upon consultation with the Clerk of each chamber and	
Services created pursuant to Section 1-30-85 by the director of	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
the former Department of Probation, Pardon and Parole;	with the chairmen of the standing committees in the chamber,	
(iv) Department of Social Services created pursuant to		

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Section 1-30-100, by the director of the former Department of	the presiding officers of each chamber shall determine the	
Social Services;	agencies for which each standing committee shall conduct	
(v) Department of Parks, Recreation and Tourism		
created pursuant to Section 1-30-80, by the director of the	oversight studies and investigations, and shall cause a proposed	
former Department of Parks, Recreation and Tourism;	seven-year review schedule to be published in the each	
(vi) Department of Commerce created pursuant to Section 1-30-25, by the Executive Director of the former State		
Development Board;	chamber's journal on the first day of session each year.	
(vii) Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse	(2) In order to accomplish the requirements of this	
Services created pursuant to Section 1-30-20, by the director of	chapter, the chairman of each standing committee shall schedule	
the former South Carolina Commission on Alcohol and Drug		
Abuse.	oversight studies and investigations for the agencies for which	
(3) As of December 1, 1993, the Governor must submit to	his standing committee is the investigating committee.	
the Senate the names of appointees to the permanent department	(3) Chairmen of standing committees having concurrent	
directorships for those departments created on July 1, 1993 and		
February 1, 1994. If no person has been appointed and qualified for a directorship as of February 1, 1994, the Governor may	subject matter jurisdiction over an agency or the programs and	
appoint an interim director to serve pursuant to the provisions of	law governing an agency by virtue of the Rules of the Senate or	
$\frac{\text{appoint an intermir director to serve parsuant to the provisions of }}{(F)(1)}$.	Rules of the House of Representatives, may request the consent	
(4) Notwithstanding provisions of (2) and (3) to the		
contrary, the initial interim director of the Department of Public	of their presiding officer to appoint a joint investigating	
Safety shall be appointed by the Budget and Control Board. The	committee to conduct the oversight study and investigation for	
initial interim director may be appointed as the permanent	an agency.	
director of the department by the Governor.		
(G)(1) Department and agency governing authorities must, no	(C) The chairman of an investigating committee may vest the	
later than the first day of the 1994 2012 Legislative Session and	standing committee's full investigative power and authority in a	
every twelve months thereafter for the following three years, submit to the Governor and General Assembly reports giving	subcommittee. A subcommittee conducting an oversight study	
detailed and comprehensive recommendations for the purposes		
of merging or eliminating duplicative or unnecessary divisions,	and investigation of an agency:	
programs, or personnel within each department to provide a	(1) shall make a full report of its findings and	
more efficient administration of government services. <u>If an</u>	recommendations to the standing committee at the conclusion of	
agency or department has no recommendations for restructuring		
of divisions, programs, or personnel, its report must contain a	its oversight study and investigation; and	
statement to that effect. Upon their receipt by the President of	(2) must not consist of fewer than three members.	
the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, these reports must be referred as information to the standing	(D) Each investigating committee shall conclude its	
committees of the respective bodies most jurisdictionally related		
in subject matter to each agency. Alternatively, the House and	investigation and submit a report of its findings to the President	
Senate may provide by rule for the referral of these reports.	Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of	
Thereafter, The Governor shall must periodically consult with	Representatives, no later than the first day of November in the	
the governing authorities of the various departments and upon		
such consultation, the Governor shall must submit a report of	year in which the investigation commences. This report shall	
any <u>restructuring</u> recommendations to the General Assembly for	104	

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its review and consideration.	make specific recommendations for changes in law, regulation,	
(2) The Governor shall report to the General Assembly no later than the second Tuesday in January of 1994, his	or policy which would result in improved cost-effectiveness or	
recommendation for restructuring the following offices and	program outcomes.	
divisions presently under his direct supervision, and as to how each might be restructured within other appropriate departments		
or divisions amended by this act:	Section 2-2-40. Nothing in the provisions of this chapter	
(i) Office of Executive Policy and Programs; (ii) Office of Energy Programs;	prohibits or restricts the President Pro Tempore of the Senate,	
(iii) Office of Personnel and Program Services;	the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or chairmen of	
(iv) Office of Research; (v) Division of Health;	standing committees from fulfilling their constitutional	
(vi) Division of Economic Opportunity;	obligations by authorizing and conducting legislative	
(vii) Division of Economic of Development; (viii) Division of Ombudsman and Citizens' Services; (iv) Division of Education.	investigations into agencies' functions, duties, and activities.	
(ix) Division of Education; (x) Division of Natural Resources; (xi) Division of Human Services.	Section 2-2-50. When an investigating committee conducts	
Department and agency governing authorities must, no later	an oversight study and investigation pursuant to Section 2-2-40,	
than the first day of the 2013 Legislative Session, and, as a part of the agency's four-year oversight study and investigation	evidence or information related to the investigation may be	
conducted pursuant to Chapter 2 of Title 2, submit to the	acquired by any lawful means, including, but not limited to:	
Governor and the General Assembly a four-year plan that provides initiatives and/or planned actions that implement cost	(1) serving a request for information on the agency being	
savings and increased efficiencies of services and	studied or investigated. The request for information must be	
responsibilities within the projected four-year period. (H) Department governing authorities must submit to the	answered separately and fully in writing under oath and returned	
General Assembly by the first day of the 1994 legislative session	to the investigating committee within forty-five days after being	
and every five years thereafter a mission statement that must be approved by the General Assembly by Joint Resolution.	served upon the department or agency. The time for answering	
RESERVED"	a request for information may be extended for a period to be	
	agreed upon by the investigating committee and the agency for	
	good cause shown. If any question contains a request for	
	records, policies, audio or video recordings, or other documents,	
	the question is not considered to have been answered unless a	
	complete set of records, policies, audio or video recordings or	
	other documents is included with the answer;	
	(2) receiving the testimony of witnesses, sworn and	
	unsworn;	

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-	(3) issuing subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum pursuant	
	to Title 2, Chapter 69; and	
	(4) requiring the agency to prepare and submit to the	
	investigating committee a program evaluation report by a date	
	specified by the investigating committee. The investigating	
	committee must specify the agency program or programs or	
	agency operations that it is studying or investigating and the	
	information to be contained in the program evaluation report.	
	Section 2-2-60. (A) An investigating committee's request	
	for a program evaluation report must contain:	
	(1) the agency program or operations that it intends to	
	investigate;	
	(2) the information that must be included in the report;	
	and	
	(3) the date that the report must be submitted to the	
	committee.	
	(B) An investigating committee must consider the time and	
	effort associated with an agency's compliance efforts when it	
	requests a program evaluation report, which may contain any of	
	the following information:	
	(1) enabling or authorizing law or other relevant mandate,	
	including any federal mandates;	
	(2) a description of each program administered by the	
	agency identified by the investigating committee in the request	
	for a program evaluation report, including the following	
	information:	
	(a) established priorities, including goals and objectives	
	in meeting each priority;	

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	(b) performance criteria, timetables, or other	
	benchmarks used by the agency to measure its progress in	
	achieving its goals and objectives;	
	(c) an assessment by the agency indicating the extent to	
	which it has met the goals and objectives, using the performance	
	criteria. When an agency has not met its goals and objectives,	
	the agency shall identify the reasons for not meeting them and	
	the corrective measures the agency has taken to meet them in the	
	future;	
	(3) organizational structure, including a position count,	
	job classification, and organization flow chart indicating lines of	
	responsibility;	
	(4) financial summary, including sources of funding by	
	program and the amounts allocated or appropriated and	
	expended over the last five years;	
	(5) identification of areas where the agency has	
	coordinated efforts with other state and federal agencies in	
	achieving program objectives and other areas in which an	
	agency could establish cooperative arrangements including, but	
	not limited to, cooperative arrangements to coordinate services	
	and eliminate redundant requirements;	
	(6) identification of the constituencies served by the	
	agency or program, noting any changes or projected changes in	
	the constituencies;	
	(7) a summary of efforts by the agency or program	
	regarding the use of alternative delivery systems, including	
	privatization, in meeting its goals and objectives;	
	(8) identification of emerging issues for the agency;	
	(9) a comparison of any related federal laws and	

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	regulations to the state laws governing the agency or program	
	and the rules implemented by the agency or program;	
	(10) agency policies for collecting, managing, and using	
	personal information over the Internet and non-electronically,	
	information on the agency's implementation of information	
	technologies;	
	(11) a list of reports, applications, and other similar	
	paperwork required to be filed with the agency by the public.	
	The list must include:	
	(a) the statutory authority for each filing requirement;	
	(b) the date each filing requirement was adopted or last	
	amended by the agency;	
	(c) the frequency that filing is required;	
	(d) the number of filings received annually for the last	
	four years and the number of anticipated filings for the next four	
	years;	
	(e) a description of the actions taken or contemplated	
	by the agency to reduce filing requirements and paperwork	
	duplication;	
	(12) any other relevant information specifically requested	
	by the investigating committee.	
	(C) All information contained in a program evaluation report	
	must be presented in a concise and complete manner.	
	(D) The chairman of the investigating committee may direct	
	the Legislative Audit Council to perform a study of the program	
	evaluation report and report its findings to the investigating	
	committee. The chairman also may direct the Legislative Audit	
	Council to perform its own audit of the program or operations	
	being studied or investigated by the investigating committee.	

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	(E) A state agency that is vested with revenue bonding	
	authority may submit annual reports and annual external audit	
	reports conducted by a third party in lieu of a program	
	evaluation report.	
	Section 2-2-70. An investigating committee may require	
	that testimony be offered under oath.	
	Section 2-2-80. Any witness testifying before or deposed	
	by the investigating committee may have counsel present to	
	advise him. The witness or his counsel may, during the time of	
	testimony or deposition, claim any legal privilege recognized by	
	the laws of this State in response to any question and is entitled	
	to have a ruling by the chairman on any objection. In making	
	his ruling, the chairman of the investigating committee shall	
	follow as closely as possible the statutory law and the decisions	
	of the courts of this State regarding legal privileges. The ruling	
	of the chair may not be reviewed by the courts of this State	
	except in a separate proceeding for contempt of the General	
	Assembly.	
	Section 2-2-90. A witness shall be given the benefit of any	
	privilege at law which he may have in court as a party to a civil	
	action.	
	Section 2-2-100. Any person who appears before a	
	committee or subcommittee of either house, pursuant to this	
	chapter, and willfully gives false, materially misleading, or	
	materially incomplete testimony under oath is guilty of contempt	

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	of the General Assembly. A person who is convicted of, or	
	pleads guilty to, contempt of the General Assembly is guilty of a	
	misdemeanor and, upon conviction, must be fined within the	
	discretion of the court or imprisoned for not more than one year,	
	or both.	
	Section 2-2-110. When, in the opinion of an investigation	
	committee's chairman, a person has violated Section 2-2-100 by	
	providing false, materially misleading, or materially incomplete	
	testimony, the chairman shall notify the presiding officer of his	
	chamber, who shall refer the matter to the Attorney General for	
	prosecution.	
	Section 2-2-120. A person is guilty of criminal contempt	
	when, having been duly subpoenaed to attend as witness before	
	either house of the General Assembly or before a committee of	
	the General Assembly, he:	
	(1) fails or refuses to attend without lawful excuse;	
	(2) refuses to be sworn;	
	(3) refuses to answer any material or proper question; or	
	(4) refuses, after reasonable notice, to produce books,	
	papers, or documents in his possession or under his control	
	which constitute material and proper evidence.	
	A person who is convicted of, or pleads guilty to, criminal	
	contempt is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, must	
	be fined within the discretion of the court or imprisoned for not	
	more than one year, or both."	
SECTION 37. Section 8-27-10(4) of the 1976 Code is amended to read:		

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"(4) 'Report' means:	•	
(a) a written document alleging a written or oral allegation		
of waste or wrongdoing that contains the following information:		
(ai) the date of disclosure;		
$(\frac{1}{bii})$ the name of the employee making the report; and		
(eiii) the nature of the wrongdoing and the date or		
range of dates on which the wrongdoing allegedly occurred. A		
report must be made within sixty days one hundred eighty days		
of the date the reporting employee first learns of the alleged		
wrongdoing-; or		
(b) sworn testimony regarding wrongdoing, regardless		
of when the wrongdoing allegedly occurred, given to any		
standing committee, subcommittee of a standing committee, or		
study committee of the Senate or the House of Representatives."		
SECTION 38. Chapter 27 of Title 8 of the 1976 Code is		
amended by adding:		
β		
"Section 8-27-60. Each public body must make a		
summary of this chapter available on the public body's Internet		
website. The summary must include an explanation of the		
process required to report wrongdoing, an explanation of what		
constitutes wrongdoing, and a description of the protections		
available to an employee who reports wrongdoing. If the public		
body does not maintain an Internet website, the public body		
must annually provide a written summary of this chapter to its		
employees and maintain copies of the summary at all times."		
SECTION 39. Title 2 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding:	SECTION Title 2 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding:	
"Chapter 2	"Chapter 2	
Legislative Oversight of Executive Departments	Legislative Oversight	
Section 2-2-5. The General Assembly finds and declares the	Section 2-2-5. The General Assembly finds and declares the	
following to be the public policy of the State of South Carolina:	following to be the public policy of the State of South Carolina:	
(1) Section 1 of Article XII of the State Constitution requires	(1) Section 1 of Article XII of the State Constitution requires	
the General Assembly to provide for appropriate agencies to	the General Assembly to provide for appropriate agencies to	
function in the areas of health, welfare, and safety and to	function in the areas of health, welfare, and safety and to	
determine the activities, powers, and duties of these agencies	determine the activities, powers, and duties of these agencies	
and departments.	and departments.	
(2) This constitutional duty is a continuing and ongoing	(2) The General Assembly has an ongoing obligation to	
obligation of the General Assembly that is best addressed by	assure the efficiency and effectiveness of these agencies and the	
periodic review of the programs of the agencies and departments	programs they administer, which it exercises in part through the	
and their responsiveness to the needs of the state's citizens by	standing committees of the State Senate or House of	
the standing committees of the State Senate or House of	Representatives.	

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Representatives.		
Section 2.2.10. As yeard in this chamtom	Section 2.2.10. As yeard in this shorters	
Section 2-2-10. As used in this chapter: (1) 'Agency' means an authority, board, branch,	Section 2-2-10. As used in this chapter: (1) 'Agency' means an authority, board, branch,	
commission, committee, department, division, or other	commission, committee, department, division, or other	
instrumentality of the executive or judicial departments of state	instrumentality of state government, including administrative	
government, including administrative bodies. 'Agency' includes	bodies. 'Agency' includes a body corporate and politic	
a body corporate and politic established as an instrumentality of	established as an instrumentality of the State. 'Agency' does not	
the State. 'Agency' does not include:	include a political subdivision.	
(a) the legislative department of state government; or	motivat a positivani successioni	
(b) a political subdivision.		
(2) 'Investigating committee' means any standing committee	(2) 'Investigating committee' means any standing committee	
or subcommittee of a standing committee exercising its authority	or subcommittee of a standing committee exercising its authority	
to conduct an oversight study and investigation of an agency	to conduct an oversight study and investigation of an agency	
within the standing committee's subject matter jurisdiction.	within the standing committee's subject matter jurisdiction.	
(3) 'Program evaluation report' means a report compiled by	(3) 'Program evaluation report' means a report compiled by	
an agency at the request of an investigating committee that may	an agency at the request of an investigating committee that may	
include, but is not limited to, a review of agency management	include, but is not limited to, a review of agency management	
and organization, program delivery, agency goals and	and organization, program delivery, agency goals and	
objectives, compliance with its statutory mandate, and fiscal	objectives, compliance with its statutory mandate, and fiscal	
accountability.	accountability.	
(4) 'Request for information' means a list of questions that	(4) 'Request for information' means a list of questions that	
an investigating committee serves on a department or agency	an investigating committee serves on a department or agency	
under investigation. The questions may relate to any matters	under investigation. The questions may relate to any matters	
concerning the department or agency's actions that are the	concerning the department or agency's actions that are the	
subject of the investigation.	subject of the investigation.	
(5) 'Standing committee' means a permanent committee with a regular meeting schedule and designated subject matter	(5) 'Standing committee' means a permanent committee with a regular meeting schedule and designated subject matter	
jurisdiction that is authorized by the Rules of the Senate or the	jurisdiction that is authorized by the Rules of the Senate or the	
Rules of the House of Representatives.	Rules of the House of Representatives.	
Rules of the House of Representatives.	Rules of the House of Representatives.	
Section 2-2-20. (A) Beginning January 1, 2012, each	Section 2-2-20. (A) Beginning January 1, 2013, the	
standing committee must conduct oversight studies and	activities of each agency shall be subject to review by an	
investigations on all agencies within the standing committee's	investigating committee at least once every seven years in	
subject matter jurisdiction at least once every four years in	accordance with a schedule adopted as provided in this chapter.	
accordance with a schedule adopted as provided in this chapter.		
(B) The purpose of these oversight studies and investigations	(B) The purpose of these oversight studies and investigations	
is to determine if agency laws and programs within the subject	is to determine if laws, regulations, and programs administered	
matter jurisdiction of a standing committee:	by an agency:	
(1) are being implemented and carried out in accordance	(1) are being implemented and carried out in the public	
with the intent of the General Assembly; and	interest; and	
(2) should be continued, curtailed, or eliminated.	(2) should be continued, revised, or eliminated.	
(C) The oversight studies and investigations must consider:	(C) The oversight studies and investigations must consider:	
(1) the application, administration, execution, and	(1) the application, administration, execution, and 112	

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effectiveness of laws and programs addressing subjects within	effectiveness of laws, regulations, and programs administered by	
the standing committee's subject matter jurisdiction;	an agency;	
(2) the organization and operation of state agencies and	(2) the organization and operation of state agencies and	
entities having responsibilities for the administration and	entities having responsibilities for the administration and	
execution of laws and programs addressing subjects within the	execution of laws, regulations and programs; and	
standing committee's subject matter jurisdiction; and		
(3) any conditions or circumstances that may indicate the	(3) any conditions or circumstances that may indicate the	
necessity or desirability of enacting new or additional legislation	necessity or desirability of enacting new or additional legislation	
addressing subjects within the standing committee's subject	relating to an agency or program under review.	
matter jurisdiction.		
Section 2-2-30. (A) The procedure for conducting the	Section 2-2-30. (A) The procedure for conducting the	
oversight studies and investigations is provided in this section.	oversight studies and investigations is provided in this section.	
(B)(1) The President Pro Tempore of the Senate, upon	(B)(1) Upon consultation with the Clerk of each chamber and	
consulting with the chairmen of the standing committees in the	with the chairmen of the standing committees in the chamber,	
Senate and the Clerk of the Senate, shall determine the agencies	the presiding officers of each chamber shall determine the	
for which each standing committee must conduct oversight	agencies for which each standing committee shall conduct	
studies and investigations. A proposed four-year review	oversight studies and investigations, and shall cause a proposed	
schedule must be published in the Senate Journal on the first day	seven-year review schedule to be published in the each	
of session each year.	chamber's journal on the first day of session each year.	
(2) In order to accomplish the requirements of this	(2) In order to accomplish the requirements of this	
chapter, the chairman of each standing committees must	chapter, the chairman of each standing committee shall schedule	
schedule oversight studies and investigations for the agencies for	oversight studies and investigations for the agencies for which	
which his standing committee is the investigating committee and	his standing committee is the investigating committee.	
	his standing committee is the investigating committee.	
may: (a) coordinate schedules for conducting oversight		
studies and investigations with the chairmen of other standing		
committees; and		
(b) appoint joint investigating committees to conduct		
the oversight studies and investigations including, but not	(3) Chairmen of standing committees having concurrent	
limited to, joint committees of the Senate and House of	subject matter jurisdiction over an agency or the programs and	
Representatives or joint standing committees of concurrent	law governing an agency by virtue of the Rules of the Senate or	
subject matter jurisdiction within the Senate or within the House	Rules of the House of Representatives, may request the consent	
of Representatives.	of their presiding officer to appoint a joint investigating	
(3) Chairmen of standing committees having concurrent	committee to conduct the oversight study and investigation for	
subject matter jurisdiction over an agency or the programs and		
law governing an agency by virtue of the Rules of the Senate or	an agency. (C) The chairman of an investigating committee may vest the	
	standing committee's full investigative power and authority in a	
Rules of the House of Representatives, may request that a joint investigating committee be appointed to conduct the oversight		
investigating committee be appointed to conduct the oversight	subcommittee. A subcommittee conducting an oversight study	
study and investigation for an agency. (C)(1) The Speaker of the House of Representatives, upon	and investigation of an agency: (1) shell make a full report of its findings and	
	(1) shall make a full report of its findings and	
consulting with the chairmen of the standing committees in the	recommendations to the standing committee at the conclusion of	
House of Representatives and the Clerk of the House of	its oversight study and investigation; and	
Representatives, shall determine the agencies for which each	(2) must not consist of fewer than three members. 113	

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standing committee must conduct oversight studies and	(D) Each investigating committee shall conclude its	21000
investigations. A proposed four-year review schedule must be	investigation and submit a report of its findings to the President	
published in the House Journal on the first day of session each	Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of	
year.	Representatives, no later than the first day of November in the	
(2) In order to accomplish the requirements of this	year in which the investigation commences. This report shall	
chapter, the chairman of each standing committee must schedule	make specific recommendations for changes in law, regulation,	
oversight studies and investigations for the agencies for which	or policy which would result in improved cost-effectiveness or	
his standing committee is the investigating committee and may:	program outcomes.	
(a) coordinate schedules for conducting oversight		
studies and investigations with the chairmen of other standing	Section 2-2-40. Nothing in the provisions of this chapter	
committees; and	prohibits or restricts the President Pro Tempore of the Senate,	
(b) appoint joint investigating committees to conduct	the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or chairmen of	
the oversight studies and investigations including, but not	standing committees from fulfilling their constitutional	
limited to, joint committees of the Senate and House of	obligations by authorizing and conducting legislative	
Representatives or joint standing committees of concurrent	investigations into agencies' functions, duties, and activities.	
subject matter jurisdiction within the Senate or within the House		
of Representatives.	Section 2-2-50. When an investigating committee conducts	
(3) Chairmen of standing committees having concurrent	an oversight study and investigation pursuant to Section 2-2-40,	
subject matter jurisdiction over an agency or the programs and	evidence or information related to the investigation may be	
law governing an agency by virtue of the Rules of the Senate or	acquired by any lawful means, including, but not limited to:	
Rules of the House of Representatives, may request that a joint	(1) serving a request for information on the agency being	
investigating committee be appointed to conduct the oversight	studied or investigated. The request for information must be	
study and investigation for the agency.	answered separately and fully in writing under oath and returned	
(D) The chairman of an investigating committee may vest the	to the investigating committee within forty-five days after being	
standing committee's full investigative power and authority in a	served upon the department or agency. The time for answering	
subcommittee. A subcommittee conducting an oversight study	a request for information may be extended for a period to be	
and investigation of an agency: (1) must make a full report of its	agreed upon by the investigating committee and the agency for	
findings and recommendations to the standing committee at the	good cause shown. If any question contains a request for	
conclusion of its oversight study and investigation, and (2) must	records, policies, audio or video recordings, or other documents,	
not consist of fewer than three members.	the question is not considered to have been answered unless a	
	complete set of records, policies, audio or video recordings or	
Section 2-2-40. (A) In addition to the scheduled four-year	other documents is included with the answer;	
oversight studies and investigations, a standing committee of the	(2) receiving the testimony of witnesses, sworn and	
Senate or House of Representatives may initiate an oversight	unsworn;	
study and investigation of an agency within its subject matter	(3) issuing subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum pursuant	
jurisdiction. The motion calling for the oversight study and	to Title 2, Chapter 69; and	
investigation must state the subject matter and scope of the	(4) requiring the agency to prepare and submit to the	
oversight study and investigation. The oversight study and	investigating committee a program evaluation report by a date	
investigation must not exceed the scope stated in the motion or	specified by the investigating committee. The investigating	
the scope of the information uncovered by the investigation.	committee must specify the agency program or programs or	
(B) Nothing in the provisions of this chapter prohibits or	agency operations that it is studying or investigating and the	
restricts the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of	information to be contained in the program evaluation report.	
the House of Representatives, or chairmen of standing		
committees from fulfilling their constitutional obligations by	Section 2-2-60. (A) An investigating committee's request	

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authorizing and conducting legislative investigations into	for a program evaluation report must contain:	
agencies' functions, duties, and activities.	(1) the agency program or operations that it intends to	
	investigate;	
Section 2-2-50. When an investigating committee conducts	(2) the information that must be included in the report;	
an oversight study and investigation or a legislative investigation	and	
is conducted pursuant to Section 2-2-40(B), evidence or	(3) the date that the report must be submitted to the	
information related to the investigation may be acquired by any	committee.	
lawful means, including, but not limited to:	(B) An investigating committee must consider the time and	
(A) serving a request for information on the agency being	effort associated with an agency's compliance efforts when it	
studied or investigated. The request for information must be	requests a program evaluation report, which may contain any of	
answered separately and fully in writing under oath and returned	the following information:	
to the investigating committee within forty-five days after being	(1) enabling or authorizing law or other relevant mandate,	
served upon the department or agency. The time for answering	including any federal mandates;	
a request for information may be extended for a period to be	(2) a description of each program administered by the	
agreed upon by the investigating committee and the agency for	agency identified by the investigating committee in the request	
good cause shown. The head of the department or agency must	for a program evaluation report, including the following	
sign the answers verifying them as true and correct. If any	information:	
question contains a request for records, policies, audio or video	(a) established priorities, including goals and objectives	
recordings, or other documents, the question is not considered to	in meeting each priority;	
have been answered unless a complete set of records, policies,	(b) performance criteria, timetables, or other	
audio or video recordings or other documents is included with	benchmarks used by the agency to measure its progress in	
the answer;	achieving its goals and objectives;	
(B) deposing witnesses upon oral examination. A deposition	(c) an assessment by the agency indicating the extent to	
upon oral examination may be taken from any person that the	which it has met the goals and objectives, using the performance	
investigating committee has reason to believe has knowledge of	criteria. When an agency has not met its goals and objectives,	
the activities under investigation. The investigating committee	the agency shall identify the reasons for not meeting them and	
must provide the person being deposed and the agency under	the corrective measures the agency has taken to meet them in the	
investigation with no less than ten days' notice of the deposition.	future;	
The notice to the agency shall state the time and place for taking	(3) organizational structure, including a position count,	
the deposition and name and address of each person to be	job classification, and organization flow chart indicating lines of	
examined. If a subpoena duces tecum is to be served on the	responsibility;	
person to be examined, the designation of the materials to be	(4) financial summary, including sources of funding by	
produced as set forth in the subpoena must be attached to or	program and the amounts allocated or appropriated and	
included in the notice. The deposition must be taken under oath	expended over the last five years;	
administered by the chairman of the investigating committee or	(5) identification of areas where the agency has	
his designee. The testimony must be taken stenographically or	coordinated efforts with other state and federal agencies in	
recorded by some other means and may be videotaped. A	achieving program objectives and other areas in which an	
person may be compelled to attend a deposition in the county in	agency could establish cooperative arrangements including, but	
which he resides or in Richland County;	not limited to, cooperative arrangements to coordinate services	
(C) issuing subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum pursuant	and eliminate redundant requirements;	
to Title 2, Chapter 69; and	(6) identification of the constituencies served by the	
(D) requiring the agency to prepare and submit to the	agency or program, noting any changes or projected changes in	
investigating committee a program evaluation report by a date	the constituencies;	
specified by the investigating committee. The investigating	(7) a summary of efforts by the agency or program	
specified by the investigating committee. The investigating	(1) a summary of efforts by the agency of program	

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committee must specify the agency program or programs or	regarding the use of alternative delivery systems, including	
agency operations that it is studying or investigating and the	privatization, in meeting its goals and objectives;	
information to be contained in the program evaluation report.	(8) identification of emerging issues for the agency;	
	(9) a comparison of any related federal laws and	
Section 2-2-60. (A) An investigating committee's request	regulations to the state laws governing the agency or program	
for a program evaluation report must contain:	and the rules implemented by the agency or program;	
(1) the agency program or operations that it intends to	(10) agency policies for collecting, managing, and using	
investigate;	personal information over the Internet and non-electronically,	
(2) the information that must be included in the report;	information on the agency's implementation of information	
and	technologies;	
(3) the date that the report must be submitted to the	(11) a list of reports, applications, and other similar	
committee.	paperwork required to be filed with the agency by the public.	
(B) An investigating committee may request that the program	The list must include:	
evaluation report contain any of the following information:	(a) the statutory authority for each filing requirement;	
(1) enabling or authorizing law or other relevant mandate,	(b) the date each filing requirement was adopted or last	
including any federal mandates;	amended by the agency;	
(2) a description of each program administered by the	(c) the frequency that filing is required;	
agency identified by the investigating committee in the request	(d) the number of filings received annually for the last	
for a program evaluation report, including the following	four years and the number of anticipated filings for the next four	
information:	years;	
(a) established priorities, including goals and objectives	(e) a description of the actions taken or contemplated	
in meeting each priority;	by the agency to reduce filing requirements and paperwork	
(b) performance criteria, timetables, or other	duplication;	
benchmarks used by the agency to measure its progress in	(12) any other relevant information specifically requested	
achieving its goals and objectives;	by the investigating committee.	
(c) an assessment by the agency indicating the extent to	(C) All information contained in a program evaluation report	
which it has met the goals and objectives, using the performance	must be presented in a concise and complete manner.	
criteria. When an agency has not met its goals and objectives,	(D) The chairman of the investigating committee may direct	
the agency shall identify the reasons for not meeting them and	the Legislative Audit Council to perform a study of the program	
the corrective measures the agency has taken to meet them in the	evaluation report and report its findings to the investigating	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	committee. The chairman also may direct the Legislative Audit	
future; (3) organizational structure, including a position count,		
	Council to perform its own audit of the program or operations	
job classification, and organization flow chart indicating lines of	being studied or investigated by the investigating committee.	
responsibility;	(E) A state agency that is vested with revenue bonding	
(4) financial summary, including sources of funding by	authority may submit annual reports and annual external audit	
program and the amounts allocated or appropriated and	reports conducted by a third party in lieu of a program	
expended over the last ten years;	evaluation report.	
(5) identification of areas where the agency has		
coordinated efforts with other state and federal agencies in	Section 2-2-70. An investigating committee may require	
achieving program objectives and other areas in which an	that testimony be offered under oath.	
agency could establish cooperative arrangements including, but		
not limited to, cooperative arrangements to coordinate services	Section 2-2-80. Any witness testifying before or deposed	
and eliminate redundant requirements;	by the investigating committee may have counsel present to	
(6) identification of the constituencies served by the	advise him. The witness or his counsel may, during the time of 116	

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agency or program, noting any changes or projected changes in	testimony or deposition, claim any legal privilege recognized by	
the constituencies;	the laws of this State in response to any question and is entitled	
(7) a summary of efforts by the agency or program	to have a ruling by the chairman on any objection. In making	
regarding the use of alternative delivery systems, including	his ruling, the chairman of the investigating committee shall	
privatization, in meeting its goals and objectives;	follow as closely as possible the statutory law and the decisions	
(8) identification of emerging issues for the agency;	of the courts of this State regarding legal privileges. The ruling	
(9) a comparison of any related federal laws and	of the chair may not be reviewed by the courts of this State	
regulations to the state laws governing the agency or program	except in a separate proceeding for contempt of the General	
and the rules implemented by the agency or program;	Assembly.	
(10) agency policies for collecting, managing, and using		
personal information over the Internet and non-electronically,	Section 2-2-90. A witness shall be given the benefit of any	
nformation on the agency's implementation of information	privilege at law which he may have in court as a party to a civil	
echnologies;	action.	
(11) a list of reports, applications, and other similar		
paperwork required to be filed with the agency by the public.	Section 2-2-100. Any person who appears before a	
The list must include:	committee or subcommittee of either house, pursuant to this	
(a) the statutory authority for each filing requirement;	chapter, and willfully gives false, materially misleading, or	
(b) the date each filing requirement was adopted or last	materially incomplete testimony under oath is guilty of contempt	
mended by the agency;	of the General Assembly. A person who is convicted of, or	
(c) the frequency that filing is required;	pleads guilty to, contempt of the General Assembly is guilty of a	
(d) the number of filings received annually for the last	misdemeanor and, upon conviction, must be fined within the	
Four years and the number of anticipated filings for the next four	discretion of the court or imprisoned for not more than one year,	
/ears;	or both.	
(e) a description of the actions taken or contemplated		
by the agency to reduce filing requirements and paperwork	Section 2-2-110. When, in the opinion of an investigation	
luplication;	committee's chairman, a person has violated Section 2-2-100 by	
(12) any other relevant information specifically requested	providing false, materially misleading, or materially incomplete	
by the investigating committee.	testimony, the chairman shall notify the presiding officer of his	
(C) All information contained in a program evaluation report	chamber, who shall refer the matter to the Attorney General for	
nust be presented in a concise and complete manner.	prosecution.	
(D) The chairman of the investigating committee may direct		
ne Legislative Audit Council to perform a study of the program	Section 2-2-120. A person is guilty of criminal contempt	
evaluation report and report its findings to the investigating	when, having been duly subpoenaed to attend as witness before	
ommittee. The chairman also may direct the Legislative Audit	either house of the General Assembly or before a committee of	
Council to perform its own audit of the program or operations	the General Assembly, he:	
being studied or investigated by the investigating committee.	(1) fails or refuses to attend without lawful excuse;	
(E) A state agency that is vested with revenue bonding	(2) refuses to be sworn;	
uthority may submit annual reports and annual external audit	(3) refuses to answer any material or proper question; or	
eports conducted by a third party in lieu of a program	(4) refuses, after reasonable notice, to produce books,	
evaluation report.	papers, or documents in his possession or under his control	
	which constitute material and proper evidence.	
Section 2-2-70. All testimony given to the investigating	A person who is convicted of, or pleads guilty to, criminal	
committee must he under oath	contempt is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction must	

committee must be under oath.

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Section 2-2-80. Any witness testifying before or deposed by the investigating committee may have counsel present to advise him. The witness or his counsel may, during the time of testimony or deposition, claim any legal privilege recognized by the laws of this State in response to any question and is entitled to have a ruling by the chairman on any objection. In making his ruling, the chairman of the investigating committee shall follow as closely as possible the statutory law and the decisions of the courts of this State regarding legal privileges. The ruling of the chair may not be reviewed by the courts of this State except in a separate proceeding for contempt of the General Assembly.	more than one year, or both."	
Section 2-2-90. A witness shall be given the benefit of any privilege at law which he may have in court as a party to a civil action." SECTION 40. This Part takes effect July 1, 2012.		
Part XII Performance Audit and Effective Date		
SECTION 41. During the year 2015, the Legislative Audit Council shall conduct a performance review of the provisions of this act to determine its effectiveness and achievements with regard to the more efficient performance of the functions and duties of the various agencies provided for herein and the cost savings and benefits to the State.	SECTION During the year 2018, the Legislative Audit Council shall conduct a performance review of the provisions of this act to determine its effectiveness and achievements with regard to the more efficient performance of the functions and duties of the various agencies provided for herein and the cost savings and benefits to the State.	
	Amend the bill further, as and if amended, beginning on page 106 by striking Part XII, relating to Performance Audit and Effective Date, in its entirety and inserting:	
	/ Part XIII Miscellaneous	
	SECTION A. Title 2 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding:	
	"CHAPTER 79	
	State Agency Deficit Prevention and Recognition	
	Section 2-79-10. This chapter may be cited as the 'State	

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	Agency Deficit Prevention and Recognition Act'.	
	Section 2-79-20. It is the responsibility of each state agency,	
	department, and institution to operate within the limits of	
	appropriations set forth in the annual general appropriations act,	
	appropriation acts, or joint resolution supplemental thereto, and any other approved expenditures of monies. A state agency,	
	department, or institution shall not operate in a manner that	
	results in a year-end deficit except as provided in this chapter.	
	results in a year end deficit except as provided in this enapter.	
	Section 2-79-30. If at the end of each quarterly deficit	
	monitoring review by the Office of State Budget, it is	
	determined by either the Office of State Budget or a state	
	agency, department, or institution that the likelihood of a deficit	
	for the current fiscal year exists, the state agency shall submit to	
	the Office of State Budget and the General Assembly within	
	fourteen days, a plan to eliminate the projected deficit. After	
	submission of the plan, if it is determined that the deficit cannot	
	be eliminated by the state agency, department, or institution on	
	its own, the state agency is required to officially notify the General Assembly within fifteen days of the determination that	
	the state agency is requesting that a deficit be recognized.	
	the state agency is requesting that a deficit be recognized.	
	Section 2-79-40. (A) Upon notification from the state agency,	
	department, or institution, as provided in Section 2-79-30, the	
	General Assembly, by joint resolution, may make a finding that	
	the cause of, or likelihood of, a deficit is unavoidable due to	
	factors which are outside the control of the state agency,	
	department, or institution, and recognize the deficit. Any	
	legislation to recognize a deficit must be in a separate joint	
	resolution enacted for the sole purpose of recognizing the deficit	
	of a particular state agency, department, or institution. A deficit	
	only may be recognized by an affirmative vote of each branch of	
	the General Assembly. (B) If the General Assembly recognizes the deficit, then the	
	actual deficit at the close of the fiscal year must be reduced as	
	necessary from surplus revenues or surplus funds available at the	
	close of the fiscal year in which the deficit occurs and from	
	funds available in the General Reserve Fund and the Capital	
	Reserve Fund, as required by the Constitution of this State.	
	Section 2-79-50. Once a deficit has been recognized by the	
	General Assembly, the state agency, department, or institution	
	shall limit travel and conference attendance to the minimum	

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	required to perform its core mission. In addition, the General	
	Assembly, when recognizing a deficit may direct that any pay	
	increases and purchases of equipment and vehicles must be	
	approved by the Office of State Budget.	
	Section 2-79-60. Section 2-79-60. (A)(1) An officer or	
	employee of this State may not:	
	(a) except following the enactment of a joint resolution	
	pursuant to Section 2-79-40, make or authorize an expenditure	
	or obligation exceeding the amount available in an existing state	
	appropriation or existing state fund for the expenditure or	
	obligation; or	
	(b) unless otherwise authorized by law, involve the state	
	government in a contract or obligation for the payment of money	
	before an appropriation to fund the contract or obligation is	
	made.	
	(B)(1) An officer or employee of this State may not employ	
	personal services exceeding that authorized by law except for	
	emergencies involving the safety of human life or the protection	
	of property.	
	(2) As used in this subsection, 'emergencies involving the	
	safety of human life or the protection of property' do not include	
	ongoing, regular functions of state government the suspension of	
	which would not imminently threaten the safety of human life or	
	the protection of property.	
	(C)(1) If an employee of this State covered by the State	
	Employee Grievance Protection Act is determined by his	
	employing authority knowingly and wilfully to have violated a	
	provision of this section, the officer may be suspended with or without pay, as appropriate, and, pending final action pursuant	
	to that act, dismissed, demoted, or otherwise disciplined.	
	(2) If an 'at will' employee or an officer of this State is	
	determined by his employing or appointing authority knowingly	
	and wilfully to have violated a provision of this section, the	
	officer or employee may be dismissed, demoted, or otherwise	
	disciplined. An 'at will' employee subject to a personnel action	
	pursuant to this section is nevertheless entitled to appeal that	
	action to his employing or appointing authority at a hearing at	
	which the officer or employee may be represented by a person of	
	his choosing. The decision of the hearing body or officer is final	
	with respect to the disposition of this personnel action.	
	(D) The provisions of Subsection (C) of this section are in	
	addition to and not in lieu of any other administrative or criminal	
	penalties provided by law for violating similar provisions of law,	

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	including, specifically, the criminal penalties provided for violations pursuant to Section 11-1-40."	
	B.Section 1-11-495 of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act 152 of 2010, is repealed.	
	SECTION Chapter 47 of Title 2 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:	
	"Chapter 47 Joint Bond Review and Approval Process Committee	
	Section 2-47-10. The General Assembly finds that a need exists for careful planning of permanent improvements and of the utilization of State general obligation and institutional bond authority in order to ensure the continued favorable bond credit	
	rating our State has historically enjoyed. It further finds that the responsibility for proper management of these matters is properly placed upon the General Assembly by our State	
	Constitution legislative and executive branches of government. It is the purpose of this resolution act to further ensure the proper legislative and executive response in the fulfillment of this responsibility.	
	Section 2-47-15. (A) Subject to the conditions and limitations set forth in Article X, Section 13 of the South Carolina Constitution, the General Assembly shall establish annually in a	
	joint resolution monetary limitations for the issuance of State general obligation and institutional bonds for specific categories of bonded indebtedness based on the capability of the State to fulfill such obligations considering current and projected	
	revenues. The State Treasurer shall not initiate incurring of State general obligation and institutional bonds above the limitations established annually by the General Assembly.	
	Unless otherwise specifically accounted for in this act, there is devolved upon the Department of Administration all functions, powers, duties, responsibilities, and authority vested in the Budget and Control Board prior to the effective date of this act	
	related to the issuance of bonds and bonding authority, generally found in Title 11 of the 1976 Code but also contained in certain other provisions of South Carolina law. The department shall	
	establish criteria, upon consultation with the Joint Bond Review Committee, to apply to the review and approval process.	

(B) Bunded indebuedness is sued by the South Carolina Jobs- Economic Development Authority and political subdivisions do not require approval by the Department of Administration. The authority and political subdivisions subtla subdivision subtla subdivisions that subdivision subtla subtla subdivision subtla	H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
not require approval by the Department of Administration. The authority and political subdivisions shall submit a report to the department of any brunds the entity issues. Bonded indebtedness issued pursuant to this subsection does not constitut one give rise to a pacuniary liability to the State or a charge against the credit or taxing powers of the State. Section 2-47-20. There is hereby created a six ten member joint committee of the General Assembly to be known as the Joint Bond Review Committee to study and monitor politics and procedures relating to the approval of permanent improvement projects and to the issuance of State general obligation and institutional bonds: to evaluate the effect of current and past policies on the bond credit rating of the State; and provide advisory assistance in the establishment of future capital management policies. Three members shall be appointed from the Season Elizabeth and Means Committee of the House of Representatives by the chairman threat and three from the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives by the chairman of that committee by the President Por Tempore of the Seate and three members by the President Por Tempore of the Seate and three members by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. I was Seated to the Seate of Representatives and the appropriate to serve on the committee of the House of Representatives and the project of the Seate of Representatives and the project of t			
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H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
-	of the committee provided for in Section 2 47-20.	
	Section 2-47-30. The committee is specifically charged	
	with, but not limited to, the following responsibilities:	
	(1) To review, prior to approval by the Budget and Control	
	Board Department of Administration, the establishment of any	
	permanent improvement project and the source of funds for any	
	such project not previously authorized specifically by the	
	General Assembly.	
	(2) To study the amount and nature of existing general	
	obligation and institutional bond obligations and the capability of the State to fulfill such obligations based on current and	
	projected revenues.	
	(3) To recommend priorities of future bond issuance based	
	on the social and economic needs of the State.	
	(4) To recommend prudent limitations of bond obligations	
	related to present and future revenue estimates.	
	(5) To consult with independent bond counsel and other	
	nonlegislative authorities on such matters and with fiscal	
	officials of other states to gain in-depth knowledge of capital	
	management and assist in the formulation of short and long-term	
	recommendations for the General Assembly.	
	(6) To carry out all of the above assigned responsibilities in	
	consultation and cooperation with the executive branch of	
	government and the Budget and Control Board.	
	(7) To report its findings and recommendations to the	
	General Assembly annually or more frequently if deemed	
	advisable by the committee.	
	Section 2-47-35. No project authorized in whole or in part	
	for capital improvement bond funding under the provisions of	
	Act 1377 of 1968, as amended, may be implemented until funds	
	can be made available and until the Joint Bond Review	
	Committee, in consultation with the Budget and Control Board	
	Department of Administration, establishes priorities for the	
	funding of the projects. The Joint Bond Review Committee	
	shall report its priorities to the members of the General	
	Assembly within thirty days of the establishment of the funding	
	priorities.	
	Section 2-47-40. (A) To assist the State Budget and	
	Control Board (the Board) Department of Administration and	
	the Joint Bond Review Committee (the Committee) in carrying	
	out their respective responsibilities, any agency or institution	

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	requesting or receiving funds from any source for use in the	
	financing of any permanent improvement project, as a	
	minimum, shall provide to the Board department, in such form	
	and at such times as the Board, after review by the Committee,	
	the department may prescribe:	
	(a)(1) a complete description of the proposed project;	
	(b)(2) a statement of justification for the proposed project;	
	$\frac{(e)}{(3)}$ a statement of the purposes and intended uses of the	
	proposed project;	
	$\frac{\text{(d)}(4)}{\text{(d)}}$ the estimated total cost of the proposed project;	
	(e)(5) an estimate of the additional future annual operating	
	costs associated with the proposed project; (f) a statement of the	
	expected impact of the proposed project on the five-year	
	operating plan of the agency or institution proposing the project;	
	(g)(6) a proposed plan of financing the project, specifically	
	identifying funds proposed from sources other than capital	
	improvement bond authorizations; and	
	(h)(7) the specification of the priority of each project	
	among those proposed.	
	(B) All institutions of higher learning shall submit permanent	
	improvement project proposal and justification statements to the	
	Board department through the Commission on Higher Education	
	which shall forward all such statements and all supporting	
	documentation received to the Board department together with	
	its comments and recommendations. The recommendations of	
	the Commission on Higher Education, among other things, shall	
	include all of the permanent improvement projects requested by	
	the several institutions listed in the order of priority deemed	
	appropriate by the Commission on Higher Education without	
	regard to the sources of funds proposed for the financing of the	
	projects requested. The Board department shall forward a copy of each project.	
	The Board department shall forward a copy of each project	
	proposal and justification statement and supporting	
	documentation received together with the Board's department's	
	recommendations on such projects to the Committee for its review and action. The recommendations of the Commission on	
	Higher Education shall be included in the materials forwarded to	
	the Committee by the Board department.	
	(C) No provision in this section or elsewhere in this chapter,	
	shall be construed to limit in any manner the prerogatives of the	
	Committee and the General Assembly with regard to	
	recommending or authorizing permanent improvement projects	
	and the funding such projects may require.	
	and the funding such projects may require.	

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	Section 2-47-50. (A) The board Department of	
	Administration shall establish formally each permanent	
	improvement project before actions of any sort which implement	
	the project in any way may be undertaken and no expenditure of	
	any funds for any services or for any other project purpose	
	contracted for, delivered, or otherwise provided prior to the date	
	of the formal action of the board department to establish the	
	project shall be approved. State agencies and institutions may	
	advertise and interview for project architectural and engineering	
	services for a pending project so long as the architectural and	
	engineering contract is not awarded until after a state project	
	number is assigned. After the committee has reviewed the form	
	to be used to request the establishment of permanent	
	improvement projects and has reviewed the time schedule for	
	considering such requests as proposed by the board <u>department</u> ,	
	requests to establish permanent improvement projects shall be	
	made in such form and at such times as the board department	
	may require.	
	(B) Any proposal to finance all or any part of any project	
	using any funds not previously authorized specifically for the	
	project by the General Assembly or using any funds not	
	previously approved for the project by the board department and	
	reviewed by the committee shall be referred to the committee for	
	review prior to approval by the board department.	
	(C) Any proposed revision of the scope or of the budget of an	
	established permanent improvement project deemed by the	
	board department to be substantial shall be referred to the	
	committee for <u>consideration</u> its review prior to any final action	
	by the board <u>department</u> . In making their determinations	
	regarding changes in project scope, the board department and	
	the committee shall utilize the permanent improvement project	
	proposal and justification statements, together with any	
	supporting documentation, considered at the time the project	
	was authorized or established originally. Any proposal to	
	increase the budget of a previously approved project using any	
	funds not previously approved for the project by the board	
	<u>department</u> and reviewed by the committee shall in all cases be	
	deemed to be a substantial revision of a project budget which	
	shall be referred to the committee for review. The committee	
	shall be advised promptly of all actions taken by the board	
	<u>department</u> which approve revisions in the scope of or the	
	budget of any previously established permanent improvement	
	project not deemed substantial by the board department.	
	(D) For purposes of this chapter, with regard to all	

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	institutions of higher learning, permanent improvement project	
	is defined as:	
	(1) acquisition of land, regardless of cost;	
	(2) acquisition, as opposed to the construction, of	
	buildings or other structures, regardless of cost;	
	(3) construction of additional facilities and work on	
	existing facilities for any given project including their	
	renovation, repair, maintenance, alteration, or demolition in	
	those instances in which the total cost of all work involved is	
	five hundred thousand dollars or more;	
	(4) architectural and engineering and other types of	
	planning and design work, regardless of cost, which is intended	
	to result in a permanent improvement project. Master plans and	
	feasibility studies are not permanent improvement projects and	
	are not to be included;	
	(5) capital lease purchase of a facility acquisition or	
	construction; and	
	(6) equipment that either becomes a permanent fixture of a	
	facility or does not become permanent but is included in the	
	construction contract shall be included as a part of a project.	
	(E) Any permanent improvement project that meets the	
	above definition must become a project, regardless of the source	
	of funds. However, an institution of higher learning that has	
	been authorized or appropriated capital improvement bond	
	funds, capital reserve fund or state appropriated funds, or state	
	infrastructure bond funds by the General Assembly for capital	
	improvements shall process a permanent improvement project,	
	regardless of the amount.	
	Cartier 2 47 55 (A) All 11 1	
	Section 2-47-55. (A) All state agencies responsible for	
	providing and maintaining physical facilities are required to	
	submit a Comprehensive Permanent Improvement Plan (CPIP)	
	to the Joint Bond Review Committee and the <u>Department of</u>	
	Administration. The CPIP must include all of the agency's	
	permanent improvement projects anticipated and proposed over the next five years beginning with the fiscal year starting July 1	
	after submission. The purpose of the CPIP process is to provide the board department and the committee with an outline of each	
	agency's permanent improvement activities for the next five	
	years. Agencies must submit a CPIP to the committee and the	
	board department on or before a date to be determined by the	
	committee and the board department. The CPIP for each higher	
	education agency, including the technical colleges, must be	
	submitted through the Commission on Higher Education which	
	submitted through the Commission on righer Education which	

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	must review the CPIP and provide its recommendations to the	
	board department and the committee. The board department and	
	the committee must approve the CPIP after submission and may	
	develop policies and procedures to implement and accomplish	
	the purposes of this section.	
	(B) The State shall define a permanent improvement only in	
	terms of capital improvements, as defined by generally accepted	
	accounting principles, for reporting purposes to the State.	
	Section 2-47-56. Each state agency and institution may	
	accept gifts-in-kind for architectural and engineering services	
	and construction of a value less than two hundred fifty thousand	
	dollars with the approval of the Commission of Higher	
	Education or its designated staff, the Director of the Division of	
	General Services, and the Joint Bond Review Committee or its	
	designated staff. No other approvals or procedural	
	requirements, including the provisions of Section 11-35-10, may	
	be imposed on the acceptance of such gifts.	
	Section 2-47-60. The Joint Bond Review Committee	
	is hereby authorized and directed to regulate the starting date of	
	the various projects approved for funding through the issuance	
	of state highway bonds so as to ensure that the sources of	
	revenue for debt service on such bonds shall be sufficient during	
	the current fiscal year."	
	SECTION Section 9-1-1175 of the 1976 Code is amended	
	to read:	
	"Section 9-1-1175. Effective July 1, 2006, the board shall	
	increase the employer contribution rate for the system by	
	one half percent of the earnable compensation of all members	
	employed by an employer participating in the system. The	
	board shall further increase the employer contribution rate by	
	one half percent effective July 1, 2007. The Public Employee	
	Benefit Authority shall maintain employer contribution rates in	
	effect on the effective date of Act of 2012, R , H. 3066,	
	subject to the provisions of this section and other applicable law.	
	The employer rate provided in this section also applies to	
	payments for unused annual leave under the circumstances	
	provided in Section 9-1-1020. The employer rate provided in	
	this section includes the system's normal contribution rate and	
	accrued liability contribution rate, but does not include	
	contributions for group life insurance or other benefits that are	
	remitted to the retirement systems. Contributions for group life	

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	insurance or other benefits are in addition to the applicable	
	employer contribution rate. After June 30, 2007, the board The	
	General Assembly, upon receiving the recommendations of the	
	trustees of the Public Employee Benefit Authority may, in its	
	discretion, may increase or decrease the employer contribution	
	rate set by this section based on the actuarial valuation provided	
	to the board by the system's actuaries and considering the	
	normal contribution rate determined pursuant to Section	
	9-1-1060 and the accrued liability contribution rate determined	
	pursuant to Section 9-1-1070."	
	SECTION Section 2-15-50(b)(2) of the 1976 Code is	
	amended to read:	
	/ "(2)the effectiveness of organizations, programs, activities	
	or functions; and whether these organization, programs,	
	activities, or functions should be continued, revised, or	
	eliminated;"	
SECTION 42. On or before January 15, 2012, the Code	SECTION On or before September 1, 2012, the Code	
Commissioner shall prepare and deliver a report to the President	Commissioner shall prepare and deliver a report to the President	
Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of	Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of	
Representatives of all code references and cross-references	Representatives of all code references and cross-references	
which he considers in need of correction or modification insofar	which he considers in need of correction or modification insofar	
as the 1976 Code has been affected by this act.	as the 1976 Code has been affected by this act.	
SECTION 43. Section 1-11-115 of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		
"Section 1-11-115. All proceeds from the sale of real		
property titled to or subject to the care and control of the State		
Budget and Control Board Department of Administration must		
be deposited to the credit of the Sinking Fund and used by the		
board for the acquisition and maintenance of facilities owned by		
it for the use and occupancy of state departments and agencies."		
SECTION 44. Section 1-11-170 of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		
"Section 1-11-170. The State Budget and Control Board		
Department of Administration may maintain revolving funds		
adequate to finance inventories and accounts receivable for		
goods and services rendered by its Division of General Services		
on a reimbursement basis."		
SECTION 45. Section 1-11-420 of the 1976 Code is amended		
to read:		

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"Section 1-11-420. All institutions, departments, and agencies shall file an annual report with the board State Financial Affairs Authority, the Legislative Fiscal Office, and the Governor's Budget Office at the time the board financial affairs authority specifies. The board financial affairs authority shall prescribe specifications and deadlines as are practicable for the reports, the objective being to limit the content and style of printing, and thus keep the cost of their publication within reasonable limits. The board financial affairs authority shall have the reports printed and made available on or before January first to the State Library, the Legislative Fiscal Office, and the Governor's Budget Office, and each member of the General Assembly at his request and to the State Library. The board financial affairs authority shall report annually to the General Assembly on the expenditure of appropriations for the reports showing, by departments, the number of copies and cost of publication. State agency annual reports required under the provisions of this section and reports to the General Assembly may not be printed in a multicolor format unless that format can be purchased at the cost of black and white printing, nor may	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
these reports contain pictures of board or commission members, agency officers, or employees." NO COMPARABLE SECTION	SECTION Chapter 13, Title 60 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding: "Article 5 South Carolina Confederate Relic Room and Military Museum Section 6-11-500. The Director of the South Carolina Confederate Relic Room and Military Museum must be appointed by the chairman of the South Carolina Museum Commission after consultation with the South Carolina Division Commander of the Sons of the Confederate Veterans and the President of the South Carolina Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. The director shall serve at the pleasure of the chairman. Section 6-11-510. (A) The South Carolina Confederate Relic Room and Military Museum is authorized to supplement its state appropriations by receiving donations of funds and artifacts and admission fees and to expend these donations and fees to support its operations and for the acquisition, restoration,	

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	preservation, and display of its collection. (B) The South Carolina Confederate Relic Room and Military Museum is authorized to collect, retain, and expend fees from research and photographic processing requests and from the sale of promotional items.	
	Section 6-11-520. No artifacts owned by the State in the permanent collections of the South Carolina Confederate Relic Room and Military Museum may be permanently removed or disposed of except by a Concurrent Resolution of the General Assembly.	
	Section 6-11-530. It is the intent of the General Assembly that, as soon as space becomes available, the Confederate Relic Room shall relocate to the Columbia Mills building where it will be retained as a separate and distinct facility, to be known as the South Carolina Confederate Relic Room and Military Museum, under the South Carolina Museum Commission."	
NO COMPARABLE SECTION	SECTION Title 23, Chapter 1 of the 1976 Code is	
	amended by adding:	
	"Article 7 Procurement Review Panel	
	Section 1-23-700. There is created within the Administrative Law Court the South Carolina Procurement Review Panel which is charged with the responsibility to review and determine de	
	novo: (1) requests for review of written determinations of the chief procurement officers pursuant to Sections 11-35-4210(6), 11-35-4220(5), and 11-35-4230(6); and	
	(2) requests for review of other written determinations, decisions, policies, and procedures arising from or concerning the procurement of supplies, services, information technology,	
	or construction procured in accordance with the provisions of this code and the ensuing regulations; except that a matter which could have been brought before the chief procurement officers in a timely and appropriate manner pursuant to Sections	
	11-35-4210, 11-35-4220, or 11-35-4230, but was not, must not be the subject of review under this paragraph. Requests for	
	review pursuant to this paragraph must be submitted to the Procurement Review Panel in writing, setting forth the grounds, within fifteen days of the date of the written determinations,	

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	decisions, policies, and procedures.	
	Section 1-23-710. (A) The panel must be comprised of	
	seven members appointed by the Governor. Two members must	
	be state employees and five members from the State at large	
	who must be representative of the professions governed by this	
	title including, but not limited to:	
	(1) goods and services;	
	(2) information technology procurements;	
	(3) construction;	
	(4) architects and engineers;	
	(5) construction management; and	
	(6) land surveying services.	
	(B) The panel shall elect a chairman from the members at	
	large and shall meet as often as necessary to afford a swift	
	resolution of the controversies submitted to it. Four members	
	present and voting shall constitute a quorum. In the case of a tie	
	vote, the decision of the chief procurement officer is final.	
	At-large members of the panel must be paid per diem, mileage,	
	and subsistence as provided by law for members of boards,	
	commissions, and committees. State employee members must be	
	reimbursed for meals, lodging, and travel in accordance with	
	current state allowances.	
	(C) Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter 23, Title 1 or	
	another provision of law, the Administrative Procedures Act	
	does not apply to administrative reviews conducted by either a	
	chief procurement officer or the Procurement Review Panel. The	
	Procurement Review Panel is vested with the authority to:	
	(i) establish its own rules and procedures for the conduct of its business and the holding of its hearings;	
	(ii) issue subpoenas;	
	(iii) interview any person it considers necessary; and	
	(iv) record all determinations.	
	(b) A party aggrieved by a subpoena issued pursuant to this	
	provision shall apply to the panel for relief.	
	(D) Within fifteen days of receiving a grievance filed	
	pursuant to Section 11-35-4210(6), 11-35-4220(5),	
	11-35-4230(6), or 11-35-4410(1)(b), the chairman shall either	
	convene the review panel to conduct an administrative review or	
	schedule a hearing to facilitate its administrative review. Except	
	for grievances filed pursuant to Section 11-35-4230(6), the	
	review panel shall record its determination within ten working	
	days and communicate its decision to those involved in the	
	determination. In matters designated by the review panel as	

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	complex, the review panel shall record its determination within	
	thirty days.	
	(E) Notwithstanding another provision of law, including the	
	Administrative Procedures Act, the decision of the Procurement	
	Review Panel is final as to administrative review and may be	
	appealed only to the circuit court. The standard of review is as	
	provided by the provisions of the South Carolina Administrative	
	Procedures Act. The filing of an appeal does not automatically	
	stay a decision of the panel.	
	Section 1-23-720. The appropriate chief procurement	
	officer and an affected governmental body shall have the	
	opportunity to participate fully as a party in a matter pending	
	before the Procurement Review Panel and in an appeal of a	
	decision of the Procurement Review Panel, whether	
	administrative or judicial."	
(J)(1) Effective July 1, 2013, the following offices, divisions,	Part XIV	
or components of the State Budget and Control Board and the	Subpart 1	
Department of Administration are transferred to, and		
incorporated into, an administrative agency of state government	South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority	
to be known as the Public Employee Benefit Agency:		
(a) the Employee Insurance Program;	SECTION A.Title 9 of the 1976 Code is amended by	
(b) the Retirement Division.	adding:	
Effective July 1, 2011, and until June 30, 2013, any additions		
or amendments to the State Employee Insurance Plan or the	"CHAPTER 4	
retirement system may not be adopted without the unanimous	South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority	
consent of the State Budget and Control Board. Effective July 1,		
2013, the State Budget and Control Board is abolished.	Article 1	
(2) The agency shall be comprised of the Employee		
Insurance Division, the Retirement Systems Division, the	General Provisions	
Insurance Reserve Fund Division, and the Administration	Castion 0.4.10 (A) Effective Inter 1.2012 there is	
Division. A board of trustees must be appointed to manage and	Section 9-4-10. (A) Effective, July 1, 2012, there is created	
make policy decisions for the Employee Insurance Division and	the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority. The	
the Retirement Systems Division. The daily office functions and other administrative tasks for all divisions shall be managed	authority is comprised of the employee insurance division, the	
other administrative tasks for all divisions shall be managed through the Administration Division by an executive director.	retirement systems division, and the investment division. The	
(3)(a) On the effective date of this section, there is	governing body of the authority is a board of directors consisting of nine members. The functions of the authority must be	
established a transition committee to provide the expertise	performed, exercised, and discharged under the supervision and	
necessary to facilitate the transfer of operations from the Budget	direction of the board. The board may organize its staff as it	
and Control Board to the Public Employee Benefit Agency.	considers appropriate to carry out the various duties,	
(b) The transition committee is authorized to study	responsibilities, and authorities assigned to it and to its various	
and evaluate all actions necessary, both legislative and	divisions. The board may delegate to one or more officers,	
executive, for an orderly transition of the related trust funds and	agents, or employees the powers and duties it determines are	
ended and the reality translation of the related trust funds and	agains, or employees the powers and daties it determines the	

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their operations to the trustee-based system to be administered	necessary for the effective, efficient, operation of the authority,	
by the Public Employee Benefit Agency. The transition	including the hiring of an executive director of the authority.	
committee must conduct a comprehensive survey of the	The executive director must be employed by the authority and	
structure, trustee governance, and operations of other similar	compensation of the executive director may be fixed by the	
systems throughout the United States and make	board in its judgment.	
recommendations to the General Assembly concerning the	(B) The board is composed of:	
<u>legislative actions that are needed to implement the most</u>	(1) three members appointed by the Governor, one of	
efficient, effective system.	which must be a representative of local government. The	
(c) The transition committee shall be comprised of	representative of local government must be an active or retired	
eight voting members and the State Treasurer, ex officio, who	member of the South Carolina Retirement System who either is	
shall serve as its chairman and may only vote when the	employed by a local government or who retired from a local	
committee is equally divided on any question. The eight voting	government. The Governor must consult with and receive	
members must be appointed by the State Budget and Control	nominations from the South Carolina Association of Counties,	
Board as follows:	the Municipal Association of South Carolina, and other	
(i) one member representing municipal	associations representing local governments in South Carolina;	
employees;	(2) two members appointed by the President Pro Tempore	
(ii) one member representing county employees;	of the Senate, one of which must be a representative of the	
(iii) three members representing state employees,	Police Officers Retirement System. The representative of the	
one of whom must be retired and one of whom must be an active	Police Officers Retirement System must be an active or retired	
or retired law enforcement officer who is contributing to or	member of the Police Officers Retirement System. The	
receiving benefits from the Police Officers Retirement System.	President Pro Tempore must consult with and receive	
If this law enforcement member is retired, the other two	nominations from the South Carolina Troopers Association and	
members representing state employees do not have to be retired;	other associations representing governmental law enforcement	
(iv) two members representing public school	organizations in South Carolina;	
teachers, one of whom must be retired;	(3) one member appointed by the Chairman of the Senate	
(v) one member representing the Retirement	Finance Committee;	
Investment Commission.	(4) two members appointed by the Speaker of the House	
The Budget and Control Board shall invite the appropriate	of Representatives, one of which must be an active or retired	
associations, groups, and individuals to recommend persons to	member of the South Carolina Retirement System and an	
serve on the board. The Budget and Control Board must appoint	employee of a public school district in South Carolina or who	
members from among the recommendations. Members must be	retired from a public school district in South Carolina. The	
appointed within sixty days of the effective date of this section.	Speaker of the House of Representatives must consult with and	
Members of the General Assembly may not be appointed to	receive nominations from the South Carolina Education	
the transition committee. Members of the transition committee	Association, the Palmetto State Teachers Association, and other	
must have substantial academic or professional experience or	associations representing employees of public school districts in	
specialization in one or more areas of public finance,	South Carolina;	
government budgeting and administration, insurance, retirement	(5) one member appointed by the Chairman of the House	
investment, economics, accounting, or related legal fields.	Ways and Means Committee.	
(d) The members of the committee:	(C)(1) A person who is not a representative of local	
(i) must meet as soon as practicable after	government, the Police Officers Retirement System, or an	
appointment to organize itself by electing officers as the	employee of a public school district, may not be appointed to the	
committee may consider necessary. Thereafter, the committee	board unless the person possesses at least one of the following	
must meet as necessary to fulfill the duties required in this	qualifications:	
subsection at the call of the chairman or by a majority of the	(a) the Chartered Financial Analyst credential of the	

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members. A quorum exists of seven members. The committee	CFA Institute;	
must engage or employ staff or consultants as may be necessary	(b) the Certified Financial Planner credential of the	
or prudent to assist the committee in the performance of its	Certified Financial Planner Board of Standards;	
duties and responsibilities. Any staff or consultants must	(c) at least twenty years of professional actuarial	
possess an academic background or substantial career	experience, including at least ten years as an enrolled actuary	
experience of such a nature as to assist the committee in	licensed by a joint board of the Department of the Treasury and	
fulfilling its duties, including, but not limited to, being	the Department of Labor to perform a variety of actuarial takes	
credentialed in structure and board governance policy;	required of pension plans in the United State by the Employee	
(ii) shall serve without compensation but may	Retirement Income Security Act of 1974;	
receive the usual mileage, subsistence, and per diem allowed by	(d) at least twenty years professional teaching	
law for members of state boards, committee, or commissions;	experience in economics or finance, of which at least ten years	
<u>and</u>	must have occurred at a doctorate granting university, master's	
(iii) expenses incurred by the commission shall be	college or university, or a baccalaureate college as classified by	
paid by the Employee Insurance Program and the Retirement	the Carnegie Foundation;	
<u>Division.</u>	(e) an earned Ph.D. in economics or finance from a	
	doctorate granting institution as classified by the Carnegie	
	Foundation; or	
	(f) an earned credential from the Institute of Internal	
	Auditors as a certified internal auditor.	
	(2) A person who is a representative of local government,	
	the Police Officers Retirement System, or an employee of a	
	public school district, may not be appointed to the board unless	
	the person:	
	(a) possesses one of the qualifications set forth in item	
	(1); or	
	(b) has at least twenty years of professional experience	
	in public budgeting, public finance or public financial auditing	
	and a masters or doctorate in economics, finance, or public	
	administration from a doctorate granting university or master's	
	college or university, as classified by the Carnegie Foundation.	
	(D) Members of the board shall serve at the pleasure of the	
	member's appointing official. Upon a member's appointment,	
	the appointing official shall certify to the Secretary of State that	
	the appointee meets or exceeds the qualifications set forth in	
	subsection (C).	
	(E) The members shall select one member to serve as	
	chairman and shall select those other officers it determines	
	necessary. Members may set their own policy related to the	
	rotation of the selection of a chairman of the board.	
	(F)(1) Beginning in fiscal year 2012-2013, members must	
	receive an annual salary of twenty thousand dollars. Each year	
	thereafter, members shall receive twenty thousand dollars plus	
	the aggregate percentage of any base pay increases for state	
	employees approved by the General Assembly thereafter.	

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	Compensation must be paid equitably from general funds and	
	retirement system funds based on the proportionate amount of	
	time and expertise each function requires. Members may	
	receive the mileage, subsistence, and per diem authorized by law	
	for members of state boards, commissions, and committees as a	
	retirement system expense to be paid from approved accounts	
	funded by general funds and retirement system funds in the	
	proportion that compensation is paid.	
	(2) Membership on the board does not make a member	
	eligible to participate in a retirement system administered	
	pursuant to this title and does not make a member eligible to	
	participate in the employee insurance program administered	
	pursuant to Article 5, Chapter 11, Title 1. Any compensation	
	paid pursuant to item (1) shall not be considered in a member's	
	average final compensation calculation.	
	(3) If any member of the board is an active member, as it	
	is defined in Section 9-1-10, the annual salary provided in item	
	(1) is waived.	
	(G) Minimally, the board shall meet monthly. If the	
	chairman deems it most effective, the board may meet by	
	teleconferencing or video conferencing. However, if the agenda	
	of the meeting consists of items that are not exempt from	
	disclosure or the meeting may not be closed to the public	
	pursuant to Chapter 4, Title 30, the provisions of Chapter 4,	
	Title 30 apply, and the meeting must be open to the public.	
	Section 9-4-20. The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit	
	Authority shall operate an employee insurance program division	
	to administer insurance programs pursuant to Article 5, Chapter	
	11, Title 1.	
	11, 1100 1.	
	Section 9-4-30. (A)(1) The South Carolina Public Employee	
	Benefit Authority shall operate a retirement division to	
	administer the various retirement system and retirement	
	programs pursuant to Title 9 and to administer the deferred	
	compensation program pursuant to Chapter 23, Title 8.	
	(2) Expenses incurred by the retirement division in	
	administering the deferred compensation plans must be	
	reimbursed to the retirement division from funds generated by	
	the deferred compensation plans available to pay for	
	administrative expenses.	
	(B)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 9-1-1020	
	relating to employee contributions to the employee annuity	
	savings fund, effective July 1, 2012, the board of directors shall	

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	determine employee and employer contributions to the fund.	
	The employee and employer contribution rates on June 30, 2012,	
	shall remain in effect until such time that the board determines	
	the rates to be different.	
	(2) If the board determines an increase in employee and	
	employer contribution rates are necessary to insure fiscal	
	stability, the board shall increase the rates in a manner that	
	causes the anticipated cumulative increase in funds to be bore	
	equally by the employee and employer.	
	(3) Notwithstanding subitem (2), the board may set a	
	maximum employer contribution percentage. If an increase in	
	rates is needed and the employer contribution has already	
	reached its maximum percentage, the employee may bear the	
	responsibility of a disproportionate share or all of the anticipated cumulative increase.	
	cumulative increase.	
	Section 9-4-40. (A) The South Carolina Public Employee	
	Benefit Authority shall operate an investment division to invest	
	the funds of the retirement system, as it is defined in Section	
	9-4-310(8).	
	(B) The board through its investment division shall invest the	
	funds of the retirement system. All of the powers and duties of	
	the Retirement System Investment Commission as investor in	
	equity securities and investing in fixed income instruments are	
	transferred to and devolved upon the board. To assist the board	
	in its investment function, it shall employ a chief investment	
	officer, who under the direction and supervision of the board,	
	and as its agent, shall develop and maintain annual investment	
	plans and invest and oversee the investment of retirement system	
	funds. The chief investment officer serves at the pleasure of the	
	board and must receive the compensation the board determines	
	appropriate. The board may employ the other professional,	
	administrative, and clerical personnel it determines necessary	
	and fix their compensation. All employees of the investment	
	division of the board are employees at will. The compensation	
	of the chief investment officer and other employees of the board	
	is not subject to the state compensation plan.	
	(C) The administrative costs of the investment division of the	
	board must be paid from the earnings of the state retirement system in the manner provided in Section 9-1-1310.	
	system in the mainer provided in Section 5-1-1310.	
	Section 9-4-50. Each year in the general appropriations act,	
	the General Assembly shall appropriate sufficient funds to the	
	Budget and Control Board, or its successor agency, to employ a	

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	private audit firm to perform an audit on the South Carolina	
	Public Employee Benefit Authority. The audit firm shall be	
	selected by the Budget and Control Board, or its successor	
	agency. The report from the previous fiscal year must be	
	completed by January fifteenth. Upon completion, the report	
	must be submitted to the Governor, the President Pro Tempore,	
	the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Chairman of	
	the Senate Finance Committee, and the Chairman of the House	
	Ways and Means Committee.	
	Section 9-4-60. (A) The South Carolina Public Employee	
	Benefit Authority shall maintain a transaction register that	
	includes a complete record of all funds expended, from whatever	
	source for whatever purpose. The register must be prominently	
	posted on the authority's Internet website and made available for	
	public viewing and downloading.	
	(1)(a) The register must include for each expenditure:	
	(i) the transaction amount;	
	(ii) the name of the payee;	
	(iii) the identification number of the transaction; and	
	(iv) a description of the expenditure, including the	
	source of funds, a category title, and an object title for the	
	expenditure.	
	(b) The register must include all reimbursements for	
	expenses, but must not include an entry for:	
	(i) salary, wages, or other compensation paid to	
	individual employees; and	
	(ii) retirement benefits, deferred compensation plan	
	distributions, insurance reimbursements, or other payments paid	
	to individual employees, members, or participants, as applicable,	
	pursuant to programs administered by the board.	
	(c) The register must not include a social security	
	number.	
	(d) The register must be accompanied by a complete	
	explanation of any codes or acronyms used to identify a payee or	
	an expenditure.	
	(e) The register may exclude any information that can	
	be used to identify an individual employee or student.	
	(f) This section does not require the posting of any	
	information that is not required to be disclosed under Chapter 4, Title 30.	
	(2) The register must be searchable and updated at least	
	once a month. Each monthly register must be maintained on the	
	Internet website for at least three years.	

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•	(B) Any information that is expressly prohibited from public	
	disclosure by federal or state law or regulation must be redacted	
	from any posting required by this section.	
	(C) If the authority has a question or issue relating to	
	technical aspects of complying with the requirements of this	
	section or the disclosure of public information under this	
	section, it shall consult with the Comptroller General's Office,	
	which may provide guidance to the authority.	
	Article 3	
	Investment Division	
	Section 9-4-310. As used in this article, unless a different	
	meaning is plainly required by the context:	
	(1) 'Assets' means all funds, investments, and similar	
	property of the retirement system.	
	(2) 'Beneficiary' means a person, other than the participant,	
	who is designated by a participant or by a retirement program to	
	receive a benefit under the program.	
	(3) 'Board' means the board of directors of the South	
	Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority acting as trustee of	
	the retirement system.	
	(4) 'Fiduciary' means a person who:	
	(a) exercises any authority to invest or manage assets of a	
	system;	
	(b) provides investment advice for a fee or other direct or	
	indirect compensation with respect to assets of a system or has	
	any authority or responsibility to do so; (c) is a member of the board; or	
	(d) is the board's chief investment officer.	
	(5) 'Participant' means an individual who is or has been an	
	employee enrolled in a retirement program and who is or may	
	become eligible to receive or is currently receiving a benefit	
	under the program. The term does not include an individual	
	who is no longer an employee of an employer as defined by laws	
	governing the retirement system and who has withdrawn his	
	contributions from the retirement system.	
	(6) 'Retirement program' means a program of rights and	
	obligations which a retirement system establishes or maintains	
	and which, by its express terms or as a result of surrounding	
	circumstances:	
	(a) provides retirement benefits to qualifying employees	
	and beneficiaries; or	
	and beneficiaries; or 138	

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	(b) results in a deferral of income by employees for	
	periods extending to the termination of covered employment or	
	beyond.	
	(7) 'Retirement system' means the South Carolina	
	Retirement System, Retirement System for Judges and	
	Solicitors, Retirement System for Members of the General	
	Assembly, National Guard Retirement System, and Police	
	Officers Retirement System established pursuant to Chapters 1,	
	8, 9, 10 and 11 of Title 9.	
	(8) 'Trustee' means the board.	
	Section 9-4-320. (A) All assets of a retirement system are	
	held in trust. The board has the exclusive authority, subject to	
	this article and Section 9-1-1310, to invest and manage those	
	assets.	
	(B) If the retirement system invests in a security issued by an	
	investment company registered under the Investment Company	
	Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80a-1, et seq.), the assets of the	
	system include the security, but not assets of the investment	
	company.	
	(C) The board shall hold the assets of the retirement systems	
	in a group trust under Section 401(a)(24) of the Internal	
	Revenue Code that meets the requirements of Revenue Ruling	
	81-100, 1981-1 C.B. 326, as amended by Revenue Ruling	
	2004-67. Any group trust shall be operated or maintained	
	exclusively for the commingling and collective investment of	
	funds from other trusts that it holds. The board shall be	
	permitted to hold in this group trust funds that consist	
	exclusively of trust assets held under plans qualified under	
	Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a), individual retirement	
	accounts that are exempt under Internal Revenue Code Section	
	408(e), and eligible governmental plans that meet the	
	requirements of Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b). For this	
	purpose, a trust includes a custodial account under Internal	
	Revenue Code Section 401(f) or under Internal Revenue Code	
	Section 457(g)(3).	
	Section 9-4-330. (A) The board may delegate functions that a	
	prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with those	
	matters could properly delegate under the circumstances but	
	final authority to invest cannot be delegated.	
	(B) The board shall exercise reasonable care, skill, and	
	caution in:	
	(1) selecting an agent;	
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	(2) establishing the scope and terms of the delegation,	
	consistent with the purposes and terms of the retirement	
	program; and	
	(3) periodically reviewing the agent's performance and	
	compliance with the terms of the delegation.	
	(C) In performing a delegated function, an agent owes a duty	
	to the retirement system and to its participants and beneficiaries	
	to comply with the terms of the delegation and, if a fiduciary, to	
	comply with the duties imposed by Section 9-16-40.	
	(D) A board member who complies with subsections (A) and	
	(B) is not liable to the retirement system or to its participants or	
	beneficiaries for the decisions or actions of the agent to whom	
	the function was delegated.	
	(E) By accepting the delegation of a function from the board,	
	an agent submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of this State.	
	(F) The board may limit the authority of an agent to delegate	
	functions under this section.	
	Section 9-4-340. A trustee, board member, or other fiduciary	
	shall discharge duties with respect to a retirement system:	
	(1) solely in the interest of the retirement systems,	
	participants, and beneficiaries;	
	(2) for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to	
	participants and beneficiaries and paying reasonable expenses of	
	administering the system;	
	(3) with the care, skill, and caution under the circumstances	
	then prevailing which a prudent person acting in a like capacity	
	and familiar with those matters would use in the conduct of an	
	activity of like character and purpose;	
	(4) impartially, taking into account any differing interests of participants and beneficiaries;	
	(5) incurring only costs that are appropriate and reasonable;	
	(6) in accordance with a good faith interpretation of this	
	article.	
	article.	
	Section 9-4-350. (A) In investing and managing assets of a	
	retirement system pursuant to Section 9-4-340, the board:	
	(1) shall consider among other circumstances:	
	(a) general economic conditions;	
	(b) the possible effect of inflation or deflation;	
	(c) the role that each investment or course of action	
	plays within the overall portfolio of the retirement system;	
	(d) needs for liquidity, regularity of income, and	
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	preservation or appreciation of capital; and	
	(e) the adequacy of funding for the plan based on	
	reasonable actuarial factors;	
	(2) shall diversify the investments of the retirement	
	system unless the board reasonably determines that, because of	
	special circumstances, it is clearly prudent not to do so;	
	(3) shall make a reasonable effort to verify facts relevant	
	to the investment and management of assets of a retirement	
	system;	
	(4) may invest in any kind of property or type of	
	investment consistent with this article and Section 9-1-1310;	
	(5) may consider benefits created by an investment in	
	addition to investment return only if the board determines that	
	the investment providing these collateral benefits would be	
	prudent even without the collateral benefits.	
	(B) The board shall adopt a statement of investment	
	objectives and policies for the retirement system. The statement	
	must include the desired rate of return on assets overall, the	
	desired rates of return and acceptable levels of risk for each asset	
	class, asset-allocation goals, guidelines for the delegation of	
	authority, and information on the types of reports to be used to	
	evaluate investment performance. At least annually, the board	
	shall review the statement and change or reaffirm it. The	
	relevant portion of this statement may constitute parts of the	
	annual investment plan required pursuant to Section 9-4-330.	
	Section 9-4-355. (A) As used in this section:	
	(1) 'Active business operations' means a company	
	engaged in business operations that provide revenue to the	
	government of Sudan or a company engaged in oil-related	
	activities.	
	(2) 'Business operations' means maintaining, selling, or	
	leasing equipment, facilities, personnel, or any other apparatus	
	of business or commerce in Sudan, including the ownership or	
	possession of real or personal property located in Sudan.	
	(3) 'Company' means a sole proprietorship, organization,	
	association, corporation, partnership, venture, or other entity, its	
	subsidiary or affiliate that exists for profit-making purposes or to	
	otherwise secure economic advantage. 'Company' also means a	
	company owned or controlled, either directly or indirectly, by	
	the government of Sudan, that is established or organized under	
	the laws of or has its principal place of business in the Republic	
	of the Sudan.	
	(4) 'Government of Sudan' means the government of	

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	Sudan or its instrumentalities as further defined in the Darfur	
	Peace and Accountability Act of 2006.	
	(5) 'Invest' or 'investment' means the purchase,	
	ownership, or control of stock of a company, association, or	
	corporation, the capital stock of a mutual water company or	
	corporation, bonds issued by the government or a political	
	subdivision of Sudan, corporate bonds, or other debt instruments	
	issued by a company. It does not include indirect beneficial	
	ownership through index funds, commingled funds, limited	
	partnerships, derivative instruments, or the like.	
	(6) 'Military equipment' means weapons, arms, or	
	military defense supplies.	
	(7) 'Oil-related activities' means, but is not limited to, the	
	export of oil, extracting or producing oil, exploration for oil, or	
	the construction or maintenance of a pipeline, refinery, or other	
	oil field infrastructure.	
	(8) 'Public employee retirement funds' means those assets	
	as defined in Section 9-4-10(1).	
	(9) 'Substantial action' means a boycott of the	
	government of Sudan, curtailing business in Sudan until that	
	time described in subsection (E), selling company assets,	
	equipment, or real and personal property located in Sudan, or	
	undertaking significant humanitarian efforts in the eastern,	
	southern, or western regions of Sudan.	
	(10) 'Sudan' means the Republic of the Sudan, a territory	
	under the administration or control of the government of Sudan,	
	including, but not limited to, the Darfur region, or an individual,	
	company, or public agency located in Khartoum, northern	
	Sudan, or the Nile River Valley that supports the Republic of the	
	Sudan.	
	(B) The board shall not invest public employee retirement	
	funds in a company with business operations in Sudan if:	
	(1)(a) the company is engaged in active business	
	operations in Sudan; or	
	(b) the company is not engaged in oil-related activities	
	and lacks significant business operations in the eastern,	
	southern, and western regions of Sudan; and	
	(2)(a) the company is engaged in oil-related activities or	
	energy or power-related operations, or contracts with another	
	company with business operations in the oil, energy, and power	
	sectors of Sudan, and the company has failed to take substantial	
	action related to the government of Sudan because of the Darfur	
	genocide; or	
	(b) the company has demonstrated complicity in the	
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	Darfur genocide.	
	(C) Notwithstanding subsection (B), the board shall not	
	invest public employee retirement funds in a company that	
	supplies military equipment within the borders of Sudan. If a	
	company provides equipment within the borders of Sudan that	
	may be readily used for military purposes, including, but not	
	limited to, radar systems and military-grade transport vehicles,	
	there is a strong presumption against investing in that company	
	unless that company implements safeguards to prevent the use of	
	that equipment for military purposes.	
	(D)(1) Nothing in this section requires the board to take	
	action as described in this section unless the board determines,	
	in good faith, that the action described in this section is	
	consistent with the fiduciary responsibilities of the board as	
	described in this article and there are appropriated funds of the	
	State to absorb the expenses of the board to implement this	
	section.	
	(2) Subsection (B) does not apply to:	
	(a) investments in a company that is primarily engaged	
	in supplying goods or services intended to relieve human	
	suffering in Sudan;	
	(b) investments in a company that promotes health,	
	education, journalistic, or religious activities in or welfare in the	
	western, eastern, or southern regions of Sudan;	
	(c) investments in a United States company that is	
	authorized by the federal government to have business	
	operations in Sudan.	
	(E) The restrictions provided for in this section apply only	
	until:	
	(1) the government of Sudan halts the genocide in Darfur	
	for twelve months as determined by both the Department of	
	State and the Congress of the United States; or	
	(2) the United States revokes its current sanctions against	
	Sudan.	
	(F) Present, future, and former board members, officers, and	
	employees of the State Budget and Control Board, the	
	Retirement System Investment Commission, the South Carolina	
	Public Employee Benefit Authority, and contract investment	
	managers retained by the commission must be indemnified from	
	the general fund of the State and held harmless by the State from	
	all claims, demands, suits, actions, damages, judgments, costs,	
	charges, and expenses, including court costs and attorney's fees,	
	and against all liability, losses, and damages of any nature	
	whatsoever that these present, future, or former board members,	

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	officers, employees, or contract investment managers shall or may at any time sustain by reason of any decision to restrict, reduce, or eliminate investments pursuant to this section.	
	Section 9-4-360. (A) Compliance by the trustee, board, or other fiduciary with Sections 9-4-330, 9-4-340, and 9-4-350 must be determined in light of the facts and circumstances existing at the time of the trustee's, board's, or fiduciary's decision or action and not by hindsight. (B) The board's investment and management decisions must be evaluated not in isolation but in the context of the trust portfolio as a whole and as a part of an overall investment strategy having risk and return objectives reasonably suited to the retirement system.	
	Section 9-4-370. (A) A board member or other fiduciary who breaches a duty imposed by this article is personally liable to the retirement system for any losses resulting from the breach and any profits resulting from the breach or made by the board member or other fiduciary through use of assets of the system by the board member or other fiduciary. The board member or	
	other fiduciary is subject to other equitable remedies, as the court considers appropriate, including removal. (B) An agreement that purports to limit the liability of a trustee or other fiduciary for a breach of duty under this article is void. (C) The retirement system may insure a trustee, board	
	member, fiduciary, or itself against liability or losses occurring because of a breach of duty under this article. (D) A trustee, board member, or other fiduciary may insure against personal liability or losses occurring because of a breach of duty under this article if the insurance is purchased or	
	provided by the individual trustee, board member, or fiduciary, but a fiduciary who obtains insurance pursuant to this article must disclose all terms, conditions, and other information relating to the insurance policy to the retirement system. Section 9-4-380. (A) Meetings by the board while acting as	
	trustee of the retirement system, or meetings of the board, or by its fiduciary agents to deliberate about, or make tentative or final decisions on, investments or other financial matters may be in executive session if disclosure of the deliberations or decisions would jeopardize the ability to implement a decision or to	
	achieve investment objectives.	

(B) A record of the board or of its fiduciary agents that discloses deliberations about, or a tentative or final decision on, investments or other financial matters is exempt from the disclosure requirements of Chapter 4 of Title 30, the Freedom of Information Act, to the extent and so long as its disclosure would jeopardize the ability to implement an investment decision or program or to achieve investment objectives. Section 9-4-390. (A) The board shall provide investment	
investments or other financial matters is exempt from the disclosure requirements of Chapter 4 of Title 30, the Freedom of Information Act, to the extent and so long as its disclosure would jeopardize the ability to implement an investment decision or program or to achieve investment objectives.	
disclosure requirements of Chapter 4 of Title 30, the Freedom of Information Act, to the extent and so long as its disclosure would jeopardize the ability to implement an investment decision or program or to achieve investment objectives.	
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decision or program or to achieve investment objectives.	
Section 0.4.200 (A) The board shall provide investment	
1 Section 9-4-570. TATE DOARD SHAIL DEOVIDE INVESTMENT 1	
reports at least quarterly during the fiscal year to the Speaker of	
the House of Representatives, the President Pro Tempore of the	
Senate, and other appropriate officials and entities.	
(B) In addition to the quarterly reports provided in subsection	
(A), the board shall provide an annual report to the Speaker of	
the House of Representatives, members of the House of	
Representatives or Senate, but only upon their request, the	
President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and other appropriate	
officials and entities of the investment status of the retirement	
systems. The report must contain:	
(1) a description of a material interest held by a trustee,	
fiduciary, or an employee who is a fiduciary with respect to the	
investment and management of assets of the system, or by a	
related person, in a material transaction with the system within	
the last three years or proposed to be effected;	
(2) a schedule of the rates of return, net of total investment	
expense, on assets of the system overall and on assets	
aggregated by category over the most recent one-year,	
three-year, five-year, and ten-year periods, to the extent	
available, and the rates of return on appropriate benchmarks for	
assets of the system overall and for each category over each	
period;	
(3) a schedule of the sum of total investment expense and	
total general administrative expense for the fiscal year expressed	
as a percentage of the fair value of assets of the system on the	
last day of the fiscal year, and an equivalent percentage for the	
preceding five fiscal years; and	
(4) a schedule of all assets held for investment purposes	
on the last day of the fiscal year aggregated and identified by	
issuer, borrower, lessor, or similar party to the transaction	
stating, if relevant, the asset's maturity date, rate of interest, par	
or maturity value, number of shares, costs, and fair value and	
identifying an asset that is in default or classified as	
uncollectible.	
These disclosure requirements are cumulative to and do not	

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	replace other reporting requirements provided by law.	
	Section 9-4-400. (A) The board shall meet no later than	
	May first of each year to adopt the proposed annual investment	
	plan for the retirement systems for the next fiscal year. The	
	annual investment plan must be developed by the chief	
	investment officer. No later than April first of each year, the	
	chief investment officer shall submit the proposed plan to the	
	board. Amendments may be made to the plan by the board	
	during the fiscal year.	
	(B) The board shall meet at least once during each fiscal-year	
	quarter for the purposes of reviewing the performance of	
	investments, assessing compliance with the annual investment	
	plan, and determining whether to amend the plan. The board	
	shall meet at such other times as are set by the board or the	
	chairman.	
	(C) The board may discuss, deliberate on, and make	
	decisions on a portion of the annual investment plan or other	
	related financial or investment matters in executive session if	
	disclosure thereof would jeopardize the ability to implement that	
	portion of the plan or achieve investment objectives.	
	(D) A record of the board that discloses discussions,	
	deliberations, or decisions on portions of the annual investment	
	plan or other related financial or investment matters is not a	
	public record under Section 30-4-20 to the extent and so long as	
	its disclosure would jeopardize the ability to implement that	
	portion of the plan or achieve investment objectives.	
	(E) The board may retain independent advisors to assist it	
	and periodically shall provide for an outside evaluation of the	
	investment strategy.	
	Section 0.4.410 (A) The board shall provide the skief	
	Section 9-4-410. (A) The board shall provide the chief	
	investment officer with a statement of general investment	
	objectives. The board shall also provide the chief investment officer with a statement of actuarial assumptions developed by	
	the board's actuary and approved by the board. The board shall	
	review the statement of general investment objectives annually	
	for the purpose of affirming or changing it and advise the chief	
	investment officer of its actions. The retirement system shall	
	provide the board and its chief investment officer that data or	
	other information needed to prepare the annual investment plan.	
	(B) The annual investment plan must be consistent with	
	actions taken by the board pursuant to subsection (A) and must	
	include, but is not limited to, the following components:	
	merade, but is not immed to, the following components.	

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	(1) general operational and investment policies;	
	(2) investment objectives and performance standards;	
	(3) investment strategies, which may include indexed or	
	enhanced indexed strategies as the preferred or exclusive	
	strategies for equity investing, and an explanation of the reasons	
	for the selection of each strategy;	
	(4) industry sector, market sector, issuer, and other	
	allocations of assets that provide diversification in accordance	
	with prudent investment standards, including desired rates of	
	return and acceptable levels of risks for each asset class;	
	(5) policies and procedures providing flexibility in	
	responding to market contingencies;	
	(6) procedures and policies for selecting, monitoring,	
	compensating, and terminating investment consultants, equity	
	investment managers, and other necessary professional service	
	providers; and	
	(7) methods for managing the costs of the investment	
	activities.	
	(C) In developing the annual investment plan, the chief	
	investment officer shall:	
	(1) diversify the investments of the retirement systems,	
	unless the board reasonably determines that, because of special	
	circumstances, it is clearly not prudent to do so; and	
	(2) make a reasonable effort to verify facts relevant to the	
	investment of assets of the retirement systems.	
	investment of assets of the retherient systems.	
	Section 9-4-420. (A) The board, acting through the chief	
	investment officer, shall invest and reinvest the assets of the	
	retirement systems as provided in Section 9-1-1310. The board	
	may employ or retain administrators, agents, consultants, or	
	other advisors it considers necessary with respect to making	
	investments. The chief investment officer may use the services	
	of the State Treasurer in making nonequity security investments	
	as the chief investment officer determines appropriate.	
	(B) After receiving the proposed plan of the chief investment	
	officer, the board shall adopt an annual investment plan, which	
	must be implemented by the board through the chief investment	
	officer. The board shall regularly review the plan	
	implementation and make amendments as it considers	
	appropriate. The plan must include the minimum and maximum	
	portions of system assets that may be allocated to equity	
	investments on an ongoing basis not to exceed seventy percent.	
	investments on an ongoing basis not to exceed seventy percent.	
	Section 9-4-430. In hiring and procurement in the	
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•	implementation and administration of this chapter, and	
	consistent with its duties as fiduciary under this title, the board	
	shall strive to assure that minorities and minority-owned	
	businesses are represented.	
	•	
	Section 9-4-440. (A) It is unlawful for a member, employee,	
	or agent of the board or anyone acting on its behalf to use any	
	information concerning board activities to obtain any economic	
	interest for himself, a member of his immediate family, an	
	individual with whom he is associated, or a business with which	
	he is associated.	
	(B) If a member of the board, an employee of the board, or a	
	member of his immediate family holds an economic interest in a	
	blind trust, he is not considered to have violated the provisions	
	of subsection (A) even if the acquisition of the economic interest	
	by the blind trust would otherwise violate the provisions of	
	subsection (A), if the existence of the blind trust and the manner	
	of its control is disclosed to the State Ethics Commission and the	
	board.	
	(C) A person who violates the provisions of this section is	
	guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, must be imprisoned for	
	not more than ten years and fined not more than one hundred	
	thousand dollars.	
	(D) The provisions of this section are cumulative to, and not	
	in lieu of, any other provisions of law applicable to the board	
	and its members in the performance of official duties including,	
	but not limited to, Chapter 13 of Title 8.	
	Section 9-4-450. (A) In addition to and not in lieu of the	
	provisions of Section 9-4-440 and Chapter 13 of Title 8, and for	
	the purposes of this article, there are the standards of conduct	
	provided in subsection (B) of this section that apply for a	
	fiduciary or employee of a fiduciary.	
	(B) A fiduciary or employee of a fiduciary shall:	
	(1) take no action to purchase or acquire services or	
	property for the board or the retirement system where the	
	fiduciary or employee of the fiduciary, their family, or their	
	business associates have a financial interest in the services or	
	property;	
	(2) take no action to invest retirement system funds in any	
	share, or other security if the fiduciary or employee of the	
	fiduciary, their family, or their business associates have an	
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	interest in, are underwriters of, or receive any fees from the investment;	

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	(3) have no interest in the profits or receive any benefit	
	from a contract entered into by the fiduciary;	
	(4) not use their positions to secure, solicit, or accept	
	things of value, including gifts, travel, meals and lodging, and	
	consulting fees for payment for outside employment, from	
	parties doing or seeking to do business with or who are	
	interested in matters before the fiduciary;	
	(5) not represent, while serving as or in the employment of	
	the fiduciary and for one year after leaving the fiduciary, any	
	person, in any fashion, before any public agency, with respect to	
	any matters in which the fiduciary personally participated while	
	serving as or employed by the fiduciary;	
	(6) not take any official action on matters that will result	
	in a benefit to themselves, their family members, or their	
	business associates;	
	(7) not, during or after their term of service, disclose or	
	use confidential information acquired in their official capacity as	
	fiduciary or employee of the fiduciary, without proper	
	authorization;	
	(8) not use assets of the system for their own interests;	
	(9) not act on behalf of a party whose interests are adverse	
	to the system or the fiduciary, even if the member receives no	
	personal gain;	
	(10) not have any direct or indirect interest in the gains or	
	profits of any system investment other than the indirect interest	
	of a passive investor holding less than five percent of the	
	outstanding equity in a publicly-traded security;	
	(11) not make investments through or purchases from, or	
	otherwise do any business with a former fiduciary member or	
	employee or with a business that is owned or controlled by a	
	former fiduciary member or employee, for a period of three	
	years after the fiduciary member or employee leaves the	
	fiduciary.	
	The provisions of this subsection do not apply to an employee or	
	affiliate of a fiduciary described in Section 9-4-310(4)(a) and (b)	
	if the board elects specifically to waive this application by	
	written contract with such a fiduciary. The board shall disclose	
	any such waivers in its quarterly report.	
	(C) A breach of the standards provided in this section is	
	grounds for the removal of a board member as a conflict of	
	interest pursuant to the Governor's removal powers under	
	Section 1-3-240(C), for the dismissal of an employee of the	
	board, and in the case of a corporate fiduciary, at the board's	
	option, voiding any contract with the fiduciary.	
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	Section 9-4-460. The State shall defend the members of the board against a claim or suit that arises out of or by virtue of their performance of official duties on behalf of the board and must indemnify these members for a loss or judgment incurred by them as a result of the claim or suit, without regard to whether the claim or suit is brought against them in their individual or official capacities, or both. The State shall defend officers and management employees of the board's investment division against a claim or suit that arises out of or by virtue of performance of official duties unless the officer, or management employee was acting in bad faith and must indemnify these officers, and management employees for a loss or judgment incurred by them as a result of such claim or suit, without regard to whether the claim or suit is brought against them in their individual or official capacities, or both. This commitment to defend and indemnify extends to members, officers, and management employees after they have left their membership on or employment with the board, as applicable, if the claim or suit arises out of or by virtue of their performance of official duties on behalf of the board.	
	Section 9-4-470. Notwithstanding an employee's right to obtain educational and administrative services from independent companies or vendors, or both, that offer products in the state's retirement plans, the South Carolina Retirement Systems may provide unbiased investment education services including, but not limited to, instructional videos identifying plan types, plan provisions, and plan differences to any participant in any of the state's retirement plans."	
	B. This SECTION takes effect July 1, 2012.	
	Subpart 2	
	Conforming Amendments for the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority	
	SECTION Section 1-11-703(9) and (10) of the 1976 Code, as added by Act 195 of 2008, is amended to read:	
	"(9) 'Board' means the State Budget and Control Board board of directors of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority.	

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•	(10) 'Employee insurance program' or 'EIP' means the office	
	of the board South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority	
	designated by the board to operate insurance programs pursuant	
	to this article."	
	SECTION Section 1-11-705(B) and (G) of the 1976 Code,	
	as added by Act 195 of 2008, is amended to read:	
	"(B) The board is the trustee of the SCRHI Trust Fund and the	
	State Treasurer is the custodian of the funds of the SCRHI Trust	
	Fund."	
	"(G)(1) The funds of the SCRHI Trust Fund must be	
	invested and reinvested by the State Treasurer board in the	
	manner allowed by law. The State Treasurer board shall consult	
	with the employee insurance program and the employee	
	insurance program's actuary to develop an annual investment	
	plan for the SCRHI Trust Fund taking into account the cash flow	
	needs of the employee insurance program with regard to	
	payment of the employer share of premiums and claims for	
	covered retirees.	
	(2) Effective beginning with the first fiscal year after the	
	ratification of an amendment to Section 16, Article X of the	
	Constitution of this State allowing funds in post-employment	
	benefits trust funds to be invested in equity securities, the	
	Retirement System Investment Commission (RSIC) established	
	pursuant to Chapter 16 of Title 9, board shall invest and reinvest	
	the funds of the SCRHI Trust Fund as assets of a retirement	
	system are invested. The chief investment officer shall consult	
	with the employee insurance program and the employee	
	insurance program's actuary to develop an annual investment	
	plan for the SCRHI Trust Fund taking into account the cash flow	
	needs of the employee insurance program with regard to	
	payment of the employer share of premiums and claims for	
	covered retirees. After the initial fiscal year the RSIC board	
	assumes this investing function, the annual investment plan for the SCRHI Trust Fund must be approved by the commission	
	board no later than June first of each year for the fiscal year	
	beginning July first of the same calendar year."	
	degining vary first of the same calondar year.	
	SECTION Section 1-11-707(B) and (G)(1) and (2), as	
	added by Act 195 of 2008, of the 1976 Code is amended to read:	
	"(B) The board is the trustee of the LTDI Trust Fund and the	

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	State Treasurer is the custodian of the funds of the LTDI Trust	
	Fund."	
	"(G)(1) The funds of the LTDI Trust Fund must be invested	
	and reinvested by the State Treasurer board in the manner	
	allowed by law. The State Treasurer board shall consult with	
	the employee insurance program and the employee insurance	
	program's actuary to develop an annual investment plan for the	
	LTDI Trust Fund taking into account the cash flow needs of the	
	employee insurance program with regard to payment of the	
	employer share of premiums and claims for covered retirees.	
	(2) Effective beginning with the first fiscal year after the	
	ratification of an amendment to Section 16, Article X of the	
	Constitution of this State allowing funds in post-employment	
	benefits trust funds to be invested in equity securities, the Retirement System Investment Commission (RSIC) established	
	pursuant to Chapter 16 of Title 9, board shall invest and reinvest	
	the funds of the LTDI Trust Fund as assets of a retirement	
	system are invested. The chief investment officer shall consult	
	with the employee insurance program and the employee	
	insurance program's actuary to develop an annual investment	
	plan for the LTDI Trust Fund taking into account the cash flow	
	needs of the employee insurance program with regard to	
	payment of the employer share of premiums and claims for	
	covered retirees. After the initial fiscal year the RSIC board	
	assumes this investing function, the annual investment plan for	
	the LTDI Trust Fund must be approved by the commission	
	board no later than June first of each year for the fiscal year	
	beginning July first of the same calendar year."	
	SECTION Section 1-11-710(A) of the 1976 Code, as last	
	amended by Act 195 of 2008, before the first item, is amended	
	to read:	
	"(A) The State Budget and Control Board board shall:"	
	GEOTION G	
	SECTION Section 1-11-720(B) of the 1976 Code is	
	amended to read:	
	((D) To be all alberta montioners in the state health at 1.1 (1.1	
	"(B) To be eligible to participate in the state health and dental	
	insurance plans, the entities listed in subsection (A) shall comply	
	with the requirements established by the State Budget and	
	Control Board board, and the benefits provided must be the	
	same benefits provided to state and school district employees.	

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	These entities must agree to participate for a minimum of four	
	years and the board may adjust the premiums during the coverage period based on experience. An entity which	
	withdraws from participation may not subsequently rejoin	
	during the first four years after the withdrawal date."	
	SECTION Section 1-11-725 of the 1976 Code, as added by Act 195 of 2008, is amended to read:	
	by Act 173 of 2008, is afficiated to read.	
	"Section 1-11-725. The State Budget and Control Board's	
	board's experience rating of all local disabilities and special	
	needs providers pursuant to Section 1-11-720(A)(3) must be rated as a single group when rating all optional groups	
	participating in the state employee health insurance program."	
	SECTION Section 1-11-730(A)(2) of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act 195 of 2008, is amended to read:	
	last afficient by Act 195 of 2006, is afficient to feat.	
	"(2) A member of the General Assembly who leaves office or	
	retires with at least eight years' credited service in the General	
	Assembly Retirement System is eligible to participate in the state health and dental plans by paying the full premium as	
	determined by the State Budget and Control Board board."	
	CECTION C	
	SECTION Sections 1-11-740 and 1-11-750 of the 1976 Code are amended to read:	
	Code are amended to read.	
	"Section 1-11-740. The Division of Insurance Services of the	
	State Budget and Control Board board may develop an optional long-term care insurance program for active and retired	
	members of the various state retirement systems depending on	
	the availability of a qualified vendor. A program must require	
	members to pay the full insurance premium.	
	Section 1-11-750. The Budget and Control Board board shall	
	devise a method of withholding long-term care insurance	
	premiums offered under Section 1-11-740 for retirees if	
	sufficient enrollment is obtained to make the deductions feasible."	
	Tousiole.	
	SECTION Section 1-11-770(A) of the 1976 Code, before	
	the first item, is amended to read:	
	"(A) Subject to appropriations, the General Assembly	

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	authorizes the state Budget and Control Board board to plan,	
	develop, and implement a statewide South Carolina 211	
	Network, which must serve as the single point of coordination	
	for information and referral for health and human services. The	
	objectives for establishing the South Carolina 211 Network are	
	to:"	
	SECTION Sections 8-23-20 and 8-23-30 of the 1976	
	Code, as last amended by Act 305 of 2008, are amended to read:	
	"Section 8-23-20. A Deferred Compensation Commission is	
	established consisting of eight members including the director of	
	the South Carolina Retirement System, chief investment officer	
	of the State Retirement System Investment Commission, and the	
	executive director of the State Employees' Association, each of	
	whom serve ex officio, and five other public employees to be	
	appointed by the State Budget and Control Board, at least two of	
	whom must be state employees and one must be a retired public	
	employee. The appointed members shall serve for terms of three	
	years and until their successors are appointed and qualify. The	
	State Budget and Control Board shall designate the chairman.	
	The eommission board of directors of the South Carolina	
	<u>Public Employee Benefit Authority</u> shall establish such rules	
	and regulations as it deems necessary to implement and	
	administer the Deferred Compensation Program. The	
	eommission board shall make such administrative appointments	
	and contracts as are necessary to carry out the purpose and intent	
	of this chapter and in the administration of account assets. For	
	purposes of administering this program an individual account	
	shall be maintained in the name of each employee.	
	The eommission board shall select, through competitive	
	bidding and contracts, plans for purchase of fixed and variable	
	annuities, savings, mutual funds, insurance and such other	
	investments as the commission board may approve which are	
	not in conflict with the State Constitution and with the advice	
	and approval of the State Treasurer.	
	Costs of administration may be paid from the interest earnings	
	of the funds accrued as a result of deposits or as an assessment	
	against each account.	
	Section 8-23-30. The State or any political subdivision of the	
	State, by contract, may agree with an employee to defer, a	
	portion of his compensation in an amount as provided for in a	
	plan approved by the commission board of directors of the South	

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,	Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority and subsequently	
	with the consent of the employee may contract for purchase or	
	otherwise procure fixed or variable annuities, savings, mutual	
	funds, insurance, or such other investments as the commission	
	board may approve for the purpose of carrying out the objectives	
	of the program with the advice and approval of the State	
	Treasurer. The investments shall be underwritten and offered in	
	compliance with applicable federal and state laws and	
	regulations by persons who are authorized by the commission	
	board in accordance with the provisions of this chapter."	
	SECTION Section 8-23-70 of the 1976 Code is amended	
	to read:	
	"Section 8-23-70. The Deferred Compensation Program	
	established pursuant to this chapter shall be in addition to	
	retirement, pension or benefit systems established by the State,	
	federal government or political subdivision and no deferral of	
	income under the Deferred Compensation Program shall affect a	
	reduction of any retirement, pension, social security or other	
	benefit provided by law. Any sum deferred under the Deferred	
	Compensation Program shall not be subject to taxation until	
	distribution is actually made to the employee.	
	Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed to	
	prohibit counties, municipalities, school districts, and other	
	political subdivisions of the State and their employees from	
	participation in deferred compensation plans or programs	
	offered independently of the State Deferred Compensation	
	Commission board of directors of the South Carolina Public	
	Employee Benefit Authority by building and loan or savings and	
	loan associations, banks, trust companies and credit unions	
	chartered by the state or federal governments, and all such	
	political subdivisions shall be empowered with such contractual	
	authority as may be necessary or incident to such participation;	
	provided, however, that (a) such deferred compensation plans or	
	programs shall comply with applicable federal income tax law in providing income deferral, (b) all deferred amounts shall be held	
	in accounts, certificates of deposit or other forms of savings	
	vehicles which are insured by the Federal Savings and Loan	
	Insurance Corporation in the case of savings and loan	
	associations, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation in the	
	case of commercial banks, and the National Credit Union	
	Administration in the case of credit unions."	
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	SECTION Section 8-23-110 of the 1976 Code, as added	
	by Act 387 of 2000, is amended to read:	
	"Section 8-23-110. (A) The commission board of directors of	
	the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority shall	
	ensure that plan documents governing deferred compensation	
	plans administered by the eommission board permit employer	
	contributions to the extent allowed under the Internal Revenue	
	Code.	
	(B) Political subdivisions of the State, including school	
	districts, participating in deferred compensation plans	
	administered by the eommission board or such plans offered by	
	other providers may make matching or other contributions on	
	behalf of their participating employees.	
	(C) As an additional benefit for state employees, and to the extent funds are appropriated for this purpose, the State shall	
	make matching or other contributions on behalf of state	
	employees participating in the deferred compensation plans	
	offered by the eommission board or such plans offered by other	
	providers in an amount and under the terms and conditions	
	prescribed for such contributions by the State Budget and	
	Control Board board."	
	Control Board <u>board</u> .	
	SECTION Section 9-1-10(6) of the 1976 Code is amended	
	to read:	
	"(6) 'Board' means the State Budget and Control Board board	
	of directors of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit	
	Authority which shall act under the provisions of this chapter	
	through its Division of Retirement Systems."	
	SECTION Section 9-1-20 of the 1976 Code is amended to	
	read:	
	(G / 0.1.00 A / 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	
	"Section 9-1-20. A retirement system is hereby established	
	and placed under the management of the State Budget and	
	Control Board board for the purpose of providing retirement	
	allowances and other benefits for teachers and employees of the	
	State and political subdivisions or agencies or departments thereof. The System so created shall have the power and	
	privileges of a corporation and shall be known as the South	
	Carolina Retirement System, and by such name all of its	
	business shall be transacted, all of its funds invested and all of	
	its cash, securities and other property held."	
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	SECTION Section 9-1-210 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:	
	"Section 9-1-210. The general administration and responsibility for the proper operation of the System and for making effective the provisions hereof are hereby vested in the State Budget and Control Board board."	
	SECTION Section 9-1-310 of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act 155 of 2005, is amended to read:	
	"Section 9-1-310. The administrative cost of the South Carolina Retirement System, the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System, the Retirement System for Members of the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina, the Retirement System for Judges and Solicitors of the State of South Carolina, and the National Guard Retirement System must be funded from the interest earnings of the above systems. The allocation of the administrative costs of the systems must be made by the State Budget and Control Board board and must be based upon a proration of the cost in proportion to the assets that each system bears to the total assets of all of the systems for the most recently completed fiscal year."	
	SECTION Section 9-1-1310(A) and (C) of the 1976 Code, as last amended and as added, respectively, by Act 153 of 2005, is amended to read:	
	"(A) The board is the trustee of the retirement system as 'retirement system' is defined in Section 9-16-10(8) 9-4-310(8). The Retirement System Investment Commission board shall invest and reinvest the funds of the retirement system as 'retirement system' is defined in Section 9-16-10(8) 9-4-310(8), subject to all the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions imposed by Section 16, Article X of the South Carolina Constitution, subsection (B) of this section, and Chapter 16 of this title.	
	(C) The funds and assets of the various state retirement systems are not funds of the State, but are instead held in trust as provided in Section 9-16-20 9-4-320."	
	SECTION Section 9-1-1320 of the 1976 Code is amended	

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	to read: "Section 9-1-1320. The State Treasurer board shall be the custodian of the funds of the System. All payments from such funds shall be made by him only upon vouchers signed by two persons designated by the Board board."	
	SECTION Section 9-1-1340 of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act 264 of 2006, is amended to read: "Section 9-1-1340. Except as otherwise provided in this	
	chapter or in Chapters 8, 9, 10, and 11 of this title, no member of or person employed by the Retirement System Investment Commission board shall have any direct interest in the gains or profits of any investment made by the commission board. No commission board member or employee of the commission board shall, directly or indirectly, for himself or as an agent in any manner use the funds of the commission board except to make such current and necessary payments as are authorized by the board or commission. Nor shall any member or employee of the commission board become an endorser or surety or in any manner an obligor for monies loaned or borrowed from the commission board."	
	SECTION Section 9-1-1515(D)(2) of the 1976 Code is amended to read: "(2) A member taking early retirement may maintain coverage under the State Insurance Benefits Plan until the date his coverage is reinstated pursuant to item (1) of this subsection by paying the total premium cost, including the employer's contribution, in the manner provided by the Division of Insurance Services of the State Budget and Control Board board."	
	SECTION Section 9-1-1830 of the 1976 Code, as last amended by 309 of 1986, is amended to read: "Section 9-1-1830. Starting July 1, 1981, there must be paid to the System, and credited to the post-retirement increase special fund, contributions by the employers in an amount equal to two-tenths of one percent of the earnable compensation of each member employed by each employer. In addition, the State Budget and Control Board board shall, on the recommendation	

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	of the actuary, transfer a portion of the monies as are received	
	pursuant to Section 9-1-1050 that are available due to actuarial	
	gains in the System if the transfers do not adversely affect the	
	funding status of the System. Starting July 1, 1986, all	
	contributions previously credited to the post-retirement increase	
	special fund must be diverted and credited to the employer	
	annuity accumulation fund."	
	SECTION Sections 9-2-20 and 9-2-30 of the 1976 Code	
	are amended to read:	
	"C	
	"Section 9-2-20. (a) The board shall consist of eight	
	members appointed by the State Budget and Control Board	
	board of directors of the South Carolina Public Employee Panefit Authority and must be constituted as follows:	
	Benefit Authority and must be constituted as follows: (1) one member representing municipal amployees:	
	(1) one member representing municipal employees;(2) one member representing county employees;	
	(3) three members representing state employees, one of	
	whom must be retired and one of whom must be an active or	
	retired law enforcement officer who is contributing to or	
	receiving benefits from the Police Officers Retirement System.	
	If this law enforcement member is retired, the other two	
	members representing state employees do not have to be retired;	
	(4) two members representing public school teachers, one	
	of whom must be retired;	
	(5) one member representing the higher education	
	teachers. The Budget and Control Board board of directors shall	
	invite the appropriate associations, groups, and individuals to	
	recommend persons to serve on the board.	
	(b) The terms of the members shall be for four years and	
	until their successors have been appointed and qualify. No	
	member shall serve more than two consecutive terms. After	
	serving two consecutive terms a member shall be eligible to	
	serve again four years after the expiration of his second term.	
	Provided, that of those first appointed four of the members shall serve for a term of two years. In the event of a vacancy, a	
	successor shall be appointed in the same manner as the original	
	appointment to serve the unexpired term.	
	(c) A chairman, vice chairman and secretary shall be elected	
	from among the membership to serve for terms of two years.	
	Section 9-2-30. The board shall meet once a year with the	
	Director of the South Carolina Retirement System; once a year	
	with the State Personnel Director; and once a year with the	
	with the State Personner Director, and once a year with the	

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	State Budget and Control Board the executive director of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority. The chairman may call additional meetings of the board at such other times as deemed necessary and shall give timely notice of such meetings."	
	SECTION Section 9-8-10(3) of the 1976 Code is amended to read:	
	"(3) 'Board' means the State Budget and Control Board board of directors of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority."	
	SECTION Section 9-8-30(1) of the 1976 Code is amended to read:	
	"(1) The administration and responsibility for the operation of the System and for making effective the provisions of this chapter are vested in the State Budget and Control Board board."	
	SECTION The last undesignated paragraph of Section 9-8-60(1) of the 1976 Code, as added by Act 164 of 1993, is amended to read:	
	"A person receiving retirement allowances under this system who is elected to the General Assembly continues to receive the retirement allowances while serving in the General Assembly and must also be a member of the General Assembly Retirement System unless the person files a statement with the State Budget and Control Board board on a form prescribed by the board electing not to participate in the General Assembly Retirement System while a member of the General Assembly. A person making this election shall not make contributions to the General	
	Assembly Retirement System nor shall the State make contributions on the member's behalf and the person is not entitled to benefits from the General Assembly Retirement System after ceasing to be a member of the General Assembly."	
	SECTION Section 9-8-170 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:	
	"Section 9-8-170. (1) The <u>State Treasurer</u> <u>board</u> shall be the custodian of the funds of the System. All payments from such funds shall be made by him only upon vouchers signed by two	

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	persons designated by the Board board. No voucher shall be	
	drawn unless it has previously been authorized by resolution of the Board board.	
	(2) For the purpose of meeting disbursements for retirement	
	allowances and other payments, there may be kept available	
	cash, not exceeding ten percent of the total funds of the System,	
	on deposit with the State Treasurer board."	
	SECTION Section 9-9-10(3) of the 1976 Code is amended	
	to read:	
	"(3) 'Board' shall mean the State Budget and Control Board	
	board of directors of the South Carolina Public Employee	
	Benefit Authority."	
	SECTION Section 9-9-30(1) of the 1976 Code is amended	
	to read:	
	"(1) The general administration and responsibility for the	
	proper operation of the System and for making effective the	
	provisions hereof are hereby vested in the State Budget and	
	Control Board board."	
	SECTION Section 9-9-160 of the 1976 Code is amended	
	to read:	
	"Section 9-9-160. (1) The State Treasurer board shall be the	
	custodian of the funds of the System. All payments from such	
	funds shall be made by him only upon vouchers signed by two	
	persons designated by the Board board. No voucher shall be drawn unless it has previously been authorized by resolution of	
	the Board board.	
	(2) For the purpose of meeting disbursements for	
	retirement allowances and other payments, there may be kept	
	available cash, not exceeding ten percent of the total funds of the System, on deposit with the State Treasurer board."	
	SECTION Section 9-10-10(1) of the 1976 Code, as added	
	by Act 155 of 2006, is amended to read:	
	"(1) 'Board' or 'board' means the State Budget and Control	
	Board board of directors of the South Carolina Public Employee	
	Benefit Authority, acting pursuant to the provisions of this chapter through its Division of Retirement Systems."	
	chapter amough its Division of Actionical Systems.	

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	SECTION Section 9-10-60(D) of the 1976 Code, as added by Act 155 of 2005, is amended to read:	
	"(D) The General Assembly annually shall appropriate sums sufficient to establish and maintain the National Guard Retirement System on a sound actuarial basis as determined by the State Budget and Control Board board."	
	SECTION Section 9-10-80 of the 1976 Code, as added by Act 155 of 2005, is amended to read:	
	"Section 9-10-80. (A) The State Treasurer board is the custodian of the funds of the National Guard Retirement System. All payments from the funds must be made by him only upon vouchers signed by two persons designated by the board. No voucher may be drawn unless it has previously been authorized by resolution of the board. (B) For the purpose of meeting disbursements for retirement allowances and other payments, there may be kept available cash, not exceeding ten percent of the total funds of the National Guard Retirement System, on deposit with the State Treasurer board."	
	SECTION Section 9-11-10(9) of the 1976 Code is amended to read:	
	"(9) 'Board' means the State Budget and Control Board board of directors of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority acting through its Division of Retirement Systems." SECTION Section 9-11-30(1) of the 1976 Code is	
	"(1) The general administration and responsibility for the proper operation of the System and for making effective the provisions hereof are hereby vested in the State Budget and Control Board board."	
	SECTION Section 9-11-75 of the 1976 Code, as added by Act 424 of 1988, is amended to read:	
	"The State Budget and Control Board board shall adjust the employer contribution paid by employers under the South	

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	Carolina Police Officers Retirement System in an amount	
	sufficient to offset the actuarial cost of the provisions of	
	Sections 9-11-60 and 9-11-70, not to exceed three percent of	
	payroll. If the employer contribution adjustment provided in	
	this section is insufficient to offset the actuarial cost of the	
	provisions of Sections 9-11-60, 9-11-70, 9-11-210, and	
	9-11-300, the board shall adjust employee contributions of the	
	members of the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement	
	System in an amount sufficient to offset the additional actuarial	
	cost. If the contribution rates as set pursuant to Sections	
	9-11-60, 9-11-70, 9-11-210, and 9-11-300 exceed the actuarial	
	cost of the provisions of Sections 9-11-60, 9-11-70, 9-11-120,	
	and 9-11-300, the board shall decrease the contribution rate for	
	both employers and employees on a proportional basis."	
	SECTION Section 9-11-250 of the 1976 Code is amended	
	to read:	
	"Sociar 0 11 250 (1) The State Transcripe heard shall be the	
	"Section 9-11-250. (1) The State Treasurer board shall be the	
	custodian of the funds of the System. All payments from such	
	funds shall be made by him only upon vouchers signed by two	
	persons designated by the Board <u>board</u> . No voucher shall be drawn unless it has previously been authorized by resolution of	
	the Board board.	
	(2) For the purpose of meeting disbursements for	
	retirement allowances and other payments, there may be kept	
	available cash, not exceeding ten percent of the total funds of the	
	System, on deposit with the State Treasurer board."	
	System, on deposit with the state frounds of the	
	SECTION Section 9-12-10(1) of the 1976 Code, as added	
	by Act 311 of 2008, is amended to read:	
	"(1) 'Board' means the State Budget and Control Board board	
	of directors of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit	
	Authority acting as trustee of the retirement systems and acting	
	through its Division of Retirement Systems."	
	SECTION Section 9-18-10(3) of the 1976 Code, as added	
	by Act 38 of 1995, is amended to read:	
	"(3) 'Board' means the State Budget and Control Board board	
	of directors of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit	
	Authority."	
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	SECTION Section 9-20-30 of the 1976 Code, as last	
	amended by Act 54 of 2001, before the first item, is further	
	amended to read:	
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	"Section 9-20-30. The South Carolina Retirement System	
	shall provide for the administration of the State Optional Retirement Program under this chapter. The director acting on	
	behalf of the South Carolina Retirement System acting on behalf	
	of the board of directors of the South Carolina Public Employee	
	Authority shall designate no fewer than four companies entities	
	to provide annuity contracts, mutual fund accounts, or similar	
	investment products offered through state or national banking	
	institutions, or a combination of them, under the program. In	
	making the designation, selection criteria must include:"	
	SECTION Services 0.21.20/2\ -f-tl107/. Cl	
	SECTION Section 9-21-20(2) of the 1976 Code, as added by Act 12 of 2003, is amended to read:	
	by Act 12 of 2003, is afficilted to feat.	
	"(2) 'Board' means the State Budget and Control Board board	
	of directors of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit	
	Authority."	
	SECTION Section 59-1-470 of the 1976 Code is amended	
	to read:	
	"Section 59-1-470. Funds appropriated by the General	
	Assembly for a deferred compensation employer matching	
	contribution must be distributed by the State Department of	
	Education to school districts for the purpose of providing an	
	employer matching contribution for eligible school district	
	employees making contributions to deferred compensation plans	
	offered by the South Carolina Deferred Compensation	
	Commission Public Employee Benefit Authority or other	
	approved and qualified plans of other providers. These funds must be distributed in a manner consistent with the provisions of	
	Section 8-23-110. The employer matching contribution by the	
	school district may not exceed three hundred dollars for each	
	eligible employee a year. Individuals eligible for the matching	
	contribution must be classified as required in Section 9-20-20,	
	the Optional Retirement Program for Teachers and School	
	Administrators."	
	SECTION This subpart takes effect July 1, 2012.	

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	Subpart 3	
	Transfer and Dissolution	
	SECTION Effective July 1, 2012, the Retirement System	
	Investment Commission, the State Retirement Systems	
	Investment Panel, and the Deferred Compensation Commission	
	an abolished. All of the functions and duties of the Retirement System Investment Commission, the State Retirement Systems	
	Investment Panel, and the Deferred Compensation Commission	
	are devolved upon the board of directors of the South Carolina	
	Public Employee Benefit Authority.	
	- Electronic Denotes Community	
	SECTION All functions, powers, duties, responsibilities,	
	and authority vested in the transferred portions of the Budget	
	and Control Board, the Retirement System Investment	
	Commission, and the Deferred Compensation Commission to	
	the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority prior to	
	the effective date of this act that are not otherwise specifically	
	accounted for in this act are devolved upon the South Carolina	
	Public Employee Benefit Authority.	
	SECTION (A) Where the provisions of this act transfers	
	SECTION (A) Where the provisions of this act transfers portions of the Budget and Control Board and the Retirement	
	System Investment Commission to the South Carolina Public	
	Employee Benefit Authority, the employees, authorized	
	appropriations, and assets and liabilities of the transferred	
	portions of the Budget and Control Board and the Retirement	
	System Investment Commission are also transferred to and	
	become part of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit	
	Authority. All classified or unclassified personnel employed by	
	the transferred portions of the Budget and Control Board and the	
	Retirement System Investment Commission on the effective date	
	of this act, either by contract or by employment at will, shall	
	become employees of the South Carolina Public Employee	
	Benefit Authority, with the same compensation, classification,	
	and grade level, as applicable. The Budget and Control Board	
	shall cause all necessary actions to be taken to accomplish this transfer in accordance with state laws and regulations. Upon	
	enactment of this act, the board may choose the director of the	
	employee insurance division, the retirement systems division, or	
	the investment division to act as executive director until a	
	permanent executive director is employed.	
	(B) Regulations promulgated by the transferred portions of	

H. 3066, As Amended By Senate	Senators Davis, Rose, and Massey's Amendment	Notes
	the Budget and Control Board and the Retirement System	
	Investment Commission are continued and are considered to be	
	promulgated by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit	
	Authority. Contracts entered into by the Budget and Control	
	Board, the Retirement System Investment Commission, and the	
	Deferred Compensation Commission are continued and are	
	considered to be devolved upon the South Carolina Public	
	Employee Benefit Authority. Contracts of the Retirement	
	System Investment Commission referencing Chapter 16, Title 9	
	are deemed to be references to Article 3, Chapter 4, Title 9.	
	(C) The Code Commissioner is directed to change or correct	
	all references to the Employee Insurance Program, the	
	Retirement Division, the Retirement System Investment	
	Commission, and the Deferred Compensation Commission to	
	reflect its transfer to the South Carolina Public Employee	
	Benefit Authority. References to the name of the Employee	
	Insurance Program, the Retirement Division, the Retirement	
	System Investment Commission, and the Deferred	
	Compensation Commission in the 1976 Code or other provisions	
	of law are considered to be and must be construed to mean	
	appropriate references.	
	SECTION Effective July 1, 2012, Chapter 16, Title 9 of	
	the 1976 Code is repealed.	
	Subpart 4	
	Effective Date of this Part	
	SECTION Except where otherwise provided, this Part	
	takes effect upon approval by the Governor.	
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SECTION 46. (A) All functions, powers, duties,	SECTION (A) All functions, powers, duties,	
responsibilities, and authority vested in the Budget and Control	responsibilities, and authority vested in the Budget and Control	
Board prior to the effective date of this act that is not otherwise	Board, including board officials and board programs, prior to the	
specifically accounted for in this act is devolved upon the State	effective date of this act that are not otherwise specifically	
Financial Affairs Authority along with funding, staff, facilities,	accounted for in this act are devolved upon the Department of	
and other items necessary to carry out the devolved functions,	Administration along with funding, staff, facilities, and other	
powers, duties, responsibilities or authority. The code	items necessary to carry out the devolved functions, powers,	
commissioner is directed to make appropriate changes in the	duties, responsibilities or authority. The code commissioner is	
South Carolina Code to reflect this devolution.	directed to make appropriate changes in the South Carolina	
(B)There is devolved upon the State Financial Affairs	Code to reflect this devolution.	
Authority all functions, powers, duties, responsibilities, and	(B) Unless otherwise specifically accounted for in this act,	

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authority vested in the Budget and Control Board prior to the	there is devolved upon the Department of Administration all	
effective date of this act related to the issuance of bonds and	functions, powers, duties, responsibilities, and authority vested	
bonding authority, generally found in Title 11 of the 1976 Code	in the Budget and Control Board prior to the effective date of	
but also contained in certain other provisions of South Carolina	this act related to the issuance of bonds and bonding authority,	
law. The code commissioner is directed to make appropriate	generally found in Title 11 of the 1976 Code but also contained	
changes in the South Carolina Code to reflect this devolution.	in certain other provisions of South Carolina law. The code	
	commissioner is directed to make appropriate conforming	
	changes in the South Carolina Code to reflect this devolution.	
	(C) All functions, powers, duties, responsibilities, and	
	authority vested in the Budget and Control Board prior to the	
	effective date of this act relating to the Employee Insurance	
	Program and the Retirement Division that are not otherwise	
	specifically accounted for in this act are devolved upon the	
	Public Employee Benefits Agency along with funding, staff,	
	facilities, and other items necessary to carry out the devolved	
	functions, powers, duties, responsibilities, or authority. The	
	code commissioner is directed to make appropriate conforming	
	changes in the South Carolina Code to reflect this devolution.	
	(D) All functions, powers, duties, responsibilities, and	
	authority related to the preparation of estimated revenue impact	
	statements, fiscal impact statements, financial impact statements,	
	or other similar impact statements required by law to be	
	produced in conjunction with certain legislation that are vested	
	in the Board of Economic Advisors, the State Budget Division	
	of the State Budget and Control Board, the Division of Research	
	and Statistical Services, the Office of State Budget, or any other	
	agency, division, office, board, or other instrumentality of state	
	government that are not otherwise specifically accounted for in	
	this act are devolved upon the Legislative Fiscal Office along	
	with funding, staff, facilities, and other items necessary to carry	
	out the devolved functions, powers, duties, responsibilities, or	
	authority. The code commission is directed to make appropriate	
	conforming changes in the South Carolina Code to reflect this	
	devolution.	
	SECTION The State Budget and Control Board, as	
	constituted in Chapter 11, Title 1 of the 1976 Code, is abolished	
	(1) upon the completion of the Executive Director of the Budget	
	and Control Board completing all necessary actions to	
	accomplish the transfers of functions, powers, duties,	
	responsibilities, and authority in accordance with this act, state	
	laws, and regulations, (2) after the Memorandum of Agreement	
	required by SECTION 4 of this act is executed, and (3) upon the	
	transfer of the Employee Insurance Program and the Retirement	

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-	Division to the Public Employee Benefit Agency. If the	
	execution of the Memorandum of Agreement becomes the sole	
	necessary action precluding the abolition of the Budget and	
	Control Board, then the Division of General Services shall	
	immediately be transferred to the Department of Administration.	
	The employees, authorized appropriations, and assets and	
	liabilities of the transferred offices are also transferred to and	
	become part of the agency, department, or institution to which	
	the transfer was made. All classified or unclassified personnel	
	employed by these offices on the effective date of this act, either	
	by contract or by employment at will, shall become employees	
	of the agency, department or institution to which the transfer	
	was made, with the same compensation, classification, and grade	
	level, as applicable.	
SECTION 47. A. The following section of the South	B.Section 1-11-495 of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act	
Carolina Code are repealed: 1-11-130, 1-11-135, 1-11-140,	152 of 2010, is repealed.	
1-11-141, 1-11-145, 1-11-147, 1-11-175, 1-11-360, 1-11-370,		
1-11-395, 1-11-400, 1-11-405, 1-11-440, 1-11-460, 1-11-470,	SECTION Effective July 1, 2012, Chapter 16, Title 9 of	
1-11-495, and 1-11-497.	the 1976 Code is repealed.	
B. Article 3, Chapter 11 of Title 1 is repealed.	SECTION Section 11-35-4410 and Section 11-35-4420 of	
	the 1976 Code are repealed.	
	SECTION Chapter 7 of Title 11 is repealed.	
REPEALED	C. Section 1-11-440 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:	
KEI EALED	C. Section 1-11-440 of the 1970 Code is amended to read.	
	"Section 1-11-440. (A) The State must defend the members	
	of the State Budget and Control Board director of the	
	Department of Administration against a claim or suit that arises	
	out of or by virtue of their his performance of official duties on	
	behalf of the board department and must indemnify these	
	members him for a loss or judgment incurred by them him as a	
	result of the claim or suit, without regard to whether the claim or	
	suit is brought against them in their him in his individual or	
	official eapacities capacity, or both. The State must defend	
	officers and management employees of the board and legislative	
	employees performing duties for board members department	
	against a claim or suit that arises out of or by virtue of the	
	performance of official duties unless the officer, management	
	employee, or legislative employee was acting in bad faith and	
	must indemnify these officers, management employees, and	
	legislative employees for a loss or judgment incurred by them as	
	a result of such claim or suit, without regard to whether the	

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	claim or suit is brought against them in their individual or	
	official capacities, or both. This commitment to defend and	
	indemnify extends to members, officers, the director and	
	management employees, and legislative employees after they	
	have left their employment with the board or General Assembly,	
	as applicable, department if the claim or suit arises out of or by	
	virtue of their performance of official duties on behalf of the	
	board department.	
	(B) The State must defend the members of the Retirement	
	Systems Investment Panel established pursuant to Section 16,	
	Article X of the Constitution of this State and Section 9-16-310	
	against a claim or suit that arises out of or by virtue of their	
	performance of official duties on behalf of the panel and must	
	indemnify these members for a loss or judgment incurred by	
	them as a result of the claim or suit, without regard to whether	
	the claim or suit is brought against them in their individual or	
	official capacities, or both. This commitment to defend and	
	indemnify extends to members of the panel after they have left	
	their service with the panel if the claim or suit arises out of or by	
	virtue of their performance of official duties on behalf of the	
	panel."	
NO COMPARABLE SECTION	"Section 1-11-30. The Director of the Department of	
	Administration shall make monthly reports concerning large	
	procurements to the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee	
	and the Chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee.	
	For the purposes of this section, 'large procurement' shall mean	
	a contract newly executed by a state department, agency, or	
	institution pursuant to the provisions contained in the South	
	Carolina Consolidated Procurement Code the value of which is	
	equal to or greater than one million dollars."	
SECTION 48. Unless otherwise provided, this act takes effect	SECTION Unless otherwise provided, this act takes	
July 1, 2011. The General Assembly shall undertake a joint	effect July 1, 2012. The General Assembly shall undertake a	
oversight review investigation of the Department of	joint oversight review investigation of the Department of	
Administration during the department's fifth year of operation.	Administration during the department's fifth year of operation.	