**South Carolina General Assembly**

124th Session, 2021-2022

**S. 375**

**STATUS INFORMATION**

General Bill

Sponsors: Senator Talley

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Introduced in the Senate on January 12, 2021

Currently residing in the Senate Committee on **Judiciary**

Summary: Ethics investigations and hearings

**HISTORY OF LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS**

Date Body Action Description with journal page number

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12/9/2020 Senate Referred to Committee on **Judiciary**

1/12/2021 Senate Introduced and read first time ([Senate Journal‑page 290](file:///h:\sj\20210112.docx))

1/12/2021 Senate Referred to Committee on **Judiciary** ([Senate Journal‑page 290](file:///h:\sj\20210112.docx))

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**VERSIONS OF THIS BILL**

[12/9/2020](file:///p:\pprever\2021-22\375_20201209.docx)

**A** **BILL**

TO AMEND SECTION 8‑13‑540(D) OF THE 1976 CODE, RELATING TO ETHICS INVESTIGATIONS AND HEARINGS, TO REVISE THE ETHICS COMMITTEE’S POSSIBLE ACTIONS AFTER REVIEWING THE STATE ETHICS COMMISSION’S RECOMMENDATIONS AND RELEVANT EVIDENCE.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

SECTION 1. Section 8‑13‑540(D) of the 1976 Code is amended to read:

“(D)(1) Upon receipt of the commission’s report, the appropriate ethics committee, ~~may concur or nonconcur with the commission’s recommendation, or~~ within forty‑five days from the committee’s receipt of the report, may request the commission to continue the investigation in order to review information previously received or consider additional matters not considered by the commission.

(2) ~~If, after reviewing the commission’s recommendation and relevant evidence, the ethics committee determines that there is not competent and substantial evidence a violation of this chapter or of Chapter 17, Title 2 has occurred, the committee shall dismiss the complaint and send a written decision to the respondent and the complainant. The notice of dismissal must be made public if the commission made a recommendation that probable cause existed.~~

~~(3)~~ If, after reviewing the commission’s recommendation and relevant evidence, the ethics committee determines that the respondent has committed only a technical violation pursuant to Section 8‑13‑1170 or 8‑13‑1372, the provisions of the appropriate section apply.

~~(4)~~(3)(a) ~~If, after~~ After reviewing the commission’s recommendation and relevant evidence, the ethics committee, ~~determines that there is competent and substantial evidence that a violation of this chapter or of Chapter 17, Title 2 has occurred, except for a technical violation of Section 8‑13‑1170 or 8‑13‑1372, the committee shall~~ except as otherwise provided in item (2) of this subsection, ~~as appropriate~~ shall:

~~(a)~~(i) render an advisory opinion to the respondent and require the respondent’s compliance within a reasonable time; ~~or~~

~~(b)~~(ii) concur with the commission’s findings of no probable cause and dismissal of the complaint; or

(iii) convene a formal public hearing on the matter.

(b) The ethics committee may obtain its own information~~,~~ or request additional investigation by the State Ethics Commission~~,~~ if it needs additional information to make a determination ~~as to whether or not competent and substantial evidence of~~ that a violation exists. An advisory opinion to the respondent pursuant to subitem (a) must be made public.

~~(5)~~(4) If the ethics committee convenes a formal public hearing:

(a) the investigator or attorney handling the investigation for the State Ethics Commission shall present the evidence related to the complaint to the appropriate ethics committee;

(b) it is the duty of the investigator or attorney to further investigate the subject of the complaint and any related matters under the jurisdiction and at the direction of the ethics committee, to request assistance from appropriate state agencies as needed, to request authorization from the committee for funds for the hiring of auditors, investigators, or other assistance as necessary, to prepare subpoenas, and to present evidence to the committee at ~~any~~ a public hearing. The appropriate committee shall maintain the authority to approve subpoenas, authorize expenditures, dismiss complaints, schedule hearings, grant continuances, and any other authority as provided for by their rules;

(c) the respondent must be allowed to examine and make copies of all evidence in the ethics committee’s possession relating to the charges. At the hearing the respondent must be afforded appropriate due process protections, including the right to be represented by counsel, the right to call and examine witnesses, the right to introduce exhibits, and the right to cross‑examine opposing witnesses;

(d) all hearings must be open to the public.

~~(6)~~(5)(a) After the formal public hearing, the ethics committee shall determine its findings of fact and issue its final order.

(b) If the ethics committee, based on competent and substantial evidence, finds the respondent has not violated this chapter or Chapter 17, Title 2, the committee shall dismiss the complaint and send a written decision to the respondent and the complainant.

(c) If the ethics committee, based on competent and substantial evidence, finds the respondent has violated this chapter or Chapter 17, Title 2, the committee shall:

(i) administer a public reprimand;

(ii) determine that a technical violation as provided for in Section 8‑13‑1170 or 8‑13‑1372 has occurred;

(iii) require the respondent to pay a civil penalty not to exceed two thousand dollars for each nontechnical violation that is unrelated to the late filing of a required statement or report or failure to file a required statement or report;

(iv) require the forfeiture of gifts, receipts, or profits, or the value of each~~,~~ obtained in violation of Chapter 13, Title 8 or Chapter 17, Title 2;

(v) recommend expulsion of the member;

(vi) provide a copy of the complaint and accompanying materials to the Attorney General if the committee finds that there is probable cause to believe the respondent wilfully violated a section of this chapter or Chapter 17, Title 2 that imposes a criminal penalty; or

(vii) require a combination of subitems (i) through (vi) as necessary and appropriate.

(d) The ethics committee shall report its findings in writing to the Speaker of the House of Representatives or President Pro Tempore of the Senate, as appropriate. The report must be accompanied by an order of punishment or dismissal and supported and signed by a majority of the ethics committee members.

(e) Upon the issuance of the final order, the following documents become public record: exhibits introduced at the hearing, the committee’s findings, and the final order. Exhibits introduced must be redacted prior to release to exclude personal information where the public disclosure would constitute an unreasonable invasion of personal privacy. In addition, any documents in the commission’s report that substantiate the commission’s recommendation of probable cause that would constitute a public document and are not exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act or other state or federal law also shall become public record. These documents must be redacted, as appropriate, in compliance with state or federal law.”

SECTION 2. The provisions of this act are effective as of July 1, 2021 and apply to complaints filed on or after July 1, 2021.

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